1	AN ACT			
2	relating to the nonsubstantive revision of certain laws concerning			
3	community supervision granted in criminal cases, including			
4	conforming amendments.			
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:			
6	ARTICLE 1. NONSUBSTANTIVE REVISION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION LAWS			
7	SECTION 1.01. Title 1, Code of Criminal Procedure, is			
8	amended by adding Chapter 42A to read as follows:			
9	CHAPTER 42A. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION			
10	SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS			
11	Art. 42A.001. DEFINITIONS			
12	SUBCHAPTER B. PLACEMENT ON COMMUNITY SUPERVISION			
13	Art. 42A.051. AUTHORITY TO GRANT COMMUNITY			
14	SUPERVISION, IMPOSE OR MODIFY			
15	CONDITIONS, OR DISCHARGE DEFENDANT			
16	Art. 42A.052. MODIFICATION OF CONDITIONS BY			
17	SUPERVISION OFFICER OR MAGISTRATE			
18	Art. 42A.053. JUDGE-ORDERED COMMUNITY SUPERVISION			
19	Art. 42A.054. LIMITATION ON JUDGE-ORDERED COMMUNITY			
20	SUPERVISION			
21	Art. 42A.055. JURY-RECOMMENDED COMMUNITY SUPERVISION			
22	Art. 42A.056. LIMITATION ON JURY-RECOMMENDED COMMUNITY			
23	SUPERVISION			

1	Art. 42A.057.	MINIMUM PERIOD OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR
2		CERTAIN BURGLARIES OF VEHICLES
3	SUBCHAPTEF	R C. DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
4	Art. 42A.101.	PLACEMENT ON DEFERRED ADJUDICATION
5		COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
6	Art. 42A.102.	ELIGIBILITY FOR DEFERRED ADJUDICATION
7		COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
8	Art. 42A.103.	PERIOD OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION
9		COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
10	Art. 42A.104.	CONDITIONS OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION
11		COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; IMPOSITION OF
12		FINE
13	Art. 42A.105.	AFFIRMATIVE FINDINGS
14	Art. 42A.106.	RECORD NOT CONFIDENTIAL; RIGHT TO
15		PETITION FOR ORDER OF NONDISCLOSURE
16	Art. 42A.107.	REQUEST FOR FINAL ADJUDICATION
17	Art. 42A.108.	VIOLATION OF CONDITION OF DEFERRED
18		ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION;
19		HEARING
20	Art. 42A.109.	DUE DILIGENCE DEFENSE
21	Art. 42A.110.	PROCEEDINGS AFTER ADJUDICATION
22	Art. 42A.111.	DISMISSAL AND DISCHARGE
23	SUBCHAPTER D.	JURISDICTION OVER CASE; GEOGRAPHICAL JURISDICTION
24	Art. 42A.151.	TRANSFER OF JURISDICTION
25	Art. 42A.152.	ISSUANCE OF WARRANT BY COURT HAVING
26		GEOGRAPHICAL JURISDICTION
27	Art. 42A.153.	CHANGE OF RESIDENCE WITHIN THE STATE

1	Art.	42A.154.	LEAVING THE STATE
2		SUBCHAPI	ER E. PARTIAL EXECUTION OF SENTENCE; CONTINUING
3			JURISDICTION
4	Art.	42A.201.	CONTINUING JURISDICTION IN MISDEMEANOR
5			CASES
6	Art.	42A.202.	CONTINUING JURISDICTION IN FELONY CASES
7	Art.	42A.203.	AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND EXECUTION OF SENTENCE
8			IN FELONY CASES
9	Art.	42A.204.	PARTIAL EXECUTION OF SENTENCE: FIREARM
10			USED OR EXHIBITED
11	SUBC	HAPTER F.	PRESENTENCE AND POSTSENTENCE REPORTS AND EVALUATIONS
12	Art.	42A.251.	DEFINITIONS
13	Art.	42A.252.	PRESENTENCE REPORT REQUIRED
14	Art.	42A.253.	CONTENTS OF PRESENTENCE REPORT
15	Art.	42A.254.	INSPECTION BY JUDGE; DISCLOSURE OF
16			CONTENTS
17	Art.	42A.255.	INSPECTION AND COMMENT BY DEFENDANT;
18			ACCESS TO INFORMATION BY STATE
19	Art.	42A.256.	RELEASE OF INFORMATION TO SUPERVISION
20			OFFICER; CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORT
21	Art.	42A.257.	EVALUATION FOR PURPOSES OF ALCOHOL OR
22			DRUG REHABILITATION
23	Art.	42A.258.	EVALUATION FOR PURPOSES OF SEX OFFENDER
24			TREATMENT, SPECIALIZED SUPERVISION, OR
25			REHABILITATION
26	Art.	42A.259.	POSTSENTENCE REPORT

SUBCHAPTER G. DISCRETIONARY CONDITIONS GENERALLY 1 2 Art. 42A.301. BASIC DISCRETIONARY CONDITIONS 3 Art. 42A.302. CONFINEMENT 4 Art. 42A.303. SUBSTANCE ABUSE FELONY PROGRAM 5 Art. 42A.304. COMMUNITY SERVICE 6 Art. 42A.305. COMMUNITY OUTREACH 7 Art. 42A.306. SUPERVISION OF DEFENDANT FROM OUT OF 8 STATE 9 Art. 42A.307. ORCHIECTOMY PROHIBITED SUBCHAPTER H. MANDATORY CONDITIONS GENERALLY 10 11 Art. 42A.351. EDUCATIONAL SKILL LEVEL 12 Art. 42A.352. DNA SAMPLE SUBCHAPTER I. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN INTOXICATION 13 14 OFFENSES 15 Art. 42A.401. CONFINEMENT AS CONDITION OF COMMUNITY 16 SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN INTOXICATION OFFENSES 17 18 Art. 42A.402. DRUG OR ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE EVALUATION 19 AND REHABILITATION 20 Art. 42A.403. EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN 21 INTOXICATION OFFENDERS; WAIVER OR 22 EXTENSION OF TIME 23 Art. 42A.404. EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN REPEAT 24 INTOXICATION OFFENDERS; WAIVER 25 Art. 42A.405. RULES FOR AND ADMINISTRATION OF 26 EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS

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2		R	EQUIREMENTS ON DRIVING RECORD AND
3		L	ICENSE
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8	SUB	CHAPTER J	. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO SEX OFFENDERS
9	Art. 42A.4	151. SEX	OFFENDER REGISTRATION; DNA SAMPLE
10	Art. 42A.4	152. TRE	ATMENT, SPECIALIZED SUPERVISION, OR
11		R	EHABILITATION
12	Art. 42A.4	153. CHI	LD SAFETY ZONE
13	Art. 42A.4	154. CER'	FAIN INTERNET ACTIVITY PROHIBITED
14	Art. 42A.4	155. PAY	MENT TO CHILDREN'S ADVOCACY CENTER
15	SUBCHAPTE	R K. CONI	DITIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN OTHER OFFENSES AND
16			OFFENDERS
17	Art. 42A.5	501. COM	MUNITY SUPERVISION FOR OFFENSE
18		С	OMMITTED BECAUSE OF BIAS OR PREJUDICE
19	Art. 42A.5	502. COM	MUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN
20		V	IOLENT OFFENSES; CHILD SAFETY ZONE
21	Art. 42A.5	503. COM	MUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN CHILD
22		A	BUSE OFFENSES; PROHIBITED CONTACT
23		W	ITH VICTIM
24	Art. 42A.5	504. COM	MUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN
25		0	FFENSES INVOLVING FAMILY VIOLENCE;
26		S	PECIAL CONDITIONS

1	Art.	42A.505.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR STALKING
2			OFFENSE; PROHIBITED CONTACT WITH
3			VICTIM
4	Art.	42A.506.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR DEFENDANT WITH
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7			DEFENDANTS IDENTIFIED AS MEMBERS OF
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9			MONITORING
10	Art.	42A.508.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN
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14			OFFENSE
15	Art.	42A.510.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR ENHANCED
16			DISORDERLY CONDUCT OFFENSE
17	Art.	42A.511.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN
18			OFFENSES INVOLVING ANIMALS
19	Art.	42A.512.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR ELECTRONIC
20			TRANSMISSION OF CERTAIN VISUAL
21			MATERIAL
22	Art.	42A.513.	COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR MAKING FIREARM
23			ACCESSIBLE TO CHILD
24		SUBCHAPI	ER L. STATE JAIL FELONY COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
25	Art.	42A.551.	PLACEMENT ON COMMUNITY SUPERVISION;
26			EXECUTION OF SENTENCE
27	Art.	42A.552.	REVIEW OF PRESENTENCE REPORT

1	Art.	42A.553.	MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PERIODS OF COMMUNITY
2			SUPERVISION; EXTENSION
3	Art.	42A.554.	CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
4	Art.	42A.555.	CONFINEMENT AS A CONDITION OF COMMUNITY
5			SUPERVISION
6	Art.	42A.556.	SANCTIONS IMPOSED ON MODIFICATION OF
7			COMMUNITY SUPERVISION
8	Art.	42A.557.	REPORT BY DIRECTOR OF FACILITY
9	Art.	42A.558.	REVOCATION; OPTIONS REGARDING EXECUTION
10			OF SENTENCE
11	Art.	42A.559.	CREDITS FOR TIME SERVED
12	Art.	42A.560.	MEDICAL RELEASE
13	Art.	42A.561.	MEDICAL RELEASE
14		SUBCH	HAPTER M. COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITIES
15	Art.	42A.601.	DEFINITION
16	Art.	42A.602.	MAXIMUM TERM OR TERMS OF CONFINEMENT
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18			SPENT IN FACILITY
19	Art.	42A.604.	EVALUATION OF DEFENDANT'S BEHAVIOR AND
20			ATTITUDE
21	Art.	42A.605.	PLACEMENT IN COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT
22	Art.	42A.606.	CONFINEMENT REQUIRED; EXCEPTIONS
23	Art.	42A.607.	DISPOSITION OF SALARY
24			SUBCHAPTER N. PAYMENTS; FEES
25	Art.	42A.651.	PAYMENT AS CONDITION OF COMMUNITY
26			SUPERVISION
27	Art.	42A.652.	MONTHLY FEE

1 Art. 42A.653. ADDITIONAL MONTHLY FEE FOR CERTAIN SEX 2 OFFENDERS 3 Art. 42A.654. FEES DUE ON CONVICTION Art. 42A.655. ABILITY TO PAY 4 5 SUBCHAPTER O. REDUCTION OR TERMINATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 6 PFRIOD 7 Art. 42A.701. REDUCTION OR TERMINATION OF COMMUNITY 8 SUPERVISION PERIOD 9 Art. 42A.702. TIME CREDITS FOR COMPLETION OF CERTAIN CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 10 SUBCHAPTER P. REVOCATION AND OTHER SANCTIONS 11 12 Art. 42A.751. VIOLATION OF CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; DETENTION AND HEARING 13 14 Art. 42A.752. CONTINUATION OR MODIFICATION OF 15 COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AFTER VIOLATION 16 Art. 42A.753. EXTENSION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AFTER 17 VIOLATION 18 Art. 42A.754. AUTHORITY TO REVOKE COMMUNITY 19 SUPERVISION 20 Art. 42A.755. REVOCATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 21 Art. 42A.756. DUE DILIGENCE DEFENSE 22 Art. 42A.757. EXTENSION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS 23 24 CHAPTER 42A. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 25 SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS 26 Art. 42A.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter: (1) "Community supervision" means the placement of a 27

1 defendant by a court under a continuum of programs and sanctions,
2 with conditions imposed by the court for a specified period during
3 which:

4 (A) criminal proceedings are deferred without an5 adjudication of guilt; or

6 (B) a sentence of imprisonment or confinement, 7 imprisonment and fine, or confinement and fine, is probated and the 8 imposition of sentence is suspended in whole or in part.

9 (2) "Court" means a court of record having original 10 criminal jurisdiction.

(3) "Electronic monitoring" includes voice tracking systems, position tracking systems, position location systems, biometric tracking systems, and any other electronic or telecommunications system that may be used to assist in the supervision of defendants under this chapter.

16 (4) "Supervision officer" means a person appointed or
17 employed under Section 76.004, Government Code, to supervise
18 defendants placed on community supervision. (Code Crim. Proc.,
19 Art. 42.12, Sec. 2.)

20

SUBCHAPTER B. PLACEMENT ON COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

Art. 42A.051. AUTHORITY TO GRANT COMMUNITY SUPERVISION, IMPOSE OR MODIFY CONDITIONS, OR DISCHARGE DEFENDANT. (a) Unless the judge has transferred jurisdiction of the case to another court under Article 42A.151, only the court in which the defendant was tried may:

26 (1) grant community supervision;
27 (2) impose conditions; or

1

(3) discharge the defendant.

(b) The judge of the court having jurisdiction of the case
may, at any time during the period of community supervision, modify
the conditions of community supervision. Except as provided by
Article 42A.052(a), only the judge may modify the conditions.
(Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 10(a) (part), 11(a) (part).)

Art. 42A.052. MODIFICATION OF CONDITIONS BY SUPERVISION 7 8 OFFICER OR MAGISTRATE. (a) A judge who places a defendant on community supervision may authorize the supervision officer 9 10 supervising the defendant or a magistrate appointed by the district courts in the county that give preference to criminal cases to 11 12 modify the conditions of community supervision for the limited purpose of transferring the defendant to different programs within 13 14 the community supervision continuum of programs and sanctions.

15 (b) A supervision officer or magistrate who modifies the 16 conditions of community supervision shall:

17 (1) deliver a copy of the modified conditions to the 18 defendant;

19 (2) file a copy of the modified conditions with the20 sentencing court; and

21 (3) note the date of delivery of the copy in the 22 defendant's file.

(c) If the defendant agrees to the modification in writing, the officer or magistrate shall file a copy of the modified conditions with the district clerk and the conditions shall be enforced as modified. If the defendant does not agree to the modification in writing, the supervision officer or magistrate

1 shall refer the case to the judge for modification in the manner 2 provided by Article 42A.752. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 3 10(d), (e).)

Art. 42A.053. JUDGE-ORDERED COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) A 5 judge, in the best interest of justice, the public, and the 6 defendant, after conviction or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, 7 may:

8 (1) suspend the imposition of the sentence and place 9 the defendant on community supervision; or

10 (2) impose a fine applicable to the offense and place11 the defendant on community supervision.

(b) A judge may not deny community supervision to a
defendant based solely on the defendant's inability to speak, read,
write, hear, or understand English.

15 (c) A defendant is not eligible for community supervision16 under this article if the defendant is sentenced to serve:

17 (1) a term of imprisonment that exceeds 10 years; or
18 (2) a term of confinement under Section 12.35, Penal
19 Code.

20 (d)

In a felony case:

(1) the minimum period of community supervision is the same as the minimum term of imprisonment applicable to the offense; and

(2) the maximum period of community supervision is:
 (A) 10 years, for a felony other than a third
 degree felony described by Paragraph (B); and

27 (B) five years, for any of the following third

1 degree felonies: 2 (i) a third degree felony under Title 7, 3 Penal Code; and 4 (ii) a third degree felony under Chapter 5 481, Health and Safety Code. 6 (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (d), the minimum period of 7 community supervision under this article for a felony described by 8 Article 42A.453(b) is five years. 9 (f) The maximum period of community supervision in a misdemeanor case is two years. 10 (g) Notwithstanding Subsection (d)(2) or (f), a judge may 11 12 extend the maximum period of community supervision in the manner provided by Article 42A.753 or 42A.757. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 13 14 42.12, Secs. 3(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g).) 15 Art. 42A.054. LIMITATION ON JUDGE-ORDERED COMMUNITY 16 SUPERVISION. (a) Article 42A.053 does not apply to a defendant 17 adjudged guilty of an offense under: Section 15.03, Penal Code, if the offense 18 (1)is punishable as a felony of the first degree; 19 20 Section 19.02, Penal Code (Murder); (2) 21 Section 19.03, Penal Code (Capital Murder); (3) Section 20.04, Penal 22 (4)Code (Aggravated 23 Kidnapping); 24 (5) Section 20A.02, Penal Code (Trafficking of 25 Persons); Section 21.11(a)(1), Penal Code (Indecency with a 26 (6) 27 Child);

H.B. No. 2299 Section 22.011, Penal Code (Sexual Assault); 1 (7) 2 Section 22.021, Penal Code (Aggravated Sexual (8) 3 Assault); 4 (9) Section 22.04(a)(1), Penal Code (Injury to a 5 Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual), if: 6 (A) the offense is punishable as a felony of the 7 first degree; and the victim of the offense is a child; 8 (B) 9 (10)Section 29.03, Penal Code (Aggravated Robbery); 10 (11) Section 30.02, Penal Code (Burglary), if: 11 (A) the offense is punishable under Subsection (d) of that section; and 12 the actor committed the offense with the 13 (B) 14 intent to commit a felony under Section 21.02, 21.11, 22.011, 15 22.021, or 25.02, Penal Code; 16 (12) Section 43.05, Penal Code (Compelling 17 Prostitution); Section 43.25, Penal Code (Sexual Performance by 18 (13)a Child); or 19 20 Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, for which (14)punishment is increased under: 21 Section 481.140 of that code (Use of Child in 22 (A) Commission of Offense); or 23 24 (B) Section 481.134(c), (d), (e), or (f) of that code (Drug-free Zones) if it is shown that the defendant has been 25 26 previously convicted of an offense for which punishment was increased under any of those subsections. 27

1 (b) Article 42A.053 does not apply to a defendant when it is
2 shown that:

3 (1) a deadly weapon as defined by Section 1.07, Penal4 Code, was used or exhibited during the:

5 (A) commission of a felony offense; or
6 (B) immediate flight from the commission of a
7 felony offense; and

8

(2) the defendant:

9

(A) used or exhibited the deadly weapon; or

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(B) was a party to the offense and knew that adeadly weapon would be used or exhibited.

12 (c) On an affirmative finding regarding the use or 13 exhibition of a deadly weapon as described by Subsection (b), the 14 trial court shall enter the finding in the judgment of the court.

(d) On an affirmative finding that the deadly weapon under
Subsection (c) was a firearm, the court shall enter that finding in
its judgment. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 3g(a).)

Art. 42A.055. JURY-RECOMMENDED COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. 18 (a) A jury that imposes confinement as punishment for an offense may 19 recommend to the judge that the judge suspend the imposition of the 20 sentence and place the defendant on community supervision. A judge 21 shall suspend the imposition of the sentence and place the 22 23 defendant on community supervision if the jury makes that 24 recommendation in the verdict.

(b) A defendant is eligible for community supervision under26 this article only if:

27

(1) before the trial begins, the defendant files a

written sworn motion with the judge that the defendant has not
 previously been convicted of a felony in this or any other state;
 and

4 (2) the jury enters in the verdict a finding that the 5 information contained in the defendant's motion is true.

6 (c) If the jury recommends to the judge that the judge place 7 the defendant on community supervision, the judge shall place the 8 defendant on community supervision for any period permitted under 9 Articles 42A.053(d) and (f), as appropriate.

10 (d) A judge may extend the maximum period of community 11 supervision in the manner provided by Article 42A.753 or 42A.757. 12 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 4(a), (b), (c), (d) (part), 13 (e).)

14 Art. 42A.056. LIMITATION ON JURY-RECOMMENDED COMMUNITY 15 SUPERVISION. A defendant is not eligible for community supervision 16 under Article 42A.055 if the defendant:

17 (1) is sentenced to a term of imprisonment that 18 exceeds 10 years;

19 (2) is convicted of a state jail felony for which 20 suspension of the imposition of the sentence occurs automatically 21 under Article 42A.551;

(3) is adjudged guilty of an offense under Section23 19.02, Penal Code;

(4) is convicted of an offense under Section
21.11(a)(1), 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code, if the victim of the
offense was younger than 14 years of age at the time the offense was
committed;

(5) is convicted of an offense under Section 20.04,
 Penal Code, if:

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3 (A) the victim of the offense was younger than 144 years of age at the time the offense was committed; and

(B) the actor committed the offense with theintent to violate or abuse the victim sexually;

7 (6) is convicted of an offense under Section 20A.02,
8 43.05, or 43.25, Penal Code; or

9 (7) is convicted of an offense for which punishment is 10 increased under Section 481.134(c), (d), (e), or (f), Health and 11 Safety Code, if it is shown that the defendant has been previously 12 convicted of an offense for which punishment was increased under 13 any of those subsections. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 4(d) 14 (part).)

Art. 42A.057. MINIMUM PERIOD OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN BURGLARIES OF VEHICLES. The minimum period of community supervision for an offense under Section 30.04, Penal Code, punishable as a Class A misdemeanor with a minimum term of confinement of six months is one year. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 3(h), 4(f).)

21

SUBCHAPTER C. DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

Art. 42A.101. PLACEMENT ON DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) Except as provided by Article 42A.102(b), if in the judge's opinion the best interest of society and the defendant will be served, the judge may, after receiving a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, hearing the evidence, and finding that it substantiates the defendant's guilt, defer further proceedings

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1 without entering an adjudication of guilt and place the defendant
2 on deferred adjudication community supervision.

3 (b) After placing the defendant on deferred adjudication community supervision under Subsection (a), the judge shall inform 4 5 the defendant orally or in writing of the possible consequences under Articles 42A.108 and 42A.110 of a violation of a condition of 6 deferred adjudication community supervision. If the information is 7 8 provided orally, the judge must record and maintain the judge's statement to the defendant. The failure of a judge to inform a 9 10 defendant of possible consequences under Articles 42A.108 and 42A.110 is not a ground for reversal unless the defendant shows that 11 12 the defendant was harmed by the failure of the judge to provide the information. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 5(a) (part).) 13

14 Art. 42A.102. ELIGIBILITY FOR DEFERRED ADJUDICATION 15 COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) A judge may place on deferred adjudication community supervision a defendant charged with an 16 17 offense under Section 21.11, 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code, regardless of the age of the victim, or a defendant charged with a 18 19 felony described by Article 42A.453(b) only if the judge makes a finding in open court that placing the defendant on deferred 20 adjudication community supervision is in the best interest of the 21 The failure of the judge to make a finding under this 22 victim. 23 subsection is not grounds for the defendant to set aside the plea, 24 deferred adjudication, or any subsequent conviction or sentence.

(b) In all other cases, the judge may grant deferredadjudication community supervision unless:

27

(1) the defendant is charged with an offense:

1 (A) under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code; or 2 for which punishment may be increased under (B) 3 Section 481.134(c), (d), (e), or (f), Health and Safety Code, if it is shown that the defendant has been previously convicted of an 4 5 offense for which punishment was increased under any one of those subsections; 6 7 (2) the defendant: is charged with an offense under Section 8 (A) 21.11, 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code, regardless of the age of the 9 10 victim, or a felony described by Article 42A.453(b); and 11 (B) has previously been placed on community supervision for an offense under Paragraph (A); 12 the defendant is charged with an offense under: 13 (3) 14 (A) Section 21.02, Penal Code; or Section 22.021, Penal Code, 15 (B) that is punishable under Subsection (f) of that section or under Section 16 17 12.42(c)(3) or (4), Penal Code; or (4) the defendant is charged with an offense under 18 19 Section 19.02, Penal Code, except that the judge may grant deferred adjudication community supervision on determining that the 20 defendant did not cause the death of the deceased, did not intend to 21 kill the deceased or another, and did not anticipate that a human 22 life would be taken. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 5(a) 23 24 (part), (d).) Art. 42A.103. PERIOD OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY 25

26 SUPERVISION. (a) In a felony case, the period of deferred 27 adjudication community supervision may not exceed 10 years. For a

1 defendant charged with a felony under Section 21.11, 22.011, or 2 22.021, Penal Code, regardless of the age of the victim, and for a 3 defendant charged with a felony described by Article 42A.453(b), 4 the period of deferred adjudication community supervision may not 5 be less than five years.

6 (b) In a misdemeanor case, the period of deferred 7 adjudication community supervision may not exceed two years.

8 (c) A judge may extend the maximum period of deferred 9 adjudication community supervision in the manner provided by 10 Article 42A.753 or 42A.757. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11 5(a) (part).)

Art. 42A.104. CONDITIONS OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; IMPOSITION OF FINE. (a) The judge may impose a fine applicable to the offense and require any reasonable condition of deferred adjudication community supervision that a judge could impose on a defendant placed on community supervision for a conviction that was probated and suspended, including:

18

(1) confinement; and

19

(2) mental health treatment under Article 42A.506.

The provisions of Subchapter L specifying whether a 20 (b) defendant convicted of a state jail felony is to be confined in a 21 county jail or state jail felony facility and establishing the 22 minimum and maximum terms of confinement as a condition of 23 24 community supervision apply in the same manner to a defendant placed on deferred adjudication community supervision 25 after 26 pleading guilty or nolo contendere to a state jail felony. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 5(a) (part).) 27

Art. 42A.105. AFFIRMATIVE FINDINGS. (a) If a judge places on deferred adjudication community supervision a defendant charged with a sexually violent offense, as defined by Article 62.001, the judge shall make an affirmative finding of fact and file a statement of that affirmative finding with the papers in the case if the judge determines that the victim or intended victim was younger than 14 years of age at the time of the offense.

8 (b) If a judge places on deferred adjudication community supervision a defendant charged with an offense under Section 9 10 20.02, 20.03, or 20.04, Penal Code, or an attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit one of those offenses, the judge shall make 11 an affirmative finding of fact and file a statement of that 12 affirmative finding with the papers in the case if the judge 13 14 determines that the victim or intended victim was younger than 17 15 years of age at the time of the offense.

16 (c) If a judge places on deferred adjudication community 17 supervision a defendant charged with an offense under Section 21.11 18 or 22.011, Penal Code, the judge shall make an affirmative finding 19 of fact and file a statement of that affirmative finding with the 20 papers in the case if the judge determines that:

(1) at the time of the offense, the defendant was not more than four years older than the victim or intended victim and the victim or intended victim was at least 15 years of age; and

(2) the charge to which the plea is entered under this
subchapter is based solely on the ages of the defendant and the
victim or intended victim at the time of the offense.

27 (d) If a judge places a defendant on deferred adjudication

1 community supervision, on the motion of the attorney representing 2 the state the judge shall make an affirmative finding of fact and 3 file a statement of that affirmative finding with the papers in the 4 case if the judge determines that, regardless of whether the 5 conduct at issue is the subject of the prosecution or part of the 6 same criminal episode as the conduct that is the subject of the 7 prosecution, a victim in the trial:

8 (1) is or has been a victim of a severe form of 9 trafficking in persons, as defined by 22 U.S.C. Section 7102(9); or

10 (2) has suffered substantial physical or mental abuse
11 as a result of having been a victim of criminal activity described
12 by 8 U.S.C. Section 1101(a)(15)(U)(iii).

13 (e) The part of the papers in the case containing an 14 affirmative finding under Subsection (d):

15 (1) must include specific information identifying the16 victim, as available;

17 (2) may not include information identifying the18 victim's location; and

(3) is confidential, unless written consent for the release of the affirmative finding is obtained from the victim or, if the victim is younger than 18 years of age, the victim's parent or guardian. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 5(e), (g), (i), (j).)

Art. 42A.106. RECORD NOT CONFIDENTIAL; RIGHT TO PETITION FOR ORDER OF NONDISCLOSURE. (a) Except as provided by Section 552.142, Government Code, a record in the custody of the court clerk regarding a case in which a defendant is granted deferred

1 adjudication community supervision is not confidential.

2 (b) Before placing a defendant on deferred adjudication 3 community supervision, the court shall inform the defendant of the 4 defendant's right to petition the court for an order of 5 nondisclosure under Section 411.081, Government Code, unless the 6 defendant is ineligible to pursue that right because of:

7 (1) the nature of the offense for which the defendant8 is placed on deferred adjudication community supervision; or

9 (2) the defendant's criminal history. (Code Crim. 10 Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 5(a-1), (f).)

Art. 42A.107. REQUEST FOR FINAL ADJUDICATION. On written motion of the defendant requesting final adjudication that is filed within 30 days after the entry of the defendant's plea and the deferment of adjudication, the judge shall proceed to final adjudication as in all other cases. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 5(a) (part).)

Art. 42A.108. VIOLATION OF CONDITION OF DEFERRED ADJUDICATION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; HEARING. (a) On violation of a condition of deferred adjudication community supervision imposed under Article 42A.104, the defendant may be arrested and detained as provided in Article 42A.751.

(b) The defendant is entitled to a hearing limited to a determination by the court of whether the court will proceed with an adjudication of guilt on the original charge. The court may not proceed with an adjudication of guilt on the original charge if the court finds that the only evidence supporting the alleged violation of a condition of deferred adjudication community supervision is

1 the uncorroborated results of a polygraph examination. The 2 determination to proceed with an adjudication of guilt on the 3 original charge is reviewable in the same manner as a revocation 4 hearing conducted under Article 42A.751(d) in a case in which the 5 adjudication of guilt was not deferred.

6 (c) A court retains jurisdiction to hold a hearing under 7 Subsection (b) and to proceed with an adjudication of guilt, 8 regardless of whether the period of deferred adjudication community 9 supervision imposed on the defendant has expired, if before the 10 expiration of the supervision period:

11 (1) the attorney representing the state files a motion 12 to proceed with the adjudication; and

13 (2) a capias is issued for the arrest of the defendant.
14 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 5(b) (part), (h).)

15 Art. 42A.109. DUE DILIGENCE DEFENSE. For the purposes of a hearing under Article 42A.108, it is an affirmative defense to 16 17 revocation for an alleged violation based on a failure to report to a supervision officer as directed or to remain within a specified 18 place that no supervision officer, peace officer, or other officer 19 with the power of arrest under a warrant issued by a judge for that 20 alleged violation contacted or attempted to contact the defendant 21 in person at the defendant's last known residence address or last 22 known employment address, as reflected in the files of the 23 24 department serving the county in which the order of deferred adjudication community supervision was entered. (Code Crim. Proc., 25 26 Art. 42.12, Sec. 24 (part).)

27 Art. 42A.110. PROCEEDINGS AFTER ADJUDICATION. (a) After

1 an adjudication of guilt, all proceedings, including assessment of 2 punishment, pronouncement of sentence, granting of community 3 supervision, and defendant's appeal, continue as if the 4 adjudication of guilt had not been deferred.

5 (b) A court assessing punishment after an adjudication of 6 guilt of a defendant charged with a state jail felony may suspend 7 the imposition of the sentence and place the defendant on community 8 supervision or may order the sentence to be executed, regardless of 9 whether the defendant has previously been convicted of a felony. 10 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 5(b) (part).)

Art. 42A.111. DISMISSAL AND DISCHARGE. (a) On expiration of a period of deferred adjudication community supervision imposed under this subchapter, if the judge has not proceeded to an adjudication of guilt, the judge shall dismiss the proceedings against the defendant and discharge the defendant.

16 The judge may dismiss the proceedings and discharge a (b) 17 defendant before the expiration of the period of deferred adjudication community supervision if, in the judge's opinion, the 18 19 best interest of society and the defendant will be served, except that the judge may not dismiss the proceedings and discharge a 20 defendant charged with an offense requiring the defendant to 21 register as a sex offender under Chapter 62. 22

(c) Except as provided by Section 12.42(g), Penal Code, a dismissal and discharge under this article may not be considered a conviction for the purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law for conviction of an offense.

27

(d) For any defendant who receives a dismissal and discharge

1 under this article:

(1) on conviction of a subsequent offense, the fact
that the defendant previously has received deferred adjudication
community supervision is admissible before the court or jury for
consideration on the issue of penalty;

6 (2) if the defendant is an applicant for or the holder 7 of a license under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code, the Department 8 of Family and Protective Services may consider the fact that the 9 defendant previously has received deferred adjudication community 10 supervision in issuing, renewing, denying, or revoking a license 11 under that chapter; and

12 (3) if the defendant is an applicant for or the holder 13 of a license to provide mental health or medical services for the 14 rehabilitation of sex offenders, the Council on Sex Offender 15 Treatment may consider the fact that the defendant previously has 16 received deferred adjudication community supervision in issuing, 17 renewing, denying, or revoking a license issued by that council.

(e) A judge who dismisses the proceedings against adefendant and discharges the defendant under this article shall:

(1) provide the defendant with a copy of the order ofdismissal and discharge; and

applicable, inform the defendant 22 (2) if of the defendant's eligibility to petition the court for an order of 23 24 nondisclosure under Section 411.081, Government Code, and the earliest date the defendant is eligible to file the petition for the 25 26 order of nondisclosure. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 5(c), 27 (c-1).)

SUBCHAPTER D. JURISDICTION OVER CASE; GEOGRAPHICAL JURISDICTION Art. 42A.151. TRANSFER OF JURISDICTION. (a) After a defendant has been placed on community supervision, jurisdiction of the case may be transferred to a court of the same rank in this state that:

6 (1) has geographical jurisdiction where the 7 defendant:

8

(A) resides; or

9 (B) violates a condition of community 10 supervision; and

11

(2) consents to the transfer.

(b) On transfer, the clerk of the court of original jurisdiction shall forward to the court accepting jurisdiction a transcript of any portion of the record as the transferring judge shall direct. The court accepting jurisdiction subsequently shall proceed as if the defendant's trial and conviction had occurred in that court. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 10(a) (part), (b).)

Art. 42A.152. ISSUANCE WARRANT 19 OF ΒY COURT HAVING GEOGRAPHICAL JURISDICTION. (a) 20 A judge of a court having geographical jurisdiction where a defendant resides or where the 21 defendant violates a condition of community supervision may issue a 22 warrant for the defendant's arrest. 23

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the determination of the action to be taken after the defendant's arrest may be made only by the judge of the court having jurisdiction of the case at the time the action is taken. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec.

1 10(c).)

(b)

Art. 42A.153. CHANGE OF RESIDENCE WITHIN THE STATE. (a) If, for good and sufficient reasons, a defendant desires to change the defendant's residence within the state, the change may be effected by application to the supervising supervision officer.

The change of residence is subject to:

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7

(1) the judge's consent; and

8 (2) any regulations the judge may require in the 9 absence of a supervision officer in the locality to which the 10 defendant is transferred. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11 17(a).)

Art. 42A.154. LEAVING THE STATE. A defendant who leaves the state without permission of the judge having jurisdiction of the case is:

(1) considered a fugitive from justice; and
(2) subject to extradition as provided by law. (Code
17 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 17(b).)

SUBCHAPTER E. PARTIAL EXECUTION OF SENTENCE; CONTINUING
 JURISDICTION

Art. 42A.201. CONTINUING JURISDICTION IN MISDEMEANOR CASES. (a) For the purposes of this article, the jurisdiction of the courts in this state in which a sentence requiring confinement in a jail is imposed for conviction of a misdemeanor continues for 180 days from the date the execution of the sentence actually begins.

(b) The judge of a court that imposed a sentence requiring confinement in a jail for conviction of a misdemeanor may, on the

judge's own motion, on the motion of the attorney representing the state, or on the written motion of the defendant, suspend further execution of the sentence and place the defendant on community supervision under the terms and conditions of this chapter if, in the opinion of the judge, the defendant would not benefit from further confinement.

When the defendant files a written motion with the court 7 (c) requesting suspension of further execution of the sentence and 8 placement on community supervision or when requested to do so by the 9 10 judge, the clerk of the court shall request a copy of the defendant's record while confined from the agency operating the 11 12 jail in which the defendant is confined. On receipt of the request, the agency shall forward a copy of the record to the court as soon as 13 14 possible.

15 (d) The judge may deny the motion without holding a hearing 16 but may not grant a motion without holding a hearing and allowing 17 the attorney representing the state and the defendant to present 18 evidence in the case. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 7.)

Art. 42A.202. CONTINUING JURISDICTION IN FELONY CASES. (a) For the purposes of this article, the jurisdiction of a court imposing a sentence requiring imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for an offense other than a state jail felony continues for 180 days from the date the execution of the sentence actually begins.

(b) Before the expiration of the 180-day period described by
Subsection (a), the judge of the court that imposed the sentence
described by that subsection may, on the judge's own motion, on the

1 motion of the attorney representing the state, or on the written 2 motion of the defendant, suspend further execution of the sentence 3 and place the defendant on community supervision under the terms 4 and conditions of this chapter if:

5 (1) in the opinion of the judge, the defendant would6 not benefit from further imprisonment;

7 (2) the defendant is otherwise eligible for community8 supervision under this chapter; and

9 (3) the defendant had never before been incarcerated 10 in a penitentiary serving a sentence for a felony.

11 (c) When the defendant files a written motion requesting the 12 judge to suspend further execution of the sentence and place the 13 defendant on community supervision, the defendant shall 14 immediately deliver or cause to be delivered a copy of the motion to 15 the office of the attorney representing the state.

(d) When the defendant or the attorney representing the 16 17 state files a written motion requesting the judge to suspend further execution of the sentence and place the defendant on 18 19 community supervision, and when requested to do so by the judge, the clerk of the court shall request a copy of the defendant's record 20 while imprisoned from the Texas Department of Criminal Justice or, 21 if the defendant is confined in county jail, from the sheriff. 22 On 23 receipt of the request, the Texas Department of Criminal Justice or 24 the sheriff shall forward a copy of the record to the judge as soon as possible. 25

(e) The judge may deny the motion without holding a hearingbut may not grant the motion without holding a hearing and providing

1 the attorney representing the state and the defendant the 2 opportunity to present evidence on the motion. (Code Crim. Proc., 3 Art. 42.12, Sec. 6.)

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Art. 42A.203. AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND EXECUTION OF SENTENCE IN FELONY CASES. (a) Except as otherwise provided by Subsection (b), only the judge who originally sentenced the defendant may suspend execution of the sentence and place the defendant on community supervision under Article 42A.202.

9 If the judge who originally sentenced the defendant is (b) deceased or disabled or the office is vacant, and if a motion is 10 filed in accordance with Article 42A.202, the clerk of the court 11 12 shall promptly forward a copy of the motion to the presiding judge of the administrative judicial district for that court. 13 The presiding judge may deny the motion without holding a hearing or may 14 15 appoint a judge to hold a hearing on the motion. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 10(a) (part).) 16

Art. 42A.204. PARTIAL EXECUTION OF SENTENCE: FIREARM USED OR EXHIBITED. (a) If in the trial of a felony of the second degree or higher there is an affirmative finding described by Article 42A.054(d) and the jury recommends that the court place the defendant on community supervision, the court may order the defendant imprisoned in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice for not less than 60 and not more than 120 days.

(b) At any time after the defendant has served 60 days in the custody of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, the sentencing judge, on the judge's own motion or on motion of the defendant, may order the defendant released to community supervision.

H.B. No. 2299 1 (c) The department shall release the defendant to community supervision after the defendant has served 120 days. (Code Crim. 2 Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 3q(b), 4(b) (part).) 3 SUBCHAPTER F. PRESENTENCE AND POSTSENTENCE REPORTS AND EVALUATIONS 4 5 Art. 42A.251. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter: 6 (1) "Council" means the Council on Sex Offender 7 Treatment. 8 (2) "Sex offender" means a person who has been convicted of, or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere 9 10 for, an offense under any one of the following provisions of the Penal Code: 11 Section 20.04(a)(4) (Aggravated Kidnapping), 12 (A) if the person committed the offense with the intent to violate or 13 14 abuse the victim sexually; 15 (B) Section 21.08 (Indecent Exposure); 16 (C) Section 21.11 (Indecency with a Child); 17 (D) Section 22.011 (Sexual Assault); (E) Section 22.021 (Aggravated Sexual Assault); 18 Section 25.02 (Prohibited Sexual Conduct); 19 (F) Section 30.02 (Burglary), if: 20 (G) offense is punishable 21 (i) the under Subsection (d) of that section; and 22 23 (ii) the person committed the offense with 24 the intent to commit a felony listed in this subdivision; 25 (H) Section 43.25 (Sexual Performance by а 26 Child); or Section 43.26 (Possession or Promotion of 27 (I)

Child Pornography). (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 9A(a).) 1 Art. 42A.252. PRESENTENCE REPORT REQUIRED. (a) Except as 2 provided by Subsections (b) and (c), before the imposition of the 3 sentence by a judge, the judge shall direct a supervision officer to 4 5 prepare a presentence report for the judge. (b) The judge is not required to direct a supervision 6 7 officer to prepare a presentence report in a misdemeanor case if: 8 (1) the defendant requests that a report not be made 9 and the judge agrees to the request; or 10 (2) the judge: (A) finds that there is sufficient information in 11 12 the record to permit the meaningful exercise of sentencing discretion; and 13 14 (B) explains that finding on the record. 15 (c) The judge is not required to direct a supervision officer to prepare a presentence report in a felony case if: 16 17 (1)punishment is to be assessed by a jury; (2) the defendant is convicted of or enters a plea of 18 19 guilty or nolo contendere to capital murder; 20 the only available punishment is imprisonment; or (3) 21 (4) the judge is informed that a plea bargain agreement exists, under which the defendant agrees to a punishment 22 23 of imprisonment, and the judge intends to follow that agreement. 24 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 9(a) (part), (b), (g).) 25 Art. 42A.253. CONTENTS OF PRESENTENCE REPORT. (a) А presentence report must be in writing and include: 26 (1) the circumstances of the offense with which the 27

1 defendant is charged;

2 (2) the amount of restitution necessary to adequately
3 compensate a victim of the offense;

4

(3) the criminal and social history of the defendant;

5 (4) a proposed supervision plan describing programs 6 and sanctions that the community supervision and corrections 7 department will provide the defendant if the judge suspends the 8 imposition of the sentence or grants deferred adjudication 9 community supervision;

10 (5) if the defendant is charged with a state jail 11 felony, recommendations for conditions of community supervision 12 that the community supervision and corrections department 13 considers advisable or appropriate based on the circumstances of 14 the offense and other factors addressed in the report;

15 (6) the results of a psychological evaluation of the 16 defendant that determines, at a minimum, the defendant's IQ and 17 adaptive behavior score if the defendant:

18

(A) is convicted of a felony offense; and

(B) appears to the judge, through the judge's own
observation or on the suggestion of a party, to have a mental
impairment;

(7) information regarding whether the defendant is a current or former member of the state military forces or whether the defendant currently serves or has previously served in the armed forces of the United States in an active-duty status and, if available, a copy of the defendant's military discharge papers and military records;

1 (8) if the defendant has served in the armed forces of 2 the United States in an active-duty status, a determination as to 3 whether the defendant was deployed to a combat zone and whether the 4 defendant may suffer from post-traumatic stress disorder or a 5 traumatic brain injury; and

6 (9) any other information relating to the defendant or 7 the offense as requested by the judge.

8 (b) A presentence report is not required to contain a 9 sentencing recommendation. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 10 9(a) (part), (i), (l).)

Art. 42A.254. INSPECTION BY JUDGE; DISCLOSURE OF CONTENTS. The judge may not inspect a presentence report and the contents of the report may not be disclosed to any person unless:

14 (1) the defendant pleads guilty or nolo contendere or 15 is convicted of the offense; or

16 (2) the defendant, in writing, authorizes the judge to
17 inspect the report. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 9(c).)

Art. 42A.255. INSPECTION AND COMMENT BY DEFENDANT; ACCESS TO INFORMATION BY STATE. (a) Unless waived by the defendant, at least 48 hours before sentencing a defendant, the judge shall permit the defendant or the defendant's attorney to read the presentence report.

(b) The judge shall allow the defendant or the defendant's attorney to comment on a presentence investigation or a postsentence report and, with the approval of the judge, introduce testimony or other information alleging a factual inaccuracy in the investigation or report.

1 (c) The judge shall allow the attorney representing the 2 state access to any information made available to the defendant 3 under this article. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 9(d), (e), 4 (f).)

Art. 42A.256. RELEASE 5 OF INFORMATION ТО SUPERVISION OFFICER; CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORT. (a) The judge by order may 6 direct that any information and records that are not privileged and 7 that are relevant to a presentence or postsentence report be 8 released to a supervision officer conducting a presentence 9 10 investigation under this subchapter or preparing a postsentence report under Article 42A.259. The judge may also issue a subpoena 11 to obtain that information. 12

(b) A 13 presentence or postsentence report and all 14 information obtained in connection with а presentence 15 investigation or postsentence report are confidential and may be released only as: 16

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- (1) provided by:
- (A) Subsection (c);
- 19 (B) Article 42A.255;
- 20 (C) Article 42A.257;
 - (D) Article 42A.259; or

(E) Section 614.017, Health and Safety Code; or
(2) directed by the judge for the effective
supervision of the defendant.

(c) If the defendant is a sex offender, a supervision officer may release information in a presentence or postsentence report concerning the social and criminal history of the defendant

1 to a person who:

(1)is licensed or certified in this state to provide 2 3 mental health or medical services, including a:

(A) physician; 4

5 (B) psychiatrist;

(C) psychologist; 6

> licensed professional counselor; (D)

- 8 (E) licensed marriage and family therapist; or
 - (F) certified social worker; and

10 (2) provides mental health or medical services for the rehabilitation of the defendant. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, 11 12 Secs. 9(j), 9A(b).)

Art. 42A.257. EVALUATION FOR PURPOSES OF ALCOHOL OR DRUG 13 14 REHABILITATION. (a) The judge shall direct a supervision officer 15 approved by the community supervision and corrections department or the judge, or a person, program, or other agency approved by the 16 17 Department of State Health Services, to conduct an evaluation to determine the appropriateness of, and a course of conduct necessary 18 19 for, alcohol or drug rehabilitation for a defendant and to report the results of that evaluation to the judge, if: 20

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(1) the judge determines that alcohol or drug abuse may have contributed to the commission of the offense; or 22

23 (2) the case involves a second or subsequent offense 24 under:

25 (A) Section 49.04, Penal Code, if the offense was 26 committed within five years of the date on which the most recent preceding offense was committed; or 27

1 (B) Section 49.07 or 49.08, Penal Code, if the 2 offense involved the operation of a motor vehicle and was committed 3 within five years of the date on which the most recent preceding 4 offense was committed.

5

(b) The evaluation must be made:

6 (1) after arrest and before conviction, if requested7 by the defendant;

8 (2) after conviction and before sentencing, if the 9 judge assesses punishment in the case;

10 (3) after sentencing and before the entry of a final11 judgment, if the jury assesses punishment in the case; or

12 (4) after community supervision is granted, if the 13 evaluation is required as a condition of community supervision 14 under Article 42A.402. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 9(h).)

Art. 42A.258. EVALUATION FOR PURPOSES OF SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT, SPECIALIZED SUPERVISION, OR REHABILITATION. (a) If the defendant is a sex offender, the judge shall direct a supervision officer approved by the community supervision and corrections department or the judge, or a person, program, or other agency approved by the council, to:

(1) evaluate the appropriateness of, and a course of conduct necessary for, treatment, specialized supervision, or rehabilitation of the defendant; and

(2) report the results of the evaluation to the judge.
(b) The judge may require the evaluation to use
offense-specific standards of practice adopted by the council and
may require the report to reflect those standards.

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(c) The evaluation must be made:

2 (1) after arrest and before conviction, if requested3 by the defendant; or

4 (2) after conviction and before the entry of a final 5 judgment. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 9A(c).)

Art. 42A.259. POSTSENTENCE REPORT. (a) If a presentence 6 report in a felony case is not required under Article 42A.252(c), 7 8 the judge may direct a supervision officer to prepare а postsentence report containing the same information that would have 9 10 been required for the presentence report, other than a proposed supervision plan and any information that is reflected in the 11 12 judgment.

If a postsentence report is ordered, the supervision 13 (b) 14 officer shall send the report to the clerk of the court not later 15 than the 30th day after the date on which sentence is pronounced or deferred adjudication community supervision is granted. The clerk 16 17 shall deliver the postsentence report with the papers in the case to a designated officer of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, 18 19 to the extent required by Section 8(a), Article 42.09. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 9(k).) 20

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SUBCHAPTER G. DISCRETIONARY CONDITIONS GENERALLY

Art. 42A.301. BASIC DISCRETIONARY CONDITIONS. The judge of the court having jurisdiction of the case shall determine the conditions of community supervision. The judge may impose any reasonable condition that is designed to protect or restore the community, protect or restore the victim, or punish, rehabilitate, or reform the defendant. Conditions of community supervision may

1 include conditions requiring the defendant to:

2 (1) commit no offense against the laws of this state or
3 of any other state or of the United States;

4

avoid injurious or vicious habits;

5 (3) avoid persons or places of disreputable or harmful 6 character, including any person, other than a family member of the 7 defendant, who is an active member of a criminal street gang;

8 (4) report to the supervision officer as directed by 9 the judge or supervision officer and obey all rules and regulations 10 of the community supervision and corrections department;

11 (5) permit the supervision officer to visit the 12 defendant at the defendant's home or elsewhere;

13 (6) work faithfully at suitable employment to the 14 extent possible;

15 (7) remain within a specified place;

16 (8) pay in one or more amounts:

17 (A) the defendant's fine, if one is assessed; and
18 (B) all court costs, regardless of whether a fine
19 is assessed;

20

(9) support the defendant's dependents;

(10) participate, for a period specified by the judge, any community-based program, including a community service project under Article 42A.304;

(11) reimburse the county in which the prosecution wasinstituted as follows:

(A) if counsel was appointed, an amount forcompensation paid to appointed counsel for defending the defendant

H.B. No. 2299 1 in the case; or 2 (B) if the defendant was represented by a public 3 defender's office, an amount that would have been paid to an appointed attorney had the county not had a public defender's 4 5 office; 6 (12) if under custodial supervision in a community 7 corrections facility: 8 (A) remain under that supervision; obey all rules and regulations of 9 (B) the 10 facility; and pay a percentage of the defendant's income 11 (C) 12 to: (i) the facility for room and board; and 13 14 (ii) the defendant's dependents for their 15 support during the period of custodial supervision; 16 (13) submit to testing for alcohol or controlled 17 substances; (14)attend counseling sessions for substance abusers 18 19 or participate in substance abuse treatment services in a program or facility approved or licensed by the Department of State Health 20 21 Services; (15)with the consent of the victim of a misdemeanor 22 offense or of any offense under Title 7, Penal Code, participate in 23 24 victim-defendant mediation; 25 (16) submit to electronic monitoring; 26 (17) reimburse the compensation to victims of crime 27 fund for any amounts paid from that fund to or on behalf of a victim,

1 as defined by Article 56.32, of the offense or if no reimbursement 2 is required, make one payment to the compensation to victims of 3 crime fund in an amount not to exceed \$50 if the offense is a 4 misdemeanor or not to exceed \$100 if the offense is a felony;

5 (18) reimburse a law enforcement agency for the 6 analysis, storage, or disposal of raw materials, controlled 7 substances, chemical precursors, drug paraphernalia, or other 8 materials seized in connection with the offense;

9 (19) pay all or part of the reasonable and necessary 10 costs incurred by the victim for psychological counseling made 11 necessary by the offense or for counseling and education relating 12 to acquired immune deficiency syndrome or human immunodeficiency 13 virus made necessary by the offense;

14 (20) make one payment in an amount not to exceed \$50 to 15 a crime stoppers organization, as defined by Section 414.001, 16 Government Code, and as certified by the Texas Crime Stoppers 17 Council;

18 (21) submit a DNA sample to the Department of Public
19 Safety under Subchapter G, Chapter 411, Government Code, for the
20 purpose of creating a DNA record of the defendant;

(22) in any manner required by the judge, provide in the county in which the offense was committed public notice of the offense for which the defendant was placed on community supervision; and

(23) reimburse the county in which the prosecution was
instituted for compensation paid to any interpreter in the case.
(Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(a) (part).)

1 Art. 42A.302. CONFINEMENT. (a) If a judge having 2 jurisdiction of a case requires as a condition of community 3 supervision that the defendant submit to a term of confinement in a 4 county jail, the term of confinement may not exceed:

5 6 (1) 30 days, in a misdemeanor case; or

(2) 180 days, in a felony case.

7 (b) A judge who requires as a condition of community 8 supervision that the defendant serve a term of confinement in a 9 community corrections facility under Subchapter M may not impose a 10 term of confinement under this article that, if added to the term 11 imposed under Subchapter M, exceeds 24 months.

12 (C) A judge may impose a term of confinement as a condition community supervision under this article on placing the 13 of 14 defendant on supervision or at any time during the supervision 15 period. The judge may impose terms of confinement as a condition of community supervision in increments smaller than the maximum terms 16 17 provided by Subsection (a), except that the judge may not impose terms of confinement that, if added together, exceed the maximum 18 19 terms provided by Subsection (a). (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 12.) 20

SUBSTANCE ABUSE FELONY PROGRAM. 21 Art. 42A.303. (a) If a court places a defendant on community supervision under 22 any 23 provision of this chapter as an alternative to imprisonment, the 24 judge may require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant serve a term of confinement and treatment in a substance 25 26 abuse felony punishment facility operated by the Texas Department 27 of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code.

(b) A term of confinement and treatment imposed under this
 article must be an indeterminate term of not more than one year or
 less than 90 days.

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4 (c) The judge may impose the condition of community5 supervision described by this article if:

6 (1) the defendant is charged with or convicted of a7 felony other than:

8 (A) a felony under Section 21.11, 22.011, or
9 22.021, Penal Code; or

10 (B) criminal attempt of a felony under Section11 21.11, 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code; and

12 (2) the judge makes an affirmative finding that:

(A) drug or alcohol abuse significantly
14 contributed to the commission of the offense or violation of a
15 condition of community supervision, as applicable; and

16 (B) the defendant is a suitable candidate for 17 treatment, as determined by the suitability criteria established by 18 the Texas Board of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009(b), 19 Government Code.

(d) If a judge requires as a condition of community supervision that the defendant serve a term of confinement and treatment in a substance abuse felony punishment facility under this article, the judge shall also require as a condition of community supervision that on release from the facility the defendant:

(1) participate in a drug or alcohol abuse continuum27 of care treatment plan; and

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(2) pay a fee in an amount established by the judge for residential aftercare required as part of the treatment plan.

3 (e) The Department of State Health Services shall develop
4 the continuum of care treatment plan described by Subsection
5 (d)(1).

6 (f) The clerk of a court that collects a fee imposed under 7 Subsection (d)(2) shall deposit the fee to be sent to the 8 comptroller as provided by Subchapter B, Chapter 133, Local Government Code, and the comptroller shall deposit the fee into the 9 general revenue fund. If the clerk does not collect a fee imposed 10 under Subsection (d)(2), the clerk is not required to file any 11 12 report required by the comptroller that relates to the collection In establishing the amount of a fee under Subsection 13 of the fee. 14 (d)(2), the judge shall consider fines, fees, and other necessary 15 expenses for which the defendant is obligated. The judge may not:

16 (1) establish the fee in an amount that is greater than 17 25 percent of the defendant's gross income while the defendant is a 18 participant in residential aftercare; or

19 (2) require the defendant to pay the fee at any time
20 other than a time at which the defendant is both employed and a
21 participant in residential aftercare. (Code Crim. Proc., Art.
22 42.12, Sec. 14, as amended Acts 73rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 900; Acts 74th
23 Leg., R.S., Chs. 76, 321; Acts 76th Leg., R.S., Ch. 1188; Acts 78th
24 Leg., R.S., Chs. 209, 1310.)

Art. 42A.304. COMMUNITY SERVICE. (a) A judge may require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant work a specified number of hours at one or more community service projects

H.B. No. 2299 1 for one or more organizations approved by the judge and designated by the department. The judge may not require the defendant to work 2 at a community service project if, as determined and noted on the 3 community supervision order by the judge: 4 5 (1) the defendant is physically or mentally incapable 6 of participating in the project; 7 participating in the project will cause a hardship (2) 8 to the defendant or to the defendant's dependents; 9 (3) the defendant is to be confined in a substance 10 abuse felony punishment facility as a condition of community supervision; or 11 there is other good cause shown. 12 (4) The amount of community service work ordered by the 13 (b) 14 judge may not exceed: 1,000 hours for an offense classified as a first 15 (1)16 degree felony; 17 (2) 800 hours for an offense classified as a second degree felony; 18 (3) 600 hours for: 19 20 an offense classified as a third degree (A) felony; or 21 (B) an offense under Section 30.04, Penal Code, 22 23 classified as a Class A misdemeanor; 24 (4) 400 hours for an offense classified as a state jail felony; 25 (5) 200 hours for: 26 27 (A) offense classified an as а Class А

1 misdemeanor, other than an offense described by Subdivision (3)(B);
2 or

3 (B) a misdemeanor for which the maximum 4 permissible confinement, if any, exceeds six months or the maximum 5 permissible fine, if any, exceeds \$4,000; and

6 (6) 100 hours for:

7 (A) an offense classified as a Class B 8 misdemeanor; or

9 (B) a misdemeanor for which the maximum 10 permissible confinement, if any, does not exceed six months and the 11 maximum permissible fine, if any, does not exceed \$4,000.

12 (c) A defendant required to perform community service under 13 this article is not a state employee for the purposes of Chapter 501 14 or 504, Labor Code.

If the court makes an affirmative finding under Article 15 (d) 42.014, the judge may order the defendant to perform community 16 service under this article at a project designated by the judge that 17 primarily serves the person or group who was the target of the 18 19 defendant. If the judge orders community service under this 20 subsection, the judge shall order the defendant to perform not less 21 than:

(1) 300 hours of service if the offense is classifiedas a felony; or

24 (2) 100 hours of service if the offense is classified25 as a misdemeanor.

(e) A defendant required to perform community service under
 this article after conviction of an offense under Section 352.082,

Local Government Code, shall perform 60 hours of service. The community service must consist of picking up litter in the county in which the defendant resides or working at a recycling facility if a program for performing that type of service is available in the community in which the court is located.

6 (f) The judge may order a defendant to make a specified 7 donation to a nonprofit food bank or food pantry in the community in 8 which the defendant resides instead of requiring the defendant to 9 work a specified number of hours at one or more community service 10 projects under Subsection (a). (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, 11 Secs. 16(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f).)

Art. 42A.305. COMMUNITY OUTREACH. (a) This article applies only to a defendant placed on community supervision for an offense involving the possession, manufacture, or delivery of a controlled substance under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code.

16 (b) If a judge orders a defendant to whom this article 17 applies to perform community service, the judge may authorize the 18 defendant to perform not more than 30 hours of community outreach 19 under this article instead of performing hours of community 20 service.

(c) Community outreach under this article must consist of working with a secondary school at the direction of the judge to educate students on the dangers and legal consequences of possessing, manufacturing, or delivering a controlled substance.

25 (d) A secondary school is not required to allow a defendant26 to perform community outreach at that school.

27 (e) The judge may not authorize the defendant to perform

1 hours of community outreach under this article instead of 2 performing hours of community service if:

3 (1) the defendant is physically or mentally incapable4 of participating in community outreach; or

5 (2) the defendant is subject to registration as a sex 6 offender under Chapter 62. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 7 16(g).)

8 Art. 42A.306. SUPERVISION OF DEFENDANT FROM OUT OF STATE. A 9 judge who receives a defendant for supervision as authorized by 10 Section 510.017, Government Code, may impose on the defendant any 11 term of community supervision authorized by this chapter. (Code 12 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 19(c) (part).)

Art. 42A.307. ORCHIECTOMY PROHIBITED. A judge may not require a defendant to undergo an orchiectomy as a condition of community supervision. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(f).)

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SUBCHAPTER H. MANDATORY CONDITIONS GENERALLY

Art. 42A.351. EDUCATIONAL SKILL LEVEL. (a) If the judge or jury places a defendant on community supervision, the judge shall require the defendant to demonstrate to the court whether the defendant has an educational skill level that is equal to or greater than the average educational skill level of students who have completed the sixth grade in public schools in this state.

(b) If the judge determines that the defendant has not attained the educational skill level described by Subsection (a), the judge shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant attain that level of educational skill, unless the judge also determines that the defendant lacks the intellectual

capacity or the learning ability to ever achieve that level of

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Art. 42A.352. DNA SAMPLE. A judge granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of a felony shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant provide a DNA sample under Subchapter G, Chapter 411, Government Code, for the purpose of creating a DNA record of the defendant, unless the defendant has already submitted the required sample under other state law. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(j).)

educational skill. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(c).)

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10 SUBCHAPTER I. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN INTOXICATION 11 OFFENSES

Art. 42A.401. CONFINEMENT OF 12 AS CONDITION COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN INTOXICATION OFFENSES. 13 (a) A judge 14 granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of an 15 offense under Chapter 49, Penal Code, shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant submit to: 16

(1) not less than 72 hours of continuous confinement in county jail if the defendant was punished under Section 49.09(a), Penal Code;

20 (2) not less than five days of confinement in county
21 jail if the defendant was punished under Section 49.09(a), Penal
22 Code, and was subject to Section 49.09(h), Penal Code;

(3) not less than 10 days of confinement in county jail
if the defendant was punished under Section 49.09(b), Penal Code;

(4) not less than 30 days of confinement in county jail
if the defendant was convicted of an offense under Section 49.07,
Penal Code; or

(5) a term of confinement of not less than 120 days if
 the defendant was convicted of an offense under Section 49.08,
 Penal Code.

4 (b) If a sentence of confinement is imposed on the 5 revocation of community supervision, the term of confinement served 6 under Subsection (a) may not be credited toward completion of the 7 sentence imposed. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 13(a) 8 (part), (b), (e).)

DRUG OR ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE EVALUATION AND 9 Art. 42A.402. 10 REHABILITATION. (a) A judge granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense under Chapter 49, Penal Code, 11 12 shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant submit to an evaluation by a supervision officer or by a 13 person, program, or facility approved by the Department of State 14 15 Health Services for the purpose of having the facility prescribe and carry out a course of conduct necessary for the rehabilitation 16 17 of the defendant's drug or alcohol dependence condition.

(b) If the director of a facility to which a defendant is referred under Subsection (a) determines that the defendant is not making a good faith effort to participate in a program of rehabilitation, the director shall notify the judge who referred the defendant to the facility of that determination.

(c) If a judge requires as a condition of community supervision that the defendant participate in a prescribed course of conduct necessary for the rehabilitation of the defendant's drug or alcohol dependence condition, the judge shall require that the defendant pay for all or part of the cost of the rehabilitation

1 based on the defendant's ability to pay. The judge, in the judge's 2 discretion, may credit against the fine assessed the cost paid by 3 the defendant. In determining a defendant's ability to pay the cost 4 of rehabilitation under this subsection, the judge shall consider 5 whether the defendant has insurance coverage that will pay for 6 rehabilitation.

7 A judge who grants community supervision to a defendant (d) 8 convicted of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, shall require, if the defendant has not submitted to an evaluation 9 10 under Article 42A.257 before receiving community supervision, that the defendant submit to the evaluation as a condition of community 11 12 supervision. If the evaluation indicates to the judge that the 13 defendant needs treatment for drug or alcohol dependency, the judge shall require the defendant to submit to that treatment as a 14 15 condition of community supervision in a program or facility that:

16 (1) is approved or licensed by the Department of State17 Health Services; or

(2) complies with standards established by the community justice assistance division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, after consultation by the division with the Department of State Health Services. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 13(a) (part), (c), (d), (f).)

Art. 42A.403. EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN INTOXICATION OFFENDERS; WAIVER OR EXTENSION OF TIME. (a) A judge who places on community supervision a defendant convicted of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant attend and successfully

H.B. No. 2299 1 complete, before the 181st day after the date community supervision is granted, an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons 2 3 who have driven while intoxicated that is jointly approved by: (1) the Department of State Health Services; 4 5 (2) the Department of Public Safety; 6 (3) the traffic safety section of the traffic 7 operations division of the Texas Department of Transportation; and 8 (4) the community justice assistance division of the 9 Texas Department of Criminal Justice. (b) This article does not apply to a defendant if a jury recommends community supervision for the defendant and also recommends that the defendant's driver's license not be suspended. If the defendant by a motion in writing shows good 13 (c) cause, the judge may: 15 (1)waive the educational program requirement; or 16 (2) to enable the defendant to successfully complete 17 the program, grant an extension of time that expires not later than the first anniversary of the beginning date of the defendant's 18 19 community supervision. In determining good cause, the judge may consider but is (d) not limited to: (1)the defendant's school and work schedule; 23 (2) the defendant's health; (3) the distance that the defendant must travel to attend an educational program; and (4) the fact that the defendant resides out of state, does not have a valid driver's license, or does not have access to

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1 transportation.

2 (e) The judge shall set out the finding of good cause for
3 waiver in the judgment. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13(h)
4 (part).)

5 Art. 42A.404. EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN REPEAT INTOXICATION OFFENDERS; WAIVER. (a) The judge shall require a 6 defendant who is punished under Section 49.09, Penal Code, to 7 8 attend and successfully complete as a condition of community supervision an educational program for repeat offenders that is 9 10 approved by the Department of State Health Services.

(b) The judge may waive the educational program requirement only if the defendant by a motion in writing shows good cause. In determining good cause, the judge may consider:

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(1) the defendant's school and work schedule;

(2) the defendant's health;

16 (3) the distance that the defendant must travel to 17 attend an educational program; and

18 (4) whether the defendant resides out of state or does19 not have access to transportation.

(c) The judge shall set out the finding of good cause in thejudgment. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13(j) (part).)

Art. 42A.405. RULES FOR AND ADMINISTRATION OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS. (a) The Health and Human Services Commission shall adopt rules for the educational program under Article 42A.404.

25 (b) The Department of State Health Services shall:

(1) publish the jointly approved rules for theeducational program under Article 42A.403; and

(2) monitor, coordinate, and provide training to
 persons providing the educational programs under this subchapter.

3 (c) The Department of State Health Services is responsible 4 for the administration of the certification of approved educational 5 programs.

(d) The Department of State Health Services may charge a
nonrefundable application fee for the initial certification of
approval or for a renewal of the certification. (Code Crim. Proc.,
Art. 42.12, Secs. 13(h) (part), (j) (part).)

Art. 42A.406. EFFECT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS ON 10 DRIVING RECORD AND LICENSE. (a) If a defendant is required as a 11 condition of community supervision to attend an educational program 12 under Article 42A.403 or 42A.404, or if the court waives the 13 14 educational program requirement under Article 42A.403, the court 15 clerk shall immediately report that fact to the Department of Public Safety, on a form prescribed by the department, for 16 17 inclusion in the defendant's driving record. If the court grants an extension of time in which the defendant may complete the 18 educational program under Article 42A.403, the court clerk shall 19 immediately report that fact to the Department of Public Safety on a 20 21 form prescribed by the department. The clerk's report under this 22 subsection must include the beginning date of the defendant's 23 community supervision.

(b) On the defendant's successful completion of an educational program under Article 42A.403 or 42A.404, the defendant's instructor shall give notice to the Department of Public Safety for inclusion in the defendant's driving record and

1 to the community supervision and corrections department. The 2 community supervision and corrections department shall forward the 3 notice to the court clerk for filing.

4 (c) If the Department of Public Safety does not receive
5 notice that a defendant required to complete an educational program
6 has successfully completed the program within the period required
7 by the judge under this subchapter, as shown on department records,
8 the department, as provided by Sections 521.344(e) and (f),
9 Transportation Code, shall:

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(1) revoke the defendant's driver's license; or

11

(2) prohibit the defendant from obtaining a license.

12 (d) The Department of Public Safety may not reinstate a license revoked under Subsection (c) as the result of 13 an 14 educational program requirement imposed under Article 42A.403 15 unless the defendant whose license was revoked applies to the department for reinstatement of the license and pays to the 16 17 department a reinstatement fee of \$100. The Department of Public Safety shall remit all fees collected under this subsection to the 18 19 comptroller for deposit in the general revenue fund. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 13(h) (part), (j) (part).) 20

Art. 42A.407. SUSPENSION OF DRIVER'S LICENSE. 21 (a) A jury that recommends community supervision for a defendant convicted of 22 an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, may recommend 23 24 that any driver's license issued to the defendant under Chapter 521, Transportation Code, not be suspended. This subsection does 25 26 not apply to a defendant punished under Section 49.09(a) or (b), Penal Code, and subject to Section 49.09(h), Penal Code. 27

1 (b) Notwithstanding Sections 521.344(d) - (i), Transportation Code, if under Article 42A.404 the judge requires a 2 3 defendant punished under Section 49.09, Penal Code, to attend an educational program as a condition of community supervision, or 4 5 waives the required attendance for the program, and the defendant has previously been required to attend such an educational program, 6 or the required attendance at the program had been waived, the judge 7 8 shall order the suspension of the defendant's driver's license for a period determined by the judge according to the following schedule: 9

10 (1) not less than 90 days or more than one year, if the
11 defendant is convicted under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code;

12 (2) not less than 180 days or more than two years, if 13 the defendant is punished under Section 49.09(a) or (b), Penal 14 Code; or

15 (3) not less than one year or more than two years, if 16 the defendant is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under 17 Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, committed within five years of 18 the date on which the most recent preceding offense was committed.

19 (c) If the Department of Public Safety receives notice that 20 a defendant has been required to attend a subsequent educational 21 program under Article 42A.403 or 42A.404, although the previously 22 required attendance had been waived, but the judge has not ordered a 23 period of suspension, the department shall:

(1) suspend the defendant's driver's license; or
(2) issue an order prohibiting the defendant from
26 obtaining a license for a period of one year.

27 (d) The judge shall suspend the defendant's driver's license

1 for a period provided under Subchapter O, Chapter 521, 2 Transportation Code, if:

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3 (1) a judge revokes the community supervision of the 4 defendant for:

5 (A) an offense under Section 49.04, Penal Code; 6 or

7 (B) an offense involving the operation of a motor8 vehicle under Section 49.07, Penal Code; and

9 (2) the license has not previously been ordered by the 10 judge to be suspended, or the suspension was previously probated.

(e) The suspension of a defendant's driver's license under Subsection (d) shall be reported to the Department of Public Safety as provided under Section 521.347, Transportation Code.

14 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter 15 or other law, a judge who places on community supervision a defendant who was younger than 21 years of age at the time of the 16 17 offense and was convicted for an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, shall order that the defendant's driver's 18 19 license be suspended for 90 days beginning on the date the defendant is placed on community supervision. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, 20 Secs. 13(g), (k), (l), (m), (n) (part).) 21

Art. 42A.408. USE OF IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE. (a) In this article, "ignition interlock device" means a device that uses a deep-lung breath analysis mechanism to make impractical the operation of the motor vehicle if ethyl alcohol is detected in the breath of the operator.

27

(b) The court may require as a condition of community

1 supervision that a defendant placed on community supervision after 2 conviction of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, 3 have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle 4 owned by the defendant or on the vehicle most regularly driven by 5 the defendant and that the defendant not operate any motor vehicle 6 that is not equipped with that device.

7 (c) The court shall require as a condition of community 8 supervision that a defendant described by Subsection (b) have an 9 ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle owned by 10 the defendant or on the vehicle most regularly driven by the 11 defendant and that the defendant not operate any motor vehicle 12 unless the vehicle is equipped with that device if:

(1) it is shown on the trial of the offense that an analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, breath, or urine showed an alcohol concentration level of 0.15 or more at the time the analysis was performed;

17 (2) the defendant is placed on community supervision 18 after conviction of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.06, Penal 19 Code, for which the defendant is punished under Section 49.09(a) or 20 (b), Penal Code; or

(3) the court determines under Subsection (d) that the defendant has one or more previous convictions under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code.

(d) Before placing on community supervision a defendant
convicted of an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, the
court shall determine from criminal history record information
maintained by the Department of Public Safety whether the defendant

1 has one or more previous convictions under any of those sections. A
2 previous conviction may not be used for purposes of restricting a
3 defendant to the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an
4 ignition interlock device under Subsection (c) if:

5 (1) the previous conviction was a final conviction 6 under Section 49.04, 49.045, 49.05, 49.06, 49.07, or 49.08, Penal 7 Code, and was for an offense committed before the beginning of the 8 10-year period preceding the date of the instant offense for which 9 the defendant was convicted and placed on community supervision; 10 and

(2) the defendant has not been convicted of an offense under Section 49.04, 49.045, 49.05, 49.06, 49.07, or 49.08, Penal Code, committed within the 10-year period preceding the date of the instant offense for which the defendant was convicted and placed on community supervision.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter 16 (e) 17 or other law, a judge who places on community supervision a defendant who was younger than 21 years of age at the time of the 18 19 offense and was convicted for an offense under Sections 20 49.04-49.08, Penal Code, shall require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant not operate any motor vehicle unless 21 the vehicle is equipped with an ignition interlock device. 22

(f) The court shall require the defendant to obtain an ignition interlock device at the defendant's own cost before the 30th day after the date of conviction unless the court finds that to do so would not be in the best interest of justice and enters its findings on record. The court shall require the defendant to

1 provide evidence to the court within the 30-day period that the device has been installed on the appropriate vehicle and order the 2 3 device to remain installed on that vehicle for a period the length of which is not less than 50 percent of the supervision period. 4 If 5 the court determines the defendant is unable to pay for the ignition interlock device, the court may impose a reasonable payment 6 schedule not to exceed twice the length of the period of the court's 7 8 order.

9 (g) The Department of Public Safety shall approve ignition 10 interlock devices for use under this article. Section 521.247, 11 Transportation Code, applies to the approval of a device under this 12 article and the consequences of that approval.

13 (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, 14 if a defendant is required to operate a motor vehicle in the course 15 and scope of the defendant's employment and if the vehicle is owned by the employer, the defendant may operate that vehicle without 16 17 installation of an approved ignition interlock device if the employer has been notified of that driving privilege restriction 18 19 and if proof of that notification is with the vehicle. The employment exemption does not apply if the business entity that 20 owns the vehicle is owned or controlled by the defendant. (Code 21 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 13(i) (part), (n) (part).) 22

Art. 42A.409. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR ENHANCED PUBLIC INTOXICATION OFFENSE. (a) On conviction of an offense punishable as a Class C misdemeanor under Section 49.02, Penal Code, for which punishment is enhanced under Section 12.43(c), Penal Code, based on previous convictions under Section 49.02 or 42.01, Penal Code, the

1 court may suspend the imposition of the sentence and place the 2 defendant on community supervision if the court finds that the 3 defendant would benefit from community supervision and enters its 4 finding on the record. The judge may suspend in whole or in part the 5 imposition of any fine imposed on conviction.

6 (b) All provisions of this chapter applying to a defendant 7 placed on community supervision for a misdemeanor apply to a 8 defendant placed on community supervision under Subsection (a), 9 except that the court shall require the defendant as a condition of 10 community supervision to:

11 (1) submit to diagnostic testing for addiction to 12 alcohol or a controlled substance or drug;

13

submit to a psychological assessment;

14 (3) if indicated as necessary by testing and 15 assessment, participate in an alcohol or drug abuse treatment or 16 education program; and

17 (4) pay the costs of testing, assessment, and
18 treatment or education, either directly or as a court cost. (Code
19 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15A.)

20 SUBCHAPTER J. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO SEX OFFENDERS

Art. 42A.451. SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION; DNA SAMPLE. A judge granting community supervision to a defendant required to register as a sex offender under Chapter 62 shall require that the defendant, as a condition of community supervision:

25 (1) register under that chapter; and

26 (2) submit a DNA sample to the Department of Public27 Safety under Subchapter G, Chapter 411, Government Code, for the

1 purpose of creating a DNA record of the defendant, unless the 2 defendant has already submitted the required sample under other 3 state law. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(e).)

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Art. 42A.452. TREATMENT, SPECIALIZED 4 SUPERVISION, OR 5 REHABILITATION. A judge who grants community supervision to a sex offender evaluated under Article 42A.258 may require the sex 6 offender as a condition of community supervision to submit to 7 8 treatment, specialized supervision, or rehabilitation according to offense-specific standards of practice adopted by the Council on 9 10 Sex Offender Treatment. On a finding that the defendant is financially able to make payment, the judge shall require the 11 12 defendant to pay all or part of the reasonable and necessary costs of the treatment, supervision, or rehabilitation. (Code Crim. 13 14 Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(i).)

Art. 42A.453. CHILD SAFETY ZONE. (a) In this article, "playground," "premises," "school," "video arcade facility," and "youth center" have the meanings assigned by Section 481.134, Health and Safety Code.

(b) This article applies to a defendant placed on communitysupervision for an offense under:

(1) Section 20.04(a)(4), Penal Code, if the defendant committed the offense with the intent to violate or abuse the victim sexually;

24 (2) Section 20A.02, Penal Code, if the defendant:
25 (A) trafficked the victim with the intent or
26 knowledge that the victim would engage in sexual conduct, as
27 defined by Section 43.25, Penal Code; or

H.B. No. 2299 benefited from participating in a venture 1 (B) that involved a trafficked victim engaging in sexual conduct, as 2 3 defined by Section 43.25, Penal Code; 4 (3) Section 21.08, 21.11, 22.011, 22.021, or 25.02, 5 Penal Code; (4) Section 30.02, Penal Code, punishable 6 under 7 Subsection (d) of that section, if the defendant committed the 8 offense with the intent to commit a felony listed in Subdivision (1) or (3); or 9 10 (5) Section 43.05(a)(2), 43.25, or 43.26, Penal Code. 11 (c) If a judge grants community supervision to a defendant 12 described by Subsection (b) and the judge determines that a child as defined by Section 22.011(c), Penal Code, was the victim of the 13 offense, the judge shall establish a child safety zone applicable 14 15 to the defendant by requiring as a condition of community supervision that the defendant: 16 17 (1)not: (A) supervise or participate in any program that: 18 19 (i) includes as participants or recipients persons who are 17 years of age or younger; and 20 21 (ii) regularly provides athletic, civic, or cultural activities; or 22 23 go in, on, or within 1,000 feet of a premises (B) 24 where children commonly gather, including a school, day-care facility, playground, public or private youth center, public 25 26 swimming pool, or video arcade facility; and 27 (2) attend psychological counseling sessions for sex

1 offenders with an individual or organization that provides sex 2 offender treatment or counseling as specified or approved by the 3 judge or the defendant's supervision officer.

4 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (c)(1), a judge is not
5 required to impose the conditions described by Subsection (c)(1) if
6 the defendant is a student at a primary or secondary school.

7 (e) At any time after the imposition of a condition under 8 Subsection (c)(1), the defendant may request the court to modify 9 the child safety zone applicable to the defendant because the zone 10 as created by the court:

(1) interferes with the defendant's ability to attend school or hold a job and consequently constitutes an undue hardship for the defendant; or

14 (2) is broader than is necessary to protect the15 public, given the nature and circumstances of the offense.

16 (f) A supervision officer for a defendant described by 17 Subsection (b) may permit the defendant to enter on an 18 event-by-event basis into the child safety zone from which the 19 defendant is otherwise prohibited from entering if:

(1) the defendant has served at least two years of theperiod of community supervision;

(2) the defendant enters the zone as part of a programto reunite with the defendant's family;

(3) the defendant presents to the supervision officer
a written proposal specifying where the defendant intends to go
within the zone, why and with whom the defendant is going, and how
the defendant intends to cope with any stressful situations that

1 occur;

2 (4) the sex offender treatment provider treating the
3 defendant agrees with the supervision officer that the defendant
4 should be allowed to attend the event; and

5 (5) the supervision officer and the treatment provider 6 agree on a chaperon to accompany the defendant and the chaperon 7 agrees to perform that duty.

8 (g) Article 42A.051(b) does not prohibit a supervision 9 officer from modifying a condition of community supervision by 10 permitting a defendant to enter a child safety zone under 11 Subsection (f).

(h) Notwithstanding Subsection (c)(1)(B), a requirement that a defendant not go in, on, or within 1,000 feet of certain premises does not apply to a defendant while the defendant is in or going immediately to or from a:

16 (1) community supervision and corrections department 17 office;

18 (2) premises at which the defendant is participating
19 in a program or activity required as a condition of community
20 supervision;

(3) residential facility in which the defendant is required to reside as a condition of community supervision, if the facility was in operation as a residence for defendants on community supervision on June 1, 2003; or

(4) private residence at which the defendant is26 required to reside as a condition of community supervision.

27 (i) A supervision officer who under Subsection (c)(2)

1 specifies a sex offender treatment provider to provide counseling
2 to a defendant shall:

3 (1) contact the provider before the defendant is
4 released;

5 (2) establish the date, time, and place of the first 6 session between the defendant and the provider; and

7 (3) request the provider to immediately notify the 8 supervision officer if the defendant fails to attend the first 9 session or any subsequent scheduled session. (Code Crim. Proc., 10 Art. 42.12, Sec. 13B.)

Art. 42A.454. CERTAIN INTERNET ACTIVITY PROHIBITED. (a) This article applies only to a defendant who is required to register as a sex offender under Chapter 62, by court order or otherwise, and:

(1) is convicted of or receives a grant of deferred adjudication community supervision for a violation of Section 21.11, 22.011(a)(2), 22.021(a)(1)(B), 33.021, or 43.25, Penal Code;

19 (2) used the Internet or any other type of electronic 20 device used for Internet access to commit the offense or engage in 21 the conduct for which the person is required to register under 22 Chapter 62; or

(3) is assigned a numeric risk level of three based onan assessment conducted under Article 62.007.

(b) If the court grants community supervision to a defendant described by Subsection (a), the court as a condition of community supervision shall prohibit the defendant from using the Internet

1 to:

2 (1) access material that is obscene, as defined by3 Section 43.21, Penal Code;

4 (2) access a commercial social networking site, as
5 defined by Article 62.0061(f);

6 (3) communicate with any individual concerning sexual
7 relations with an individual who is younger than 17 years of age; or
8 (4) communicate with another individual the defendant
9 knows is younger than 17 years of age.

10 (c) The court may modify at any time the condition described 11 by Subsection (b)(4) if:

(1) the condition interferes with the defendant's ability to attend school or become or remain employed and consequently constitutes an undue hardship for the defendant; or

15 (2) the defendant is the parent or guardian of an 16 individual who is younger than 17 years of age and the defendant is 17 not otherwise prohibited from communicating with that individual. 18 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13G.)

Art. 42A.455. PAYMENT TO CHILDREN'S ADVOCACY CENTER. 19 А judge who grants community supervision to a defendant charged with 20 or convicted of an offense under Section 21.11 or 22.011(a)(2), 21 Penal Code, may require the defendant to make one payment in an 22 amount not to exceed \$50 to a children's advocacy center 23 24 established under Subchapter E, Chapter 264, Family Code. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(g).) 25

SUBCHAPTER K. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN OTHER OFFENSES AND 1 2 OFFENDERS COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR OFFENSE COMMITTED 3 Art. 42A.501. BECAUSE OF BIAS OR PREJUDICE. (a) A court granting community 4 5 supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense for which the court has made an affirmative finding under Article 42.014 shall 6 require as a term of community supervision that the defendant: 7 8 (1)serve a term of not more than one year imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice if the offense is a 9 felony other than an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code; or 10 (2) serve a term of not more than 90 days confinement 11 12 in jail if the offense is a misdemeanor. (b) The court may not grant community supervision on its own 13 14 motion or on the recommendation of the jury to a defendant convicted of an offense for which the court has made an affirmative finding 15 under Article 42.014 if: 16 (1) the offense for which the court has made the 17 affirmative finding is an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code; 18 19 or (2) the defendant has been previously convicted of an 20 offense for which the court made an affirmative finding under 21 Article 42.014. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13A.) 22 Art. 42A.502. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN VIOLENT 23 24 OFFENSES; CHILD SAFETY ZONE. (a) In this article, "playground," "premises," "school," "video arcade facility," and "youth center" 25 26 have the meanings assigned by Section 481.134, Health and Safety 27 Code.

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1 (b) A judge granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense listed in Article 42A.054(a) or for which 2 3 the judgment contains an affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) may establish a child safety zone applicable to 4 5 the defendant, if the nature of the offense for which the defendant is convicted warrants the establishment of a child safety zone, by 6 requiring as a condition of community supervision that the 7 defendant not: 8

9

(1) supervise or participate in any program that:

10 (A) includes as participants or recipients11 persons who are 17 years of age or younger; and

12 (B) regularly provides athletic, civic, or13 cultural activities; or

14 (2) go in or on, or within a distance specified by the 15 judge of, a premises where children commonly gather, including a 16 school, day-care facility, playground, public or private youth 17 center, public swimming pool, or video arcade facility.

18 (c) At any time after the imposition of a condition under 19 Subsection (b), the defendant may request the judge to modify the 20 child safety zone applicable to the defendant because the zone as 21 created by the judge:

(1) interferes with the defendant's ability to attend
school or hold a job and consequently constitutes an undue hardship
for the defendant; or

(2) is broader than is necessary to protect thepublic, given the nature and circumstances of the offense.

27

(d)

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This article does not apply to a defendant described by

1 Article 42A.453. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13D.)

Art. 42A.503. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN CHILD ABUSE OFFENSES; PROHIBITED CONTACT WITH VICTIM. (a) If the court grants community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense described by Article 17.41(a), the court may require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant not:

7 (1) directly communicate with the victim of the 8 offense; or

9 (2) go near a residence, school, or other location, as 10 specifically described in the copy of terms and conditions, that is 11 frequented by the victim.

(b) In imposing the condition under Subsection (a), thecourt may grant the defendant supervised access to the victim.

14 (C) To the extent that a condition imposed under this article conflicts with an existing court order granting possession 15 of or access to a child, the condition imposed under this article 16 17 prevails for a period specified by the court granting community supervision, not to exceed 90 days. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, 18 Sec. 14(a), as amended Acts 73rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 165 (H.B. 119), 19 Acts 76th Leg., R.S., Ch. 910 (H.B. 2187), Acts 78th Leg., R.S., Ch. 20 353 (S.B. 1054), Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 113 (S.B. 44).) 21

Art. 42A.504. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES INVOLVING FAMILY VIOLENCE; SPECIAL CONDITIONS. (a) In this article:

(1) "Family violence" has the meaning assigned bySection 71.004, Family Code.

27 (2) "Family violence center" has the meaning assigned

1 by Section 51.002, Human Resources Code.

If a judge grants community supervision to a defendant (b) 2 convicted of an offense under Title 5, Penal Code, that the court 3 determines involves family violence, the judge shall require the 4 5 defendant to pay \$100 to a family violence center that:

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7

(1)receives state or federal funds; and

serves the county in which the court is located. (2) 8 (c) If the court grants community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense involving family violence, the court may 9 10 require the defendant, at the direction of the supervision officer, 11 to:

12 (1)attend a battering intervention and prevention program or counsel with a provider of battering intervention and 13 prevention services if the program or provider has been accredited 14 15 under Section 4A, Article 42.141, as conforming to program guidelines under that article; or 16

17 (2) if the referral option under Subdivision (1) is not available, attend counseling sessions for the elimination of 18 violent behavior with a licensed counselor, social worker, or other 19 professional who has completed family violence intervention 20 training that the community justice assistance division of the 21 Criminal Justice has approved, 22 Texas Department of after 23 consultation with the licensing authorities described by Chapters 24 152, 501, 502, 503, and 505, Occupations Code, and experts in the field of family violence. 25

26 (d) If the court requires the defendant to attend counseling 27 or a program, the court shall require the defendant to begin

1 attendance not later than the 60th day after the date the court grants community supervision, notify the supervision officer of the 2 3 name, address, and phone number of the counselor or program, and report the defendant's attendance to the supervision officer. 4 The 5 court shall require the defendant to pay all the reasonable costs of the counseling sessions or attendance in the program on a finding 6 that the defendant is financially able to make payment. 7 If the 8 court finds the defendant is unable to make payment, the court shall make the counseling sessions or enrollment in the program available 9 10 without cost to the defendant. The court may also require the defendant to pay all or a part of the reasonable costs incurred by 11 12 the victim for counseling made necessary by the offense, on a finding that the defendant is financially able to make payment. The 13 14 court may order the defendant to make payments under this subsection for a period not to exceed one year after the date on 15 which the order is entered. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 16 17 11(h); Secs. 14(c), (c-1), (c-2), as amended Acts 73rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 165 (H.B. 119), Acts 76th Leg., R.S., Ch. 910 (H.B. 2187), Acts 18 19 78th Leg., R.S., Ch. 353 (S.B. 1054), Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 113 (S.B. 44).) 20

Art. 42A.505. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR STALKING OFFENSE; PROHIBITED CONTACT WITH VICTIM. (a) If the court grants community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense under Section 42.072, Penal Code, the court may require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant not:

26 (1) communicate directly or indirectly with the27 victim; or

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(2) go to or near:

2 (A) the residence, place of employment, or3 business of the victim; or

4 (B) a school, day-care facility, or similar5 facility where a dependent child of the victim is in attendance.

6 (b) If the court requires the prohibition contained in 7 Subsection (a)(2) as a condition of community supervision, the 8 court shall specifically describe the prohibited locations and the 9 minimum distances, if any, that the defendant must maintain from 10 the locations. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(1).)

Art. 42A.506. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR DEFENDANT WITH 11 12 MENTAL IMPAIRMENT. If the judge places a defendant on community supervision and the defendant is determined to be a person with 13 14 mental illness or a person with an intellectual disability, as 15 provided by Article 16.22 or Chapter 46B or in a psychological evaluation conducted under Article 42A.253(a)(6), the judge may 16 17 require the defendant as a condition of community supervision to submit to outpatient or inpatient mental health or intellectual 18 disability treatment if: 19

20

(1) the defendant's:

21

(A) mental impairment is chronic in nature; or

(B) ability to function independently will
continue to deteriorate if the defendant does not receive mental
health or intellectual disability services; and

(2) the judge determines, in consultation with a local
mental health or intellectual disability services provider, that
mental health or intellectual disability services, as appropriate,

1 are available for the defendant through:

2 (A) the Department of State Health Services or
3 the Department of Aging and Disability Services under Section
4 534.053, Health and Safety Code; or

(B) another mental health or intellectual
disability services provider. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec.
11(d).)

8 Art. 42A.507. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN DEFENDANTS 9 IDENTIFIED AS MEMBERS OF CRIMINAL STREET GANGS; ELECTRONIC 10 MONITORING. (a) This article applies only to a defendant who:

(1) is identified as a member of a criminal street gang
in an intelligence database established under Chapter 61; and

13 (2) has two or more times been previously convicted 14 of, or received a grant of deferred adjudication community 15 supervision or another functionally equivalent form of community 16 supervision or probation for, a felony offense under the laws of 17 this state, another state, or the United States.

(b) A court granting community supervision to a defendant described by Subsection (a) may, on the defendant's conviction of a felony offense, require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant submit to tracking under an electronic monitoring service or other appropriate technological service designed to track a person's location. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13E.)

Art. 42A.508. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN ORGANIZED CRIME OFFENSES; RESTRICTIONS ON OPERATION OF MOTOR VEHICLE. A court granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of an

1 offense under Chapter 71, Penal Code, may impose as a condition of 2 community supervision restrictions on the defendant's operation of 3 a motor vehicle, including specifying:

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4 (1) hours during which the defendant may not operate a 5 motor vehicle; and

6 (2) locations at or in which the defendant may not 7 operate a motor vehicle. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13F.)

8 Art. 42A.509. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR GRAFFITI OFFENSE. 9 A court granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of 10 an offense under Section 28.08, Penal Code, shall require as a 11 condition of community supervision that the defendant perform:

12 (1) at least 15 hours of community service if the 13 amount of pecuniary loss resulting from the commission of the 14 offense is \$50 or more but less than \$500; or

15 (2) at least 30 hours of community service if the 16 amount of pecuniary loss resulting from the commission of the 17 offense is \$500 or more. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 18 11(k).)

Art. 42A.510. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 19 FOR ENHANCED DISORDERLY CONDUCT OFFENSE. (a) On conviction of an offense 20 punishable as a Class C misdemeanor under Section 42.01, Penal 21 Code, for which punishment is enhanced under Section 12.43(c), 22 Penal Code, based on previous convictions under Section 42.01 or 23 24 49.02, Penal Code, the court may suspend the imposition of the sentence and place the defendant on community supervision if the 25 26 court finds that the defendant would benefit from community supervision and enters its finding on the record. The judge may 27

1 suspend in whole or in part the imposition of any fine imposed on 2 conviction.

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3 (b) All provisions of this chapter applying to a defendant 4 placed on community supervision for a misdemeanor apply to a 5 defendant placed on community supervision under this article, 6 except that the court shall require the defendant as a condition of 7 community supervision to:

8 (1) submit to diagnostic testing for addiction to9 alcohol or a controlled substance or drug;

submit to a psychological assessment;

10

(2)

(3) if indicated as necessary by testing and assessment, participate in an alcohol or drug abuse treatment or education program; and

14 (4) pay the costs of testing, assessment, and
15 treatment or education, either directly or as a court cost. (Code
16 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15A.)

Art. 42A.511. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES INVOLVING ANIMALS. If a judge grants community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense under Section 42.09, 42.091, 42.092, or 42.10, Penal Code, the judge may require the defendant to attend a responsible pet owner course sponsored by a municipal animal shelter, as defined by Section 823.001, Health and Safety Code, that:

24 (1) receives federal, state, county, or municipal25 funds; and

26 (2) serves the county in which the court is located.
27 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11(m).)

Art. 42A.512. 1 COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION OF CERTAIN VISUAL MATERIAL. (a) In this article, 2 3 "parent" means a natural or adoptive parent, managing or possessory conservator, or legal guardian. The term does not include a parent 4 5 whose parental rights have been terminated.

6 (b) If a judge grants community supervision to a defendant 7 who is convicted of or charged with an offense under Section 43.261, 8 Penal Code, the judge may require as a condition of community 9 supervision that the defendant attend and successfully complete an 10 educational program described by Section 37.218, Education Code, or 11 another equivalent educational program.

(c) The court shall require the defendant or the defendant's parent to pay the cost of attending an educational program under Subsection (b) if the court determines that the defendant or the defendant's parent is financially able to make payment. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13H.)

Art. 42A.513. COMMUNITY SUPERVISION FOR MAKING FIREARM ACCESSIBLE TO CHILD. (a) A court granting community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense under Section 46.13, Penal Code, may require as a condition of community supervision that the defendant:

(1) provide an appropriate public service activity23 designated by the court; or

(2) attend a firearms safety course that meets or
exceeds the requirements set by the National Rifle Association as
of January 1, 1995, for a firearms safety course that requires not
more than 17 hours of instruction.

(b) The court shall require the defendant to pay the cost of
 attending the firearms safety course under Subsection (a)(2).
 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 13C.)

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SUBCHAPTER L. STATE JAIL FELONY COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

5 Art. 42A.551. PLACEMENT ON COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; EXECUTION OF SENTENCE. (a) Except as otherwise provided by 6 Subsection (b) or (c), on conviction of a state jail felony under 7 8 Section 481.115(b), 481.1151(b)(1), 481.116(b), 481.1161(b)(3), 481.121(b)(3), or 481.129(g)(1), Health and Safety Code, that is 9 10 punished under Section 12.35(a), Penal Code, the judge shall suspend the imposition of the sentence and place the defendant on 11 12 community supervision.

(b) If the defendant has been previously convicted of a felony, other than a felony punished under Section 12.44(a), Penal Code, or if the conviction resulted from an adjudication of the guilt of a defendant previously placed on deferred adjudication community supervision for the offense, the judge may:

18 (1) suspend the imposition of the sentence and place19 the defendant on community supervision; or

20

(2) order the sentence to be executed.

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(c) Subsection (a) does not apply to a defendant who:

(1) under Section 481.1151(b)(1), Health and Safety
Code, possessed more than five abuse units of the controlled
substance;

(2) under Section 481.1161(b)(3), Health and Safety
Code, possessed more than one pound, by aggregate weight, including
adulterants or dilutants, of the controlled substance; or

H.B. No. 2299 (3) under Section 481.121(b)(3), Health and Safety 1 2 Code, possessed more than one pound of marihuana. 3 (d) On conviction of a state jail felony punished under Section 12.35(a), Penal Code, other than a state jail felony listed 4 5 in Subsection (a), subject to Subsection (e), the judge may: (1) suspend the imposition of the sentence and place 6 7 the defendant on community supervision; or 8 (2) order the sentence to be executed: in whole; or 9 (A) 10 (B) in part, with a period of community supervision to begin immediately on release of the defendant from 11 12 confinement. In any case in which the jury assesses punishment, the 13 (e) judge must follow the recommendations of the jury in suspending the 14 15 imposition of a sentence or ordering a sentence to be executed. If jury assessing punishment does not recommend community 16 а 17 supervision, the judge must order the sentence to be executed in whole. 18 (f) A defendant is considered to be finally convicted if the 19 judge orders the sentence to be executed under Subsection (d)(2), 20 regardless of whether the judge orders the sentence to be executed 21 in whole or only in part. 22 23 The judge may suspend in whole or in part the imposition (q) 24 of any fine imposed on conviction. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(a).) 25

26Art. 42A.552. REVIEW OF PRESENTENCE REPORT.Before27imposing a sentence in a state jail felony case in which the judge

1 assesses punishment, the judge shall:

2 (1) review the presentence report prepared for the3 defendant under Subchapter F; and

4 (2) determine whether the best interests of justice5 require the judge to:

6 (A) suspend the imposition of the sentence and7 place the defendant on community supervision; or

8 (B) order the sentence to be executed in whole or
9 in part as provided by Article 42A.551(d). (Code Crim. Proc., Art.
10 42.12, Sec. 15(c)(1) (part).)

Art. 42A.553. MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PERIODS OF COMMUNITY 11 SUPERVISION; EXTENSION. 12 (a) The minimum period of community supervision a judge may impose under this subchapter is two years. 13 14 The maximum period of community supervision a judge may impose 15 under this subchapter is five years, except that the judge may extend the maximum period of community supervision under this 16 17 subchapter to not more than 10 years.

(b) A judge may extend a period of community supervisionunder this subchapter:

20 (1) at any time during the period of community21 supervision; or

(2) before the first anniversary of the date the period of community supervision ends, if a motion for revocation of community supervision is filed before the date the period of community supervision ends. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(b).)

27 Art. 42A.554. CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) A

judge assessing punishment in a state jail felony case may impose any condition of community supervision on the defendant that the judge could impose on a defendant placed on supervision for an offense other than a state jail felony.

5 (b) If the judge suspends the execution of the sentence or 6 orders the execution of the sentence only in part as provided by 7 Article 42A.551(d), the judge shall impose conditions of community 8 supervision consistent with the recommendations contained in the 9 presentence report prepared for the defendant under Subchapter F.

10 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a judge who places a defendant on community supervision for an offense 11 listed in Article 42A.551(a) shall require the defendant to comply 12 with substance abuse treatment conditions that are consistent with 13 14 standards adopted by the Texas Board of Criminal Justice under 15 Section 509.015, Government Code. A judge is not required to impose the substance abuse treatment conditions if the judge makes an 16 17 affirmative finding that the defendant does not require imposition of the conditions to successfully complete the period of community 18 19 supervision. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 15(c)(1) (part), (2), (3).) 20

Art. 42A.555. CONFINEMENT AS A CONDITION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) A judge assessing punishment in a state jail felony case may impose as a condition of community supervision that a defendant submit at the beginning of the period of community supervision to a term of confinement in a state jail felony facility for a term of:

27

(1) not less than 90 days or more than 180 days; or

1 (2) not less than 90 days or more than one year, if the 2 defendant is convicted of an offense punishable as a state jail 3 felony under Section 481.112, 481.1121, 481.113, or 481.120, Health 4 and Safety Code.

5 (b) A judge may not require a defendant to submit to both the 6 term of confinement authorized by this article and a term of 7 confinement under Subchapter C or Article 42A.302. (Code Crim. 8 Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 15(c)(1) (part), (d) (part).)

9 Art. 42A.556. SANCTIONS IMPOSED ON MODIFICATION OF 10 COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. If in a state jail felony case a defendant violates a condition of community supervision imposed under this 11 12 chapter and after a hearing under Article 42A.751(d) the judge modifies the defendant's community supervision, the judge may 13 14 impose any sanction permitted by Article 42A.752, except that if 15 the judge requires a defendant to serve a term of confinement in a state jail felony facility as a modification of the defendant's 16 17 community supervision, the minimum term of confinement is 90 days and the maximum term of confinement is 180 days. (Code Crim. Proc., 18 Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(e).) 19

Art. 42A.557. REPORT BY DIRECTOR OF FACILITY. The facility 20 director of a state jail felony facility shall report to a judge who 21 orders a defendant confined in the facility as a condition of 22 23 community supervision or as a sanction imposed on a modification of 24 community supervision under Article 42A.556 not less than every 90 days on the defendant's programmatic progress, conduct, and 25 26 conformity to the rules of the facility. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(g).) 27

Art. 42A.558. REVOCATION; OPTIONS REGARDING EXECUTION OF SENTENCE. (a) If in a state jail felony case a defendant violates a condition of community supervision imposed under this chapter and after a hearing under Article 42A.751(d) the judge revokes the defendant's community supervision, the judge shall dispose of the case in the manner provided by Article 42A.755.

7 The court retains jurisdiction over the defendant for (b) the period during which the defendant is confined in a state jail 8 felony facility. At any time after the 75th day after the date the 9 10 defendant is received into the custody of a state jail felony facility, the judge on the judge's own motion, on the motion of the 11 12 attorney representing the state, or on the motion of the defendant may suspend further execution of the sentence and place the 13 defendant on community supervision under the conditions of this 14 15 subchapter.

(c) When the defendant or the attorney representing the 16 17 state files a written motion requesting the judge to suspend further execution of the sentence and place the defendant on 18 19 community supervision, the clerk of the court, if requested to do so by the judge, shall request a copy of the defendant's record while 20 confined from the facility director of the state jail felony 21 facility in which the defendant is confined or, if the defendant is 22 23 confined in county jail, from the sheriff. On receipt of the request, the facility director or the sheriff shall forward a copy 24 25 of the record to the judge as soon as possible.

(d) When the defendant files a written motion requesting thejudge to suspend further execution of the sentence and place the

1 defendant on community supervision, the defendant shall immediately deliver or cause to be delivered a copy of the motion to 2 3 the office of the attorney representing the state. The judge may deny the motion without holding a hearing but may not grant the 4 5 motion without holding a hearing and providing the attorney representing the state and the defendant the opportunity to present 6 evidence on the motion. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(f).) 7 8 Art. 42A.559. CREDITS FOR TIME SERVED. (a) For purposes of this article, "diligent participation" includes: 9

10 (1) successful completion of an educational,11 vocational, or treatment program;

12 (2) progress toward successful completion of an 13 educational, vocational, or treatment program that was interrupted 14 by illness, injury, or another circumstance outside the control of 15 the defendant; and

16

(3) active involvement in a work program.

(b) A defendant confined in a state jail felony facility does not earn good conduct time for time served in the facility but may be awarded diligent participation credit in accordance with Subsection (f).

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(c) A judge:

(1) may credit against any time a defendant is required to serve in a state jail felony facility time served in a county jail from the time of the defendant's arrest and confinement until sentencing by the trial court; and

26 (2) shall credit against any time a defendant is27 required to serve in a state jail felony facility time served before

1 sentencing in a substance abuse felony punishment facility operated 2 by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, 3 Government Code, or other court-ordered residential program or 4 facility as a condition of deferred adjudication community 5 supervision, but only if the defendant successfully completes the 6 treatment program in that facility.

7 (d) A judge shall credit against any time a defendant is 8 subsequently required to serve in a state jail felony facility 9 after revocation of community supervision time served after 10 sentencing:

11

(1) in a state jail felony facility; or

(2) in a substance abuse felony punishment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or other court-ordered residential program or facility if the defendant successfully completes the treatment program in that facility.

17 (e) For a defendant who has participated in an educational, vocational, treatment, or work program while confined in a state 18 19 jail felony facility, not later than the 30th day before the date on which the defendant will have served 80 percent of the defendant's 20 sentence, the Texas Department of Criminal Justice shall report to 21 the sentencing court the number of days during which the defendant 22 23 diligently participated in any educational, vocational, treatment, 24 or work program. The contents of a report submitted under this subsection are not subject to challenge by a defendant. 25

(f) A judge, based on the report received under Subsection(e), may credit against any time a defendant is required to serve in

a state jail felony facility additional time for each day the 1 defendant actually served in the facility while diligently 2 3 participating in an educational, vocational, treatment, or work A time credit under this subsection may not exceed 4 program. 5 one-fifth of the amount of time the defendant is originally required to serve in the facility. A defendant may not be awarded a 6 time credit under this subsection for any period during which the 7 8 defendant is subject to disciplinary action. A time credit under this subsection is a privilege and not a right. (Code Crim. Proc., 9 Art. 42.12, Sec. 15(h).) 10

Art. 42A.560. MEDICAL RELEASE. (a) If a defendant is 11 12 convicted of a state jail felony and the sentence is executed, the judge sentencing the defendant may release the defendant to a 13 14 medically suitable placement if the judge determines that the defendant does not constitute a threat to public safety and the 15 Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with Medical or Mental 16 17 Impairments:

18 (1) in coordination with the Correctional Managed
19 Health Care Committee, prepares a case summary and medical report
20 that identifies the defendant as:

(A) being a person who is elderly or terminally
ill or a person with a physical disability;

(B) being a person with mental illness or an24 intellectual disability; or

25 (C) having a condition requiring long-term care; 26 and

27

(2)

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in cooperation with the community supervision and

1 corrections department serving the sentencing court, prepares for 2 the defendant a medically recommended intensive supervision and 3 continuity of care plan that:

4 (A) ensures appropriate supervision of the
5 defendant by the community supervision and corrections department;
6 and

7 (B) requires the defendant to remain under the 8 care of a physician at and reside in a medically suitable placement. 9 (b) The Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with Medical 10 or Mental Impairments shall submit to a judge who releases a defendant to an appropriate medical care facility under Subsection 11 12 (a) a quarterly status report concerning the defendant's medical and treatment status. 13

(c) If a defendant released to a medically suitable placement under Subsection (a) violates the terms of that release, the judge may dispose of the matter as provided by Articles 42A.556 and 42A.558(a). (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 15(i), as added Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 1308, (j), as added Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 1308, (k).)

Art. 42A.561. MEDICAL RELEASE. (a) If a defendant is convicted of a state jail felony and the sentence is executed, the judge sentencing the defendant may release the defendant to a medical care facility or medical treatment program if the Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with Medical or Mental Impairments:

26 (1) identifies the defendant as:
27 (A) being a person who is elderly or terminally

1 ill or a person with a physical disability;

2 (B) being a person with mental illness or an3 intellectual disability; or

4 (C) having a condition requiring long-term care; 5 and

6 (2) in cooperation with the community supervision and 7 corrections department serving the sentencing court, prepares for 8 the defendant a medically recommended intensive supervision plan 9 that:

10 (A) ensures appropriate supervision of the 11 defendant; and

12 (B) requires the defendant to remain under the13 care of a physician at the facility or in the program.

(b) If a defendant released to a medical care facility or
medical treatment program under Subsection (a) violates the terms
of that release, the judge may dispose of the matter as provided by
Articles 42A.556 and 42A.558(a). (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12,
Secs. 15(i), as added Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 617, (j), as added
Acts 80th Leg., R.S., Ch. 617.)

20 SUBCHAPTER M. COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITIES

Art. 42A.601. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "community corrections facility" has the meaning assigned by Section 509.001, Government Code. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 18(a).)

Art. 42A.602. MAXIMUM TERM OR TERMS OF CONFINEMENT. (a) If a judge requires as a condition of community supervision or participation in a drug court program established under Chapter 123, Government Code, or former law that the defendant serve a term

1 of confinement in a community corrections facility, the term may 2 not exceed 24 months.

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3 (b) A judge who requires as a condition of community 4 supervision that the defendant serve a term of confinement in a 5 community corrections facility may not impose a subsequent term of 6 confinement in a community corrections facility or jail during the 7 same supervision period that, if added to the terms previously 8 imposed, exceeds 36 months. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 9 18(b), (h).)

Art. 42A.603. EFFECT OF REVOCATION ON CREDIT FOR TIME SPENT 10 11 IN FACILITY. A defendant granted community supervision under this 12 chapter and required as a condition of community supervision to serve a term of confinement under this subchapter may not earn good 13 14 conduct credit for time spent in a community corrections facility or apply time spent in the facility toward completion of a prison 15 sentence if the community supervision is revoked. 16 (Code Crim. 17 Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 18(c).)

Art. 42A.604. EVALUATION OF DEFENDANT'S BEHAVIOR 18 AND 19 ATTITUDE. (a) As directed by the judge, the community corrections facility director shall file with the community supervision and 20 corrections department director or administrator of a drug court 21 program, as applicable, a copy of an evaluation made by the facility 22 director of the defendant's behavior and attitude at the facility. 23 24 The community supervision and corrections department director or program administrator shall examine the evaluation, make written 25 26 comments on the evaluation that the director or administrator 27 considers relevant, and file the evaluation and comments with the

1 judge who granted community supervision to the defendant or placed the defendant in a drug court program. If the evaluation indicates 2 3 that the defendant has made significant progress toward compliance with court-ordered conditions of community supervision 4 or 5 objectives of placement in the drug court program, as applicable, the judge may release the defendant from the community corrections 6 facility. A defendant who served a term in the facility as a 7 8 condition of community supervision shall serve the remainder of the defendant's community supervision under any terms and conditions 9 10 the court imposes under this chapter.

Not later than 18 months after the date on which a 11 (b) 12 defendant is granted community supervision under this chapter and required as a condition of community supervision to serve a term of 13 14 confinement under this subchapter, the community corrections 15 facility director shall file with the community supervision and corrections department director a copy of an evaluation made by the 16 17 facility director of the defendant's behavior and attitude at the facility. The community supervision and corrections department 18 19 director shall examine the evaluation, make written comments on the evaluation that the director considers relevant, and file the 20 21 evaluation and comments with the judge who granted community supervision to the defendant. If the report indicates that the 22 23 defendant has made significant progress toward court-ordered 24 conditions of community supervision, the judge shall modify the judge's sentence and release the defendant in the same manner as 25 26 provided by Subsection (a). If the report indicates that the defendant would benefit from continued participation in 27 the

1 community corrections facility program, the judge may order the 2 defendant to remain at the community corrections facility for a 3 period determined by the judge. If the report indicates that the 4 defendant has not made significant progress toward rehabilitation, 5 the judge may revoke community supervision and order the defendant 6 to serve the term of confinement specified in the defendant's 7 sentence. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 18(d), (e).)

8 Art. 42A.605. PLACEMENT IN COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT. If 9 ordered by the judge who placed the defendant on community 10 supervision, a community corrections facility director shall 11 attempt to place a defendant as a worker in a community service 12 project of a type described by Article 42A.304. (Code Crim. Proc., 13 Art. 42.12, Sec. 18(f).)

Art. 42A.606. CONFINEMENT REQUIRED; EXCEPTIONS. A defendant participating in a program under this subchapter must be confined in the community corrections facility at all times except for time spent:

18 (1) attending and traveling to and from:

(A) an education or rehabilitation program asordered by the court; or

21

(B) a community service project;

(2) away from the facility for purposes described bythis subchapter; and

(3) traveling to and from work, if applicable. (Code
25 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 18(g).)

Art. 42A.607. DISPOSITION OF SALARY. If a defendant who is required as a condition of community supervision to serve a term of

1 confinement under this subchapter is not required by the judge to 2 deliver the defendant's salary to the restitution center director, 3 the employer of the defendant shall deliver the salary to the 4 director. The director shall deposit the salary into a fund to be 5 given to the defendant on release after the director deducts:

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6 (1) the cost to the center for the defendant's food,7 housing, and supervision;

8 (2) the necessary expense for the defendant's travel 9 to and from work and community service projects, and other 10 incidental expenses of the defendant;

11 (3) support of the defendant's dependents; and 12 (4) restitution to the victims of an offense committed 13 by the defendant. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 18(i).)

14

SUBCHAPTER N. PAYMENTS; FEES

15 Art. 42A.651. PAYMENT AS CONDITION OF COMMUNITY 16 SUPERVISION. (a) A judge may not order a defendant to make a 17 payment as a term or condition of community supervision, except 18 for:

19 (1) the payment of fines, court costs, or restitution20 to the victim; or

(2) a payment ordered as a condition that relates
personally to the rehabilitation of the defendant or that is
otherwise expressly authorized by law.

(b) A defendant's obligation to pay a fine or court cost as
ordered by a judge is independent of any requirement to pay the fine
or court cost as a condition of the defendant's community
supervision. A defendant remains obligated to pay any unpaid fine

1 or court cost after the expiration of the defendant's period of 2 community supervision. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 11(b) 3 (part), (b-1).)

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4 Art. 42A.652. MONTHLY FEE. (a) Except as otherwise 5 provided by this article, a judge who grants community supervision to a defendant shall set a fee of not less than \$25 and not more than 6 \$60 to be paid each month during the period of community supervision 7 8 by the defendant to:

9

(1) the court of original jurisdiction; or

10 (2) the court accepting jurisdiction of the 11 defendant's case, if jurisdiction is transferred under Article 12 42A.151.

(b) The judge may make payment of the monthly fee a condition of granting or continuing the community supervision. The judge may waive or reduce the fee or suspend a monthly payment of the fee if the judge determines that payment of the fee would cause the defendant a significant financial hardship.

(c) A court accepting jurisdiction of a defendant's case under Article 42A.151 shall enter an order directing the defendant to pay the monthly fee to that court instead of to the court of original jurisdiction. To the extent of any conflict between an order issued under this subsection and an order issued by a court of original jurisdiction, the order entered under this subsection prevails.

(d) A judge who receives a defendant for supervision as authorized by Section 510.017, Government Code, may require the defendant to pay the fee authorized by this article.

1 (e) A judge may not require a defendant to pay the fee under 2 this article for any month after the period of community 3 supervision has been terminated by the judge under Article 42A.701.

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4 (f) A judge shall deposit any fee received under this
5 article in the special fund of the county treasury, to be used for
6 the same purposes for which state aid may be used under Chapter 76,
7 Government Code. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 19(a),
8 (a-1), (b), (c) (part), (g).)

9 Art. 42A.653. ADDITIONAL MONTHLY FEE FOR CERTAIN SEX 10 OFFENDERS. (a) A judge who grants community supervision to a defendant convicted of an offense under Section 21.08, 21.11, 11 22.011, 22.021, 25.02, 43.25, or 43.26, Penal Code, shall require 12 as a condition of community supervision that the defendant pay to 13 14 the defendant's supervision officer a community supervision fee of 15 \$5 each month during the period of community supervision.

(b) A fee imposed under this article is in addition to courtcosts or any other fee imposed on the defendant.

(c) A community supervision and corrections department shall deposit a fee collected under this article to be sent to the comptroller as provided by Subchapter B, Chapter 133, Local Government Code. The comptroller shall deposit the fee in the sexual assault program fund under Section 420.008, Government Code.

(d) If a community supervision and corrections department does not collect a fee imposed under this article, the department is not required to file any report required by the comptroller that relates to the collection of the fee. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Secs. 19(e), (f), as amended Acts 78th Leg., R.S., Chs. 209,

1 1310.)

Art. 42A.654. FEES DUE ON CONVICTION. For the purpose of determining when fees due on conviction are to be paid to any officer, the placement of a defendant on community supervision is considered a final disposition of the case, without the necessity of waiting for the termination of the period of community supervision. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 19(d).)

8 Art. 42A.655. ABILITY TO PAY. The court shall consider the 9 defendant's ability to pay in ordering the defendant to make any 10 payments under this chapter. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 11 11(b) (part).)

12 SUBCHAPTER O. REDUCTION OR TERMINATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION

13

PERIOD

14 Art. 42A.701. REDUCTION OR TERMINATION OF COMMUNITY 15 SUPERVISION PERIOD. (a) At any time after the defendant has satisfactorily completed one-third of the original community 16 17 supervision period or two years of community supervision, whichever is less, the judge may reduce or terminate the period of community 18 supervision. 19

(b) On completion of one-half of the original community supervision period or two years of community supervision, whichever is more, the judge shall review the defendant's record and consider whether to reduce or terminate the period of community supervision, unless the defendant:

(1) is delinquent in paying required costs, fines,
 fees, or restitution that the defendant has the ability to pay; or
 (2) has not completed court-ordered counseling or

1 treatment.

2 (c) Before reducing or terminating a period of community 3 supervision or conducting a review under this article, the judge 4 shall notify the attorney representing the state and the defendant 5 or, if the defendant has an attorney, the defendant's attorney.

(d) If the judge determines that the defendant has failed to
satisfactorily fulfill the conditions of community supervision,
the judge shall advise the defendant in writing of the requirements
for satisfactorily fulfilling those conditions.

10 (e) On the satisfactory fulfillment of the conditions of 11 community supervision and the expiration of the period of community 12 supervision, the judge by order shall:

(1) amend or modify the original sentence imposed, ifnecessary, to conform to the community supervision period; and

15

(2) discharge the defendant.

16 (f) If the judge discharges the defendant under this 17 article, the judge may set aside the verdict or permit the defendant to withdraw the defendant's plea. A judge acting under this 18 19 subsection shall dismiss the accusation, complaint, information, or indictment against the defendant. A defendant who receives a 20 discharge and dismissal under this subsection is released from all 21 penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which the 22 23 defendant has been convicted or to which the defendant has pleaded 24 guilty, except that:

(1) proof of the conviction or plea of guilty shall be
26 made known to the judge if the defendant is convicted of any
27 subsequent offense; and

1 (2) if the defendant is an applicant for or the holder of a license under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code, the Department 2 3 of Family and Protective Services may consider the fact that the defendant previously has received community supervision under this 4 5 chapter in issuing, renewing, denying, or revoking a license under Chapter 42, Human Resources Code. 6 7 This article does not apply to a defendant convicted of: (q) 8 (1)an offense under Sections 49.04-49.08, Penal Code; 9 (2) an offense the conviction of which requires registration as a sex offender under Chapter 62; or 10 (3) a felony described by Article 42A.054. (Code 11 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 20.) 12 Art. 42A.702. TIME CREDITS FOR COMPLETION OF 13 CERTAIN CONDITIONS OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) 14 This article applies 15 only to a defendant who: 16 is granted community supervision, (1)including 17 deferred adjudication community supervision, for an offense punishable as a state jail felony or a felony of the third degree, 18 other than an offense: 19 20 (A) included as a "reportable conviction or adjudication" under Article 62.001(5); 21 involving family violence as defined by 22 (B) Section 71.004, Family Code; 23 24 (C) under Section 20.03 or 28.02, Penal Code; or 25 under Chapter 49, Penal Code; (D) 26 (2) is not delinquent in paying required costs, fines, 27 or fees; and

H.B. No. 2299 1 (3) has fully satisfied any order to pay restitution 2 to a victim. A defendant described by Subsection (a) is entitled to 3 (b) receive any combination of time credits toward the completion of 4 the defendant's period of community supervision in accordance with 5 this article if the court ordered the defendant as a condition of 6 7 community supervision to: 8 (1)make a payment described by Subsection (c); 9 (2) complete a treatment or rehabilitation program described by Subsection (d); or 10 (3) earn a diploma, certificate, or degree described 11 by Subsection (e). 12 A defendant is entitled to time credits toward the 13 (c) completion of the defendant's period of community supervision for 14 15 the full payment of court costs, fines, attorney's fees, and restitution as follows: 16 17 (1) court costs: 15 days; (2) fines: 30 days; 18 attorney's fees: 30 days; and 19 (3) 20 (4) restitution: 60 days. A defendant is entitled to time credits toward the 21 (d) completion of the defendant's period of community supervision for 22 23 the successful completion of treatment or rehabilitation programs 24 as follows: 25 (1) parenting class or parental responsibility 26 program: 30 days; 27 anger management program: 30 days; (2)

1

(3) life skills training program: 30 days;

2 (4) vocational, technical, or career education or
3 training program: 60 days; and

4 (5) alcohol or substance abuse counseling or 5 treatment: 90 days.

6 (e) A defendant is entitled to time credits toward the 7 completion of the defendant's period of community supervision for 8 earning the following diplomas, certificates, or degrees:

9 (1) a high school diploma or high school equivalency 10 certificate: 90 days; and

11

(2) an associate's degree: 120 days.

A defendant's supervision officer shall notify the 12 (f) court if one or more time credits under this article, cumulated with 13 14 the amount of the original community supervision period the 15 defendant has completed, allow or require the court to conduct a review of the defendant's community supervision under Article 16 17 42A.701. On receipt of the notice from the supervision officer, the court shall conduct the review of the defendant's community 18 supervision to determine if the defendant is eligible for a 19 reduction or termination of community supervision under Article 20 42A.701, taking into account any time credits to which the 21 22 defendant is entitled under this article in determining if the defendant has completed, as applicable: 23

(1) the lesser of one-third of the original community
supervision period or two years of community supervision; or

(2) the greater of one-half of the original communitysupervision period or two years of community supervision.

1 (g) A court may order that some or all of the time credits to 2 which a defendant is entitled under this article be forfeited if, 3 before the expiration of the original period or a reduced period of 4 community supervision, the court:

5 (1) after a hearing under Article 42A.751(d), finds 6 that a defendant violated one or more conditions of community 7 supervision; and

8 (2) modifies or continues the defendant's period of 9 community supervision under Article 42A.752 or revokes the 10 defendant's community supervision under Article 42A.755. (Code 11 Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 20A.)

12 SUBCHAPTER P. REVOCATION AND OTHER SANCTIONS

Art. 42A.751. VIOLATION OF CONDITIONS OF 13 COMMUNITY 14 SUPERVISION; DETENTION AND HEARING. (a) At any time during the 15 period of community supervision, the judge may issue a warrant for a violation of any condition of community supervision and cause a 16 17 defendant convicted under Section 43.02, Penal Code, Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, or Sections 485.031 through 485.035, Health 18 19 and Safety Code, or placed on deferred adjudication community supervision after being charged with one of those offenses, to be 20 subject to: 21

(1) the control measures of Section 81.083, Health andSafety Code; and

(2) the court-ordered-management provisions of
Subchapter G, Chapter 81, Health and Safety Code.

(b) At any time during the period of community supervision,27 the judge may issue a warrant for a violation of any condition of

1 community supervision and cause the defendant to be arrested. Any supervision officer, police officer, or other officer with the 2 3 power of arrest may arrest the defendant with or without a warrant on the order of the judge to be noted on the docket of the court. 4 5 Subject to Subsection (c), a defendant arrested under this subsection may be detained in the county jail or other appropriate 6 place of confinement until the defendant can be taken before the 7 8 judge for a determination regarding the alleged violation. The arresting officer shall immediately report the arrest and detention 9 10 to the judge.

(c) Without any unnecessary delay, but not later than 48 11 12 hours after the defendant is arrested, the arresting officer or the person with custody of the defendant shall take the defendant 13 14 before the judge who ordered the arrest for the alleged violation of 15 a condition of community supervision or, if the judge is unavailable, before a magistrate of the county in which the 16 17 defendant was arrested. The judge or magistrate shall perform all appropriate duties and may exercise all appropriate powers as 18 19 provided by Article 15.17 with respect to an arrest for a new offense, except that only the judge who ordered the arrest for the 20 alleged violation may authorize the defendant's release 21 on bail. The defendant may be taken before the judge or magistrate 22 23 under this subsection by means of an electronic broadcast system as provided by and subject to the requirements of Article 15.17. 24

(d) If the defendant has not been released on bail as permitted under Subsection (c), on motion by the defendant, the judge who ordered the arrest for the alleged violation of a

1 condition of community supervision shall cause the defendant to be 2 brought before the judge for a hearing on the alleged violation 3 within 20 days of the date the motion is filed. After a hearing 4 without a jury, the judge may continue, extend, modify, or revoke 5 the community supervision.

6 (e) A judge may revoke without a hearing the community 7 supervision of a defendant who is imprisoned in a penal institution 8 if the defendant in writing before a court of record in the 9 jurisdiction where the defendant is imprisoned:

10 (1) waives the defendant's right to a hearing and to 11 counsel;

12 (2) affirms that the defendant has nothing to say as to13 why sentence should not be pronounced against the defendant; and

14 (3) requests the judge to revoke community supervision 15 and to pronounce sentence.

(f) In a felony case, the state may amend the motion to revoke community supervision at any time before the seventh day before the date of the revocation hearing, after which time the motion may not be amended except for good cause shown. The state may not amend the motion after the commencement of taking evidence at the revocation hearing.

(g) The judge may continue the revocation hearing for goodcause shown by either the defendant or the state.

(h) The court may not revoke the community supervision of a defendant if, at the revocation hearing, the court finds that the only evidence supporting the alleged violation of a condition of community supervision is the uncorroborated results of a polygraph

1 examination.

(i) In a revocation hearing at which it is alleged only that the defendant violated the conditions of community supervision by failing to pay compensation paid to appointed counsel, community supervision fees, or court costs, the state must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant was able to pay and did not pay as ordered by the judge.

8 (j) The court may order a community supervision and 9 corrections department to obtain information pertaining to the 10 factors listed under Article 42.037(h) and include that information 11 in the presentence report required under Article 42A.252(a) or a 12 separate report, as the court directs.

13 (k) A defendant has a right to counsel at a hearing under 14 this article. The court shall appoint counsel for an indigent 15 defendant in accordance with the procedures adopted under Article 16 26.04.

(1) A court retains jurisdiction to hold a hearing under Subsection (d) and to revoke, continue, or modify community supervision, regardless of whether the period of community supervision imposed on the defendant has expired, if before the expiration of the supervision period:

(1) the attorney representing the state files a motionto revoke, continue, or modify community supervision; and

24 (2) a capias is issued for the arrest of the defendant.
25 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 21.)

Art. 42A.752. CONTINUATION OR MODIFICATION OF COMMUNITY
 SUPERVISION AFTER VIOLATION. (a) If after a hearing under Article

1 42A.751(d) a judge continues or modifies community supervision 2 after determining that the defendant violated a condition of 3 community supervision, the judge may impose any other conditions 4 the judge determines are appropriate, including:

5 (1) a requirement that the defendant perform community 6 service for a number of hours specified by the court under Article 7 42A.304, or an increase in the number of hours that the defendant 8 has previously been required to perform under that article in an 9 amount not to exceed double the number of hours permitted by that 10 article;

11 (2) an extension of the period of community 12 supervision, in the manner described by Article 42A.753;

13 (3) an increase in the defendant's fine, in the manner14 described by Subsection (b); or

15 (4) the placement of the defendant in a substance 16 abuse felony punishment program operated under Section 493.009, 17 Government Code, if:

18 (A) the defendant is convicted of a felony other19 than:

20 (i) a felony under Section 21.11, 22.011,
 21 or 22.021, Penal Code; or

(ii) criminal attempt of a felony underSection 21.11, 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code; and

(B) the judge makes an affirmative finding that:
(i) drug or alcohol abuse significantly
contributed to the commission of the offense or violation of a
condition of community supervision, as applicable; and

(ii) the defendant is a suitable candidate
 for treatment, as determined by the suitability criteria
 established by the Texas Board of Criminal Justice under Section
 493.009(b), Government Code.

5 (b) A judge may impose a sanction on a defendant described by Subsection (a)(3) by increasing the fine imposed on the 6 The original fine imposed on the defendant and an 7 defendant. 8 increase in the fine imposed under this subsection may not exceed the maximum fine for the offense for which the defendant was 9 10 sentenced. The judge shall deposit money received from an increase in the defendant's fine under this subsection in the special fund of 11 12 the county treasury to be used for the same purposes for which state aid may be used under Chapter 76, Government Code. 13

14 (c) If the judge imposes a sanction under Subsection (a)(4),
15 the judge shall also impose a condition requiring the defendant on
16 successful completion of the program to participate in a drug or
17 alcohol abuse continuum of care treatment plan. (Code Crim. Proc.,
18 Art. 42.12, Secs. 22(a), (b), (d).)

Art. 42A.753. EXTENSION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AFTER 19 VIOLATION. (a) On a showing of good cause, the judge may extend a 20 period of community supervision under Article 42A.752(a)(2) as 21 frequently as the judge determines is necessary, but the period of 22 community supervision in a first, second, or third degree felony 23 24 case may not exceed 10 years and, except as otherwise provided by Subsection (b), the period of community supervision 25 in а 26 misdemeanor case may not exceed three years.

27

(b) The judge may extend the period of community supervision

1 in a misdemeanor case for any period the judge determines is 2 necessary, not to exceed an additional two years beyond the 3 three-year limit provided by Subsection (a), if:

4 (1) the defendant fails to pay a previously assessed5 fine, cost, or restitution; and

6 (2) the judge determines that extending the 7 supervision period increases the likelihood that the defendant will 8 fully pay the fine, cost, or restitution.

9 (c) A court may extend a period of community supervision 10 under Article 42A.752(a)(2):

11

(1) at any time during the supervision period; or

12 (2) before the first anniversary of the date the 13 supervision period ends, if a motion for revocation of community 14 supervision is filed before the date the supervision period ends. 15 (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 22(c).)

Art. 42A.754. AUTHORITY TO REVOKE COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. Only the court in which the defendant was tried may revoke the defendant's community supervision unless the judge has transferred jurisdiction of the case to another court under Article 42A.151. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 10(a) (part).)

Art. 42A.755. REVOCATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. (a) If community supervision is revoked after a hearing under Article 42A.751(d), the judge may:

(1) proceed to dispose of the case as if there had beenno community supervision; or

(2) if the judge determines that the best interests ofsociety and the defendant would be served by a shorter term of

1 confinement, reduce the term of confinement originally assessed to
2 any term of confinement not less than the minimum prescribed for the
3 offense of which the defendant was convicted.

4 (b) The judge shall enter in the judgment in the case the 5 amount of restitution owed by the defendant on the date of 6 revocation.

7 (c) Except as otherwise provided by Subsection (d), no part 8 of the period that the defendant is on community supervision may be 9 considered as any part of the term that the defendant is sentenced 10 to serve.

(d) On revocation, the judge shall credit to the defendant time served as a condition of community supervision in a substance abuse felony punishment facility operated by the Texas Department of Criminal Justice under Section 493.009, Government Code, or other court-ordered residential program or facility, but only if the defendant successfully completes the treatment program in that facility.

The right of the defendant to appeal for a review of the 18 (e) 19 conviction and punishment, as provided by law, shall be accorded the defendant at the time the defendant is placed on community 20 supervision. When the defendant is notified that the defendant's 21 community supervision is revoked for a violation of the conditions 22 23 of community supervision and the defendant is called on to serve a 24 sentence in a jail or in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, the defendant may appeal the revocation. 25 (Code Crim. Proc., 26 Art. 42.12, Sec. 23.)

27 Art. 42A.756. DUE DILIGENCE DEFENSE. For the purposes of a

hearing under Article 42A.751(d), it is an affirmative defense to 1 revocation for an alleged violation based on a failure to report to 2 3 a supervision officer as directed or to remain within a specified place that no supervision officer, peace officer, or other officer 4 5 with the power of arrest under a warrant issued by a judge for that alleged violation contacted or attempted to contact the defendant 6 in person at the defendant's last known residence address or last 7 8 known employment address, as reflected in the files of the department serving the county in which the order of deferred 9 10 adjudication community supervision was entered. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 24 (part).) 11

Art. 42A.757. EXTENSION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION 12 FOR CERTAIN SEX OFFENDERS. (a) If a defendant is placed on deferred 13 14 adjudication community supervision after being convicted of an offense under Section 21.11, 22.011, or 22.021, Penal Code, at any 15 time during the period of community supervision, the judge may 16 17 extend the period of community supervision as provided by this article. 18

(b) At a hearing at which the defendant is provided the same rights as are provided to a defendant at a hearing under Article 42A.751(d), the judge may extend the defendant's supervision period for a period not to exceed 10 additional years if the judge determines that:

(1) the defendant has not sufficiently demonstrated a
commitment to avoid future criminal behavior; and

26 (2) the release of the defendant from supervision27 would endanger the public.

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1 (c) A judge may extend a period of community supervision
2 under this article only once.

3 (d) A judge may extend a period of community supervision for
4 a defendant under both Article 42A.752(a)(2) and this article.

5 (e) The prohibition in Article 42A.753(a) against a period 6 of community supervision in a felony case exceeding 10 years does 7 not apply to a defendant for whom community supervision is 8 increased under this article or under both Article 42A.752(a)(2) 9 and this article. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 42.12, Sec. 22A.)

10

ARTICLE 2. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

SECTION 2.01. Sections 106.06(d) and (e), Alcoholic
Beverage Code, are amended to read as follows:

A judge, acting under Chapter 42A [Article 42.12], Code 13 (d) 14 of Criminal Procedure, who places a defendant charged with an offense under this section on community supervision under that 15 chapter [article] shall, if the defendant committed the offense at 16 17 a gathering where participants were involved in the abuse of alcohol, including binge drinking or forcing 18 or coercing 19 individuals to consume alcohol, in addition to any other condition imposed by the judge: 20

21

(1) require the defendant to:

(A) perform community service for not less than23 20 or more than 40 hours; and

(B) attend an alcohol awareness program approved
 under Section 106.115; and

26 (2) order the Department of Public Safety to suspend27 the driver's license or permit of the defendant or, if the defendant

1 does not have a driver's license or permit, to deny the issuance of 2 a driver's license or permit to the defendant for 180 days.

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3 (e) Community service ordered under Subsection (d) is in addition to any community service ordered by the judge under 4 Article 42A.304 [Section 16, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 5 Procedure, and must be related to education about or prevention of 6 misuse of alcohol if programs or services providing that education 7 8 are available in the community in which the court is located. If programs or services providing that education are not available, 9 the court may order community service that the court considers 10 appropriate for rehabilitative purposes. 11

SECTION 2.02. Section 142.002(b), Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) This section does not preclude a cause of action for negligent hiring or the failure of an employer, general contractor, premises owner, or other third party to provide adequate supervision of an employee, if:

(1) the employer, general contractor, premises owner,
or other third party knew or should have known of the conviction;
and

21

(2) the employee was convicted of:

offense committed 22 (A) an that was while performing duties substantially similar to those reasonably 23 24 expected to be performed in the employment, or under conditions substantially similar to those reasonably expected to 25 be 26 encountered in the employment, taking into consideration the factors listed in Sections 53.022 and 53.023(a), Occupations Code, 27

1 without regard to whether the occupation requires a license;

2 (B) an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054</u> [Section
3 3g, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

4 (C) a sexually violent offense, as defined by
5 Article 62.001, Code of Criminal Procedure.

6 SECTION 2.03. Section 152.003(c), Civil Practice and 7 Remedies Code, is amended to read as follows:

8 (c) A criminal case may not be referred to the system if the 9 defendant is charged with or convicted of an offense listed in 10 <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of 11 Criminal Procedure, or convicted of an offense, the judgment for 12 which contains an affirmative finding under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or</u> 13 (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION 2.04. Article 5.08, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Art. 5.08. MEDIATION ΙN FAMILY VIOLENCE 16 CASES. 17 Notwithstanding Article 26.13(g) or 42A.301(15) [Section 11(a)(16), Article 42.12, of this code], in a criminal prosecution 18 arising from family violence, as that term is defined by Section 19 71.004, Family Code, a court shall not refer or order the victim or 20 21 the defendant involved to mediation, dispute resolution, arbitration, or other similar procedures. 22

SECTION 2.05. Article 17.091, Code of Criminal Procedure,
 is amended to read as follows:

Art. 17.091. NOTICE OF CERTAIN BAIL REDUCTIONS REQUIRED. Before a judge or magistrate reduces the amount of bail set for a defendant charged with an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054</u>

H.B. No. 2299 1 [Section 3g, Article 42.12], an offense described by Article 2 62.001(5), or an offense under Section 20A.03, Penal Code, the 3 judge or magistrate shall provide:

4 (1) to the attorney representing the state, reasonable5 notice of the proposed bail reduction; and

6 (2) on request of the attorney representing the state 7 or the defendant or the defendant's counsel, an opportunity for a 8 hearing concerning the proposed bail reduction.

9 SECTION 2.06. Article 26.052(d)(3), Code of Criminal
10 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

11 (3) The standards must require that an attorney 12 appointed as lead appellate counsel in the direct appeal of a 13 capital case:

14

(A) be a member of the State Bar of Texas;

(B) exhibit proficiency and commitment to providing quality representation to defendants in death penalty cases;

(C) have not been found by a federal or state court to have rendered ineffective assistance of counsel during the trial or appeal of any capital case, unless the local selection committee determines under Subsection (n) that the conduct underlying the finding no longer accurately reflects the attorney's ability to provide effective representation;

24 (D) have at least five years of criminal law25 experience;

(E) have authored a significant number ofappellate briefs, including appellate briefs for homicide cases and

1 other cases involving an offense punishable as a capital felony or a
2 felony of the first degree or an offense described by <u>Article
3 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12];

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4 (F) have trial or appellate experience in:
5 (i) the use of and challenges to mental
6 health or forensic expert witnesses; and

7 (ii) the use of mitigating evidence at the 8 penalty phase of a death penalty trial; and

9 (G) have participated in continuing legal 10 education courses or other training relating to criminal defense in 11 appealing death penalty cases.

SECTION 2.07. Section 3(d), Article 37.07, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(d) When the judge assesses the punishment, <u>the judge</u> [he] may order <u>a presentence</u> [an investigative] report as contemplated in <u>Subchapter F, Chapter 42A</u>, [Section 9 of Article 42.12 of this code] and after considering the report, and after the hearing of the evidence hereinabove provided for, <u>the judge</u> [he] shall forthwith announce <u>the judge's</u> [his] decision in open court as to the punishment to be assessed.

21 SECTION 2.08. Sections 4(a), (b), and (c), Article 37.07, 22 Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

(a) In the penalty phase of the trial of a felony case in which the punishment is to be assessed by the jury rather than the court, if the offense of which the jury has found the defendant guilty is an offense under Section 71.02, Penal Code, other than an offense punishable as a state jail felony under that section, an

offense under Section 71.023, Penal Code, or an offense listed in 1 Article 42A.054(a) [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], or if the 2 3 judgment contains an affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], unless the defendant has 4 5 been convicted of an offense under Section 21.02, Penal Code, an offense under Section 22.021, Penal Code, that is punishable under 6 Subsection (f) of that section, or a capital felony, the court shall 7 8 charge the jury in writing as follows:

9 "Under the law applicable in this case, the defendant, if 10 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, may earn time off the period of incarceration imposed through the award of good conduct time. 11 12 Prison authorities may award good conduct time to a prisoner who exhibits good behavior, diligence in carrying out prison work 13 14 assignments, and attempts at rehabilitation. If a prisoner engages 15 in misconduct, prison authorities may also take away all or part of any good conduct time earned by the prisoner. 16

17 "It is also possible that the length of time for which the 18 defendant will be imprisoned might be reduced by the award of 19 parole.

"Under the law applicable in this case, if the defendant is 20 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, the defendant will not become 21 eligible for parole until the actual time served equals one-half of 22 23 the sentence imposed or 30 years, whichever is less, without 24 consideration of any good conduct time the defendant may earn. Ιf the defendant is sentenced to a term of less than four years, the 25 26 defendant must serve at least two years before the defendant is eligible for parole. Eligibility for parole does not guarantee 27

1 that parole will be granted.

"It cannot accurately be predicted how the parole law and good conduct time might be applied to this defendant if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, because the application of these laws will depend on decisions made by prison and parole authorities.

6 "You may consider the existence of the parole law and good 7 conduct time. However, you are not to consider the extent to which 8 good conduct time may be awarded to or forfeited by this particular 9 defendant. You are not to consider the manner in which the parole 10 law may be applied to this particular defendant."

In the penalty phase of the trial of a felony case in 11 (b) 12 which the punishment is to be assessed by the jury rather than the court, if the offense is punishable as a felony of the first degree, 13 14 a prior conviction has been alleged for enhancement of if 15 punishment as provided by Section 12.42(b), (c)(1) or (2), or (d), Penal Code, or if the offense is a felony not designated as a 16 17 capital felony or a felony of the first, second, or third degree and the maximum term of imprisonment that may be imposed for the offense 18 19 is longer than 60 years, unless the offense of which the jury has found the defendant guilty is an offense that is punishable under 20 Section 21.02(h), Penal Code, or is listed in Article 42A.054(a) 21 [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12, of this code] or the judgment 22 23 contains an affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) 24 [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12, of this code], the court shall charge the jury in writing as follows: 25

26 "Under the law applicable in this case, the defendant, if 27 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, may earn time off the period of

1 incarceration imposed through the award of good conduct time.
2 Prison authorities may award good conduct time to a prisoner who
3 exhibits good behavior, diligence in carrying out prison work
4 assignments, and attempts at rehabilitation. If a prisoner engages
5 in misconduct, prison authorities may also take away all or part of
6 any good conduct time earned by the prisoner.

7 "It is also possible that the length of time for which the 8 defendant will be imprisoned might be reduced by the award of 9 parole.

"Under the law applicable in this case, if the defendant is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, he will not become eligible for parole until the actual time served plus any good conduct time earned equals one-fourth of the sentence imposed or 15 years, whichever is less. Eligibility for parole does not guarantee that parole will be granted.

"It cannot accurately be predicted how the parole law and good conduct time might be applied to this defendant if he is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, because the application of these laws will depend on decisions made by prison and parole authorities.

"You may consider the existence of the parole law and good conduct time. However, you are not to consider the extent to which good conduct time may be awarded to or forfeited by this particular defendant. You are not to consider the manner in which the parole law may be applied to this particular defendant."

(c) In the penalty phase of the trial of a felony case inwhich the punishment is to be assessed by the jury rather than the

1 court, if the offense is punishable as a felony of the second or third degree, if a prior conviction has been alleged for 2 enhancement as provided by Section 12.42(a), Penal Code, or if the 3 offense is a felony not designated as a capital felony or a felony 4 5 of the first, second, or third degree and the maximum term of imprisonment that may be imposed for the offense is 60 years or 6 less, unless the offense of which the jury has found the defendant 7 8 guilty is listed in Article 42A.054(a) [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12, of this code] or the judgment contains an affirmative 9 finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 10 42.12, of this code], the court shall charge the jury in writing as 11 12 follows:

"Under the law applicable in this case, the defendant, if 13 14 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, may earn time off the period of 15 incarceration imposed through the award of good conduct time. Prison authorities may award good conduct time to a prisoner who 16 17 exhibits good behavior, diligence in carrying out prison work assignments, and attempts at rehabilitation. If a prisoner engages 18 19 in misconduct, prison authorities may also take away all or part of any good conduct time earned by the prisoner. 20

"It is also possible that the length of time for which the defendant will be imprisoned might be reduced by the award of parole.

"Under the law applicable in this case, if the defendant is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, he will not become eligible for parole until the actual time served plus any good conduct time earned equals one-fourth of the sentence imposed. Eligibility for

1 parole does not guarantee that parole will be granted.

2 "It cannot accurately be predicted how the parole law and 3 good conduct time might be applied to this defendant if he is 4 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, because the application of 5 these laws will depend on decisions made by prison and parole 6 authorities.

7 "You may consider the existence of the parole law and good 8 conduct time. However, you are not to consider the extent to which 9 good conduct time may be awarded to or forfeited by this particular 10 defendant. You are not to consider the manner in which the parole 11 law may be applied to this particular defendant."

SECTION 2.09. Section 1, Article 38.33, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

14 Sec. 1. The court shall order that a defendant who is 15 convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor offense that is punishable by confinement in jail have a thumbprint of the defendant's right 16 17 thumb rolled legibly on the judgment or the docket sheet in the case. The court shall order a defendant who is placed on deferred 18 19 adjudication community supervision [probation] under Subchapter C, Chapter 42A [Section 5 of Article 42.12, Code of Criminal 20 Procedure], for an offense described by this section to have a 21 thumbprint of the defendant's right thumb rolled legibly on the 22 order placing the defendant on <u>deferred adjudication community</u> 23 24 supervision [probation]. If the defendant does not have a right thumb, the defendant must have a thumbprint of the defendant's left 25 26 thumb rolled legibly on the judgment, order, or docket sheet. The defendant must have a fingerprint of the defendant's index finger 27

1 rolled legibly on the judgment, order, or docket sheet if the defendant does not have a right thumb or a left thumb. 2 The 3 judgment, order, or docket sheet must contain a statement that describes from which thumb or finger the print was taken, unless a 4 5 rolled 10-finger print set was taken. A clerk or bailiff of the court or other person qualified to take fingerprints shall take the 6 thumbprint or fingerprint, either by use of the ink-rolled print 7 8 method or by use of a live-scanning device that prints the thumbprint or fingerprint image on the judgment, order, or docket 9 10 sheet.

SECTION 2.10. Section 1, Article 42.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1. A judgment is the written declaration of the court signed by the trial judge and entered of record showing the conviction or acquittal of the defendant. The sentence served shall be based on the information contained in the judgment. The judgment shall reflect:

18

The title and number of the case;

2. That the case was called and the parties appeared, naming the attorney for the state, the defendant, and the attorney for the defendant, or, where a defendant is not represented by counsel, that the defendant knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily waived the right to representation by counsel;

24 3. The plea or pleas of the defendant to the offense25 charged;

26 4. Whether the case was tried before a jury or a jury
27 was waived;

1

5. The submission of the evidence, if any;

2 6. In cases tried before a jury that the jury was
 3 charged by the court;

The verdict or verdicts of the jury or the findingor findings of the court;

8. In the event of a conviction that the defendant is
adjudged guilty of the offense as found by the verdict of the jury
or the finding of the court, and that the defendant be punished in
accordance with the jury's verdict or the court's finding as to the
proper punishment;

9. In the event of conviction where death or any punishment is assessed that the defendant be sentenced to death, a term of confinement or community supervision, or to pay a fine, as the case may be;

15 10. In the event of conviction where the imposition of 16 sentence is suspended and the defendant is placed on community 17 supervision, setting forth the punishment assessed, the length of 18 community supervision, and the conditions of community 19 supervision;

20 11. In the event of acquittal that the defendant be 21 discharged;

12. The county and court in which the case was tried and, if there was a change of venue in the case, the name of the county in which the prosecution was originated;

25 13. The offense or offenses for which the defendant26 was convicted;

27

14. The date of the offense or offenses and degree of

offense for which the defendant was convicted; 1 15. The term of sentence; 2 3 16. The date judgment is entered; The date sentence is imposed; 4 17. 5 18. The date sentence is to commence and any credit for 6 time served; 7 19. The terms of any order entered pursuant to Article 8 42.08 [of this code] that the defendant's sentence is to run cumulatively or concurrently with another sentence or sentences; 9 10 20. The terms of any plea bargain; 11 21. Affirmative findings entered pursuant to Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Subdivision (2) of Subsection (a) of Section 3g 12 of Article 42.12 of this code]; 13 14 22. The terms of any fee payment ordered under Article 15 42.151 [of this code]; 16 23. The defendant's thumbprint taken in accordance 17 with Article 38.33 [of this code]; 24. In the event that the judge orders the defendant to 18 repay a reward or part of a reward under Articles 37.073 and 42.152 19 [of this code], a statement of the amount of the payment or payments 20 required to be made; 21 25. In the event that the court orders restitution to 22 be paid to the victim, a statement of the amount of restitution 23 24 ordered and: 25 (A) the name and address of a person or agency 26 that will accept and forward restitution payments to the victim; or 27 (B) if the court specifically elects to have

1 payments made directly to the crime victim, the name and permanent 2 address of the victim at the time of judgment;

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26. In the event that a presentence investigation is required by <u>Subchapter F, Chapter 42A</u> [Section 9(a), (b), (h), or (i), Article 42.12 of this code], a statement that the presentence investigation was done according to the applicable provision;

7 27. In the event of conviction of an offense for which 8 registration as a sex offender is required under Chapter 62, a 9 statement that the registration requirement of that chapter applies 10 to the defendant and a statement of the age of the victim of the 11 offense;

12 28. The defendant's state identification number 13 required by Section 60.052(a)(2), if that number has been assigned 14 at the time of the judgment; and

15 29. The incident number required by Section 16 60.052(a)(4), if that number has been assigned at the time of the 17 judgment.

18 SECTION 2.11. Article 42.025(b), Code of Criminal 19 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(b) A judge may, at a secondary school, receive a plea of guilty or nolo contendere from a defendant charged with an offense described by Subsection (a) and place the defendant on deferred adjudication under <u>Subchapter C, Chapter 42A</u> [Section 5, Article 42.12], if:

(1) the judge makes the determination that the
proceeding would have educational value, as provided by Subsection
(a)(1);

(2) the defendant and the school agree to the location
 of the proceeding, as provided by Subsections (a)(2) and (3); and

3 (3) appropriate measures are taken in regard to the
4 safety of students and the rights of the defendant, as described by
5 Subsection (a)(4).

6 SECTION 2.12. Section 2(b), Article 42.03, Code of Criminal 7 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

8 (b) In all revocations of a suspension of the imposition of 9 a sentence the judge shall enter the restitution [or reparation] 10 due and owing on the date of the revocation.

SECTION 2.13. Articles 42.037(i) and (j), Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other terms and conditions 13 (i) of 14 community supervision [probation] imposed under Chapter 42A 15 [Article 42.12], the court may require a defendant [probationer] to reimburse the compensation to victims of crime fund created under 16 17 Subchapter B, Chapter 56, for any amounts paid from that fund to or on behalf of a victim of the defendant's [probationer's] offense. 18 In this subsection, "victim" has the meaning assigned by Article 19 56.32. 20

21 The court may order a community supervision (j) and corrections department to obtain information pertaining to the 22 factors listed in Subsection (c) [of this article]. 23 The 24 supervision [probation] officer shall include the information in the report required under Article 42A.252(a) [Section 9(a), Article 25 26 42.12, of this code] or a separate report, as the court directs. The court shall permit the defendant and the prosecuting attorney 27

1 to read the report.

2 SECTION 2.14. Article 42.08(a), Code of Criminal Procedure,
3 is amended to read as follows:

4 When the same defendant has been convicted in two or (a) more cases, judgment and sentence shall be pronounced in each case 5 in the same manner as if there had been but one conviction. Except 6 as provided by Subsections [Sections] (b) and (c) [of this 7 article], in the discretion of the court, the judgment in the second 8 and subsequent convictions may either be that the sentence imposed 9 10 or suspended shall begin when the judgment and the sentence imposed or suspended in the preceding conviction has ceased to operate, or 11 12 that the sentence imposed or suspended shall run concurrently with the other case or cases, and sentence and execution shall be 13 14 accordingly; provided, however, that the cumulative total of 15 suspended sentences in felony cases shall not exceed 10 years, and the cumulative total of suspended sentences in misdemeanor cases 16 17 shall not exceed the maximum period of confinement in jail applicable to the misdemeanor offenses, though in no event more 18 than three years, including extensions of periods of community 19 supervision under <u>Article 42A.752(a)(2)</u> [Section 22, Article 20 42.12, of this code], if none of the offenses are offenses under 21 Chapter 49, Penal Code, or four years, including extensions, if any 22 23 of the offenses are offenses under Chapter 49, Penal Code.

24 SECTION 2.15. Section 7, Article 42.09, Code of Criminal 25 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

26 Sec. 7. If a defendant is sentenced to a term of 27 imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice but is not

1 transferred to the department under Section 3 or 4, the court,
2 before the date on which it would lose jurisdiction under <u>Article</u>
3 <u>42A.202(a)</u> [Section 6(a), Article 42.12], shall send to the
4 department a document containing a statement of the date on which
5 the defendant's sentence was pronounced and credits earned by the
6 defendant under Article 42.03 as of the date of the statement.

7 SECTION 2.16. Section 8(a), Article 42.09, Code of Criminal
8 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

9 (a) A county that transfers a defendant to the Texas 10 Department of Criminal Justice under this article shall deliver to 11 an officer designated by the department:

(1) a copy of the judgment entered pursuant to Article
42.01, completed on a standardized felony judgment form described
by Section 4 of that article;

15 (2) a copy of any order revoking community supervision 16 and imposing sentence pursuant to <u>Article 42A.755</u> [Section 23, 17 <u>Article 42.12</u>], including:

(A) any amounts owed for restitution, fines, and
court costs, completed on a standardized felony judgment form
described by Section 4, Article 42.01; and

(B) a copy of the client supervision plan prepared for the defendant by the community supervision and corrections department supervising the defendant, if such a plan was prepared;

(3) a written report that states the nature and the
seriousness of each offense and that states the citation to the
provision or provisions of the Penal Code or other law under which

1 the defendant was convicted;

2 (4) a copy of the victim impact statement, if one has
3 been prepared in the case under Article 56.03;

4 (5) a statement as to whether there was a change in 5 venue in the case and, if so, the names of the county prosecuting 6 the offense and the county in which the case was tried;

(6) if requested, information regarding the criminal
8 history of the defendant, including the defendant's state
9 identification number if the number has been issued;

10 (7) a copy of the indictment or information for each 11 offense;

12 (8) a checklist sent by the department to the county 13 and completed by the county in a manner indicating that the 14 documents required by this subsection and Subsection (c) accompany 15 the defendant;

16 (9) if prepared, a copy of a presentence or 17 postsentence [investigation] report prepared under <u>Subchapter F,</u> 18 Chapter 42A [Section 9, Article 42.12];

(10) a copy of any detainer, issued by an agency of the federal government, that is in the possession of the county and that has been placed on the defendant;

(11) if prepared, a copy of the defendant's TexasUniform Health Status Update Form; and

(12) a written description of a hold or warrant,
issued by any other jurisdiction, that the county is aware of and
that has been placed on or issued for the defendant.

27 SECTION 2.17. Article 42.14(b), Code of Criminal Procedure,

H.B. No. 2299 1 is amended to read as follows: In a felony case, the judgment and sentence may be 2 (b) 3 rendered in the absence of the defendant only if: (1) the defendant is confined in a penal institution; 4 5 (2) the defendant is not charged with a felony 6 offense: 7 (A) that is listed in Article 42A.054(a) [Section 8 3q(a)(1), Article 42.12]; or for which it is alleged that: 9 (B) 10 (i) a deadly weapon was used or exhibited during the commission of the offense or during immediate flight 11 from the commission of the offense; and 12 (ii) the defendant used or exhibited the 13 14 deadly weapon or was a party to the offense and knew that a deadly 15 weapon would be used or exhibited; 16 (3) the defendant in writing before the appropriate court having jurisdiction in the county in which the penal 17 institution is located: 18 waives the right to be present 19 (A) at the rendering of the judgment and sentence or to have counsel present; 20 affirms that the defendant does not have 21 (B) anything to say as to why the sentence should not be pronounced and 22 23 that there is no reason to prevent the sentence under Article 42.07; 24 (C) states that the defendant has entered into a written plea agreement with the attorney representing the state in 25 26 the prosecution of the case; and 27 requests the court to pronounce sentence in (D)

1 the case in accordance with the plea agreement;

2 (4) the defendant and the attorney representing the 3 state in the prosecution of the case have entered into a written 4 plea agreement that is made a part of the record in the case; and

5 (5) sentence is pronounced in accordance with the plea6 agreement.

7 SECTION 2.18. Article 44.01(j), Code of Criminal Procedure, 8 is amended to read as follows:

Nothing in this article is to interfere with the 9 (j) 10 defendant's right to appeal under the procedures of Article 44.02 [of this code]. The defendant's right to appeal under Article 44.02 11 12 may be prosecuted by the defendant where the punishment assessed is in accordance with Subchapter C, Chapter 42A [Subsection (a), 13 Section 3d, Article 42.12 of this code], as well as any other 14 15 punishment assessed in compliance with Article 44.02 [of this code]. 16

SECTION 2.19. Article 44.04(b), Code of Criminal Procedure,is amended to read as follows:

(b) The defendant may not be released on bail pending the appeal from any felony conviction where the punishment equals or exceeds 10 years confinement or where the defendant has been convicted of an offense listed under <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section <u>3g(a)(1)</u>, <u>Article 42.12</u>], but shall immediately be placed in custody and the bail discharged.

25 SECTION 2.20. Articles 46B.073(c) and (d), Code of Criminal 26 Procedure, as amended by S.B. No. 219, Acts of the 84th 27 Legislature, Regular Session, 2015, are amended to read as follows:

1 (c) If the defendant is charged with an offense listed in Article 17.032(a), other than an offense listed in Article 2 17.032(a)(6), or the indictment alleges an affirmative finding 3 under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], 4 5 the court shall enter an order committing the defendant to the maximum security unit of any facility designated by the Department 6 of State Health Services, to an agency of the United States 7 8 operating a mental hospital, or to a Department of Veterans Affairs hospital. 9

10 (d) If the defendant is not charged with an offense described by Subsection (c) and the indictment does not allege an 11 affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 12 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], the court shall enter an order committing 13 14 the defendant to a mental health facility or residential care 15 facility determined to be appropriate by the local mental health authority or local intellectual and developmental disability 16 17 authority.

18 SECTION 2.21. Article 46B.104, Code of Criminal Procedure, 19 as amended by S.B. No. 219, Acts of the 84th Legislature, Regular 20 Session, 2015, is amended to read as follows:

Art. 46B.104. CIVIL COMMITMENT PLACEMENT: FINDING OF VIOLENCE. A defendant committed to a facility as a result of proceedings initiated under this chapter shall be committed to the maximum security unit of any facility designated by the Department of State Health Services if:

(1) the defendant is charged with an offense listed in27 Article 17.032(a), other than an offense listed in Article

1 17.032(a)(6); or

2 (2) the indictment charging the offense alleges an
3 affirmative finding under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or (d)</u> [Section
4 <u>3q(a)(2), Article 42.12</u>].

5 SECTION 2.22. Article 48.01(b), Code of Criminal Procedure,
6 is amended to read as follows:

7 (b) The Board of Pardons and Paroles may recommend that the8 Governor grant a pardon to a person who:

9 (1) is placed on deferred adjudication community 10 supervision under <u>Subchapter C, Chapter 42A</u> [Section 5, Article 11 42.12], and subsequently receives a discharge and dismissal under 12 <u>Article 42A.111</u> [Section 5(c) of that article]; and

13 (2) on or after the 10th anniversary of the date of 14 discharge and dismissal, submits a written request to the board for 15 a recommendation under this subsection.

SECTION 2.23. Articles 55.01(a) and (a-1), Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

(a) A person who has been placed under a custodial or noncustodial arrest for commission of either a felony or misdemeanor is entitled to have all records and files relating to the arrest expunged if:

(1) the person is tried for the offense for which theperson was arrested and is:

(A) acquitted by the trial court, except as25 provided by Subsection (c); or

26 (B) convicted and subsequently:

27 (i) pardoned for a reason other than that

1 described by Subparagraph (ii); or

2 (ii) pardoned or otherwise granted relief 3 on the basis of actual innocence with respect to that offense, if 4 the applicable pardon or court order clearly indicates on its face 5 that the pardon or order was granted or rendered on the basis of the 6 person's actual innocence; or

7 (2) the person has been released and the charge, if
8 any, has not resulted in a final conviction and is no longer pending
9 and there was no court-ordered community supervision under <u>Chapter</u>
10 <u>42A</u> [Article 42.12] for the offense, unless the offense is a Class C
11 misdemeanor, provided that:

12 (A) regardless of whether any statute of limitations exists for the offense and whether any limitations 13 period for the offense has expired, an indictment or information 14 15 charging the person with the commission of a misdemeanor offense based on the person's arrest or charging the person with the 16 commission of any felony offense arising out of 17 the same transaction for which the person was arrested: 18

19 (i) has not been presented against the20 person at any time following the arrest, and:

(a) at least 180 days have elapsed from the date of arrest if the arrest for which the expunction was sought was for an offense punishable as a Class C misdemeanor and if there was no felony charge arising out of the same transaction for which the person was arrested;

26 (b) at least one year has elapsed from 27 the date of arrest if the arrest for which the expunction was sought

1 was for an offense punishable as a Class B or A misdemeanor and if 2 there was no felony charge arising out of the same transaction for 3 which the person was arrested;

4 (c) at least three years have elapsed
5 from the date of arrest if the arrest for which the expunction was
6 sought was for an offense punishable as a felony or if there was a
7 felony charge arising out of the same transaction for which the
8 person was arrested; or

9 (d) the attorney representing the 10 state certifies that the applicable arrest records and files are 11 not needed for use in any criminal investigation or prosecution, 12 including an investigation or prosecution of another person; or

13 (ii) if presented at any time following the 14 arrest, was dismissed or quashed, and the court finds that the 15 indictment or information was dismissed or quashed because the person completed a pretrial intervention program authorized under 16 Section 76.011, Government Code, because the presentment had been 17 made because of mistake, false information, or other similar reason 18 19 indicating absence of probable cause at the time of the dismissal to 20 believe the person committed the offense, or because the indictment or information was void; or 21

(B) prosecution of the person for the offense for
 which the person was arrested is no longer possible because the
 limitations period has expired.

(a-1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article,
 a person may not expunge records and files relating to an arrest
 that occurs pursuant to a warrant issued under <u>Article 42A.751(b)</u>

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[Section 21, Article 42.12]. 1 SECTION 2.24. Article 60.052(c), of Criminal Code 2 3 Procedure, is amended to read as follows: 4 Information in the corrections tracking system relating (c) 5 to the handling of offenders must include the following information about each imprisonment, confinement, or execution of an offender: 6 7 (1)the date of the imprisonment or confinement; 8 (2) if the offender was sentenced to death: 9 (A) the date of execution; and 10 (B) if the death sentence was commuted, the sentence to which the sentence of death was commuted and the date of 11 12 commutation; (3) the date the offender 13 was released from 14 imprisonment or confinement and whether the release was a discharge 15 or a release on parole or mandatory supervision; 16 if the offender is released on parole or mandatory (4) 17 supervision: the offense for which the offender (A) 18 was convicted by offense code and incident number; 19 20 the date the offender was received by an (B) 21 office of the parole division; the county in which the offender resides 22 (C) 23 while under supervision; 24 (D) any program in which an offender is placed or has previously been placed and the level of supervision the 25 26 offender is placed on while under the jurisdiction of the parole 27 division;

H.B. No. 2299 1 (E) the date a program described by Paragraph (D) begins, the date the program ends, and whether the program was 2 3 completed successfully; 4 (F) the date a level of supervision described by 5 Paragraph (D) begins and the date the level of supervision ends; 6 (G) if the offender's release status is revoked, the reason for the revocation and the date of revocation; 7 8 (H) the expiration date of the sentence; and 9 (I) the date of the offender's release from the parole division or the date on which the offender is granted 10 clemency; and 11 the offender is 12 (5) if released under Article [Section 6(a), Article 42.12], the 13 42A.202(b) date of the 14 offender's release. 15 SECTION 2.25. Article 60.08(e), Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows: 16 17 (e) A court that orders the release of an offender under Article 42A.202(b) [Section 6(a), Article 42.12,] at a time when 18 19 the offender is under a bench warrant and not physically imprisoned in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice shall report the 20 release to the department not later than the seventh day after the 21 22 date of the release. SECTION 2.26. Article 62.063(b), 23 Code of Criminal 24 Procedure, is amended to read as follows: (b) A person subject to registration under this chapter 25 26 because of a reportable conviction or adjudication for which an 27 affirmative finding is entered under Article 42.015(b) or

H.B. No. 2299 1 <u>42A.105(a)</u> [Section 5(e)(2), Article 42.12], as appropriate, may 2 not, for compensation:

3

9

(1) operate or offer to operate a bus;

4 (2) provide or offer to provide a passenger taxicab or
5 limousine transportation service;

6 (3) provide or offer to provide any type of service in 7 the residence of another person unless the provision of service 8 will be supervised; or

(4) operate or offer to operate any amusement ride.

SECTION 2.27. Articles 62.301(b) and (c), Code of Criminal
Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

12 (b) A person is eligible to petition the court as described13 by Subsection (a) if:

14 (1) the person is required to register only as a result 15 of a single reportable conviction or adjudication, other than an 16 adjudication of delinquent conduct; and

17 (2) the court has entered in the appropriate judgment 18 or has filed with the appropriate papers a statement of an 19 affirmative finding described by Article 42.017 or <u>42A.105(c)</u> 20 [Section 5(g), Article 42.12].

(c) A defendant who before September 1, 2011, is convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community supervision for an offense under Section 21.11 or 22.011, Penal Code, is eligible to petition the court as described by Subsection (a). The court may consider the petition only if the petition states and the court finds that the defendant would have been entitled to the entry of an affirmative finding under Article 42.017 or <u>42A.105(c)</u> [Section

1 5(g), Article 42.12], as appropriate, had the conviction or 2 placement on deferred adjudication community supervision occurred 3 after September 1, 2011.

4 SECTION 2.28. Article 102.018(b), Code of Criminal 5 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

6 (b) Except as provided by Subsection (d) [of this article], 7 on conviction of an offense relating to the driving or operating of 8 a motor vehicle punishable under Section 49.04(b), Penal Code, the court shall impose as a cost of court on the defendant an amount 9 that is equal to the cost of an evaluation of the defendant 10 performed under Article 42A.402(a) [Section 13(a), Article 42.12, 11 12 of this code]. Costs imposed under this subsection are in addition to other court costs and are due whether or not the defendant is 13 14 granted community supervision [probation] in the case, except that 15 if the court determines that the defendant is indigent and unable to pay the cost, the court may waive the imposition of the cost. 16

SECTION 2.29. Article 102.020(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

19

(a) A person shall pay as a cost of court:

(1) \$250 on conviction of an offense listed in Section
411.1471(a)(1), Government Code;

(2) \$50 on conviction of an offense listed in Section
411.1471(a)(3) of that code; or

(3) \$34 on placement of the person on community
supervision, including deferred adjudication community
supervision, if the person is required to submit a DNA sample under
Article 42A.352 [Section 11(j), Article 42.12].

H.B. No. 2299 1 SECTION 2.30. Section 37.152(f), Education Code, is amended 2 to read as follows:

3 (f) Except if an offense causes the death of a student, in sentencing a person convicted of an offense under this section, the 4 5 court may require the person to perform community service, subject to the same conditions imposed on a person placed on community 6 supervision under Chapter 42A [Section 11, Article 42.12], Code of 7 8 Criminal Procedure, for an appropriate period of time in lieu of confinement in county jail or in lieu of a part of the time the 9 10 person is sentenced to confinement in county jail.

11 SECTION 2.31. Section 53.045(a), Family Code, is amended to 12 read as follows:

(a) Except as provided by Subsection (e), the prosecuting attorney may refer the petition to the grand jury of the county in which the court in which the petition is filed presides if the petition alleges that the child engaged in delinquent conduct that constitutes habitual felony conduct as described by Section 51.031 or that included the violation of any of the following provisions:

Section 19.02, Penal Code (murder); 19 (1)Section 19.03, Penal Code (capital murder); 20 (2) 21 Section 19.04, Penal Code (manslaughter); (3) Section 20.04, 22 (4) Penal Code (aggravated kidnapping); 23 24 (5) Section 22.011, Penal Code (sexual assault) or

25 Section 22.021, Penal Code (aggravated sexual assault);
26 (6) Section 22.02, Penal Code (aggravated assault);
27 (7) Section 29.03, Penal Code (aggravated robbery);

H.B. No. 2299 Section 22.04, Penal Code (injury to a child, 1 (8) elderly individual, or disabled individual), if the offense is 2 3 punishable as a felony, other than a state jail felony; 4 (9) Section 22.05(b), Penal Code (felony deadly 5 conduct involving discharging a firearm); (10) Subchapter D, Chapter 481, Health and Safety 6 7 Code, if the conduct constitutes a felony of the first degree or an 8 aggravated controlled substance felony (certain offenses involving controlled substances); 9 Section 10 (11)15.03, Penal Code (criminal solicitation); 11 12 (12)Section 21.11(a)(1), Penal Code (indecency with a 13 child); 14 (13)Section 15.031, Penal Code (criminal 15 solicitation of a minor); Section 15.01, Penal Code (criminal attempt), if 16 (14) 17 the offense attempted was an offense under Section 19.02, Penal Code (murder), or Section 19.03, Penal Code (capital murder), or an 18 offense listed by Article 42A.054(a) [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 19 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; 20 21 (15) Section 28.02, Penal Code (arson), if bodily injury or death is suffered by any person by reason of the 22 commission of the conduct; 23 24 (16) Section 49.08, Penal Code (intoxication manslaughter); or 25 (17) Section 15.02, Penal Code (criminal conspiracy), 26 if the offense made the subject of the criminal conspiracy includes 27

a violation of any of the provisions referenced in Subdivisions (1)
 through (16).

3 SECTION 2.32. Section 54.0409(a), Family Code, is amended 4 to read as follows:

5 (a) This section applies only to conduct constituting the 6 commission of a felony:

7 (1) that is listed in <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section
8 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

9 (2) for which it is shown that a deadly weapon, as 10 defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code, was used or exhibited during 11 the commission of the conduct or during immediate flight from the 12 commission of the conduct.

13 SECTION 2.33. Sections 54.051(e), (e-1), (e-2), and (e-3), 14 Family Code, are amended to read as follows:

(e) A district court that exercises jurisdiction over a person transferred under Subsection (d) shall place the person on community supervision under <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article 42.12], Code of R Criminal Procedure, for the remainder of the person's probationary period and under conditions consistent with those ordered by the juvenile court.

(e-1) The restrictions on a judge placing a defendant on community supervision imposed by <u>Article 42A.054</u> [Section 3g, <u>Article 42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure, do not apply to a case transferred from the juvenile court. The minimum period of community supervision imposed by <u>Article 42A.053(d)</u> [Section 3(b), <u>Article 42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure, does not apply to a case transferred from the juvenile court.

1 (e-2) If a person who is placed on community supervision under this section violates a condition of that supervision or if 2 3 the person violated a condition of probation ordered under Section 54.04(q) and that probation violation was not discovered by the 4 state before the person's 19th birthday, the district court shall 5 dispose of the violation of community supervision or probation, as 6 appropriate, in the same manner as if the court had originally 7 8 exercised jurisdiction over the case. If the judge revokes community supervision, the judge may reduce the prison sentence to 9 10 any length without regard to the minimum term imposed by Article 42A.755(a) [Section 23(a), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 11 12 Procedure.

13 (e-3) The time that a person serves on probation ordered 14 under Section 54.04(q) is the same as time served on community 15 supervision ordered under this section for purposes of determining 16 the person's eligibility for early discharge from community 17 supervision under <u>Article 42A.701</u> [Section 20, Article 42.12], Code 18 of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION 2.34. Section 55.45(c), Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(c) If the referred child, as described in Subsection (b), is alleged to have committed an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054</u> [Section 3g, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, the administrator of the residential care facility shall apply, in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the juvenile court that ordered commitment of the child or that referred the case to a court that ordered commitment of the child

1 and show good cause for any release of the child from the facility for more than 48 hours. Notice of this request must be provided to 2 3 the prosecuting attorney responsible for the case. The prosecuting attorney, the juvenile, or the administrator may apply for a 4 hearing on this application. If no one applies for a hearing, the 5 trial court shall resolve the application on the written 6 submission. The rules of evidence do not apply to this hearing. An 7 8 appeal of the trial court's ruling on the application is not allowed. The release of a child described in this subsection 9 10 without the express approval of the trial court is punishable by contempt. 11

SECTION 2.35. Section 76.001(2), Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (2) "Community supervision" has the meaning assigned 15 by <u>Article 42A.001</u> [Section 2, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 16 Procedure.

17 SECTION 2.36. Section 76.015(c), Government Code, is 18 amended to read as follows:

(c) A department may assess a reasonable administrative fee of not less than \$25 and not more than \$60 per month on an individual who participates in a program operated by the department or receives services from the department and who is not paying a monthly fee under <u>Article 42A.652</u> [Section 19, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

25 SECTION 2.37. Section 103.021, Government Code, is amended 26 to read as follows:

27 Sec. 103.021. ADDITIONAL FEES AND COSTS IN CRIMINAL OR

1 CIVIL CASES: CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE. An accused or defendant, 2 or a party to a civil suit, as applicable, shall pay the following 3 fees and costs under the Code of Criminal Procedure if ordered by 4 the court or otherwise required:

5 (1) a personal bond fee (Art. 17.42, Code of Criminal 6 Procedure) . . . the greater of \$20 or three percent of the amount 7 of the bail fixed for the accused;

8 (2) cost of electronic monitoring as a condition of 9 release on personal bond (Art. 17.43, Code of Criminal Procedure) 10 . . . actual cost;

11 (3) a fee for verification of and monitoring of motor 12 vehicle ignition interlock (Art. 17.441, Code of Criminal 13 Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$10;

14 (3-a) costs associated with operating a global 15 positioning monitoring system as a condition of release on bond 16 (Art. 17.49(b)(2), Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . actual costs, 17 subject to a determination of indigency;

18 (3-b) costs associated with providing a defendant's 19 victim with an electronic receptor device as a condition of the 20 defendant's release on bond (Art. 17.49(b)(3), Code of Criminal 21 Procedure) . . . actual costs, subject to a determination of 22 indigency;

(4) repayment of reward paid by a crime stoppers
organization on conviction of a felony (Art. 37.073, Code of
Criminal Procedure) . . . amount ordered;

26 (5) reimbursement to general revenue fund for payments27 made to victim of an offense as condition of community supervision

(<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art. 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to
 exceed \$50 for a misdemeanor offense or \$100 for a felony offense;

3 (6) payment to a crime stoppers organization as
4 condition of community supervision (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art. 42.12], Code
5 of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$50;

6 (7) children's advocacy center fee (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art.
7 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$50;

8 (8) family violence center fee (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art.
9 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$100;

10 (9) community supervision fee (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art. 11 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not less than \$25 or more 12 than \$60 per month;

13 (10) additional community supervision fee for certain 14 offenses (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art. 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) 15 . . . \$5 per month;

16 (11) for certain financially able sex offenders as a 17 condition of community supervision, the costs of treatment, 18 specialized supervision, or rehabilitation (<u>Chapter 42A</u> [Art. 19 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . all or part of the 20 reasonable and necessary costs of the treatment, supervision, or 21 rehabilitation as determined by the judge;

(12) fee for failure to appear for trial in a justice or municipal court if a jury trial is not waived (Art. 45.026, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . costs incurred for impaneling the jury;

(13) costs of certain testing, assessments, or
 programs during a deferral period (Art. 45.051, Code of Criminal

1 Procedure) . . . amount ordered;

5

2 (14) special expense on dismissal of certain
3 misdemeanor complaints (Art. 45.051, Code of Criminal Procedure)
4 . . . not to exceed amount of fine assessed;

(15) an additional fee:

6 (A) for a copy of the defendant's driving record 7 to be requested from the Department of Public Safety by the judge 8 (Art. 45.0511(c-1), Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . amount equal 9 to the sum of the fee established by Section 521.048, 10 Transportation Code, and the state electronic Internet portal fee;

(B) as an administrative fee for requesting a driving safety course or a course under the motorcycle operator training and safety program for certain traffic offenses to cover the cost of administering the article (Art. 45.0511(f)(1), Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$10; or

16 (C) for requesting a driving safety course or a 17 course under the motorcycle operator training and safety program 18 before the final disposition of the case (Art. 45.0511(f)(2), Code 19 of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed the maximum amount of the 20 fine for the offense committed by the defendant;

(16) a request fee for teen court program (Art. 22 45.052, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$20, if the court 23 ordering the fee is located in the Texas-Louisiana border region, 24 but otherwise not to exceed \$10;

(17) a fee to cover costs of required duties of teen
court (Art. 45.052, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$20, if the
court ordering the fee is located in the Texas-Louisiana border

1 region, but otherwise \$10;

2 (18) a mileage fee for officer performing certain
3 services (Art. 102.001, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$0.15 per
4 mile;

5 (19) certified mailing of notice of hearing date (Art.
6 102.006, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$1, plus postage;

7 (20) certified mailing of certified copies of an order
8 of expunction (Art. 102.006, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$2,
9 plus postage;

10 (20-a) a fee to defray the cost of notifying state 11 agencies of orders of expungement (Art. 45.0216, Code of Criminal 12 Procedure) . . . \$30 per application;

13 (20-b) a fee to defray the cost of notifying state 14 agencies of orders of expunction (Art. 45.055, Code of Criminal 15 Procedure) . . . \$30 per application;

16

(21) sight orders:

17 (A) if the face amount of the check or sight order
18 does not exceed \$10 (Art. 102.007, Code of Criminal Procedure)
19 . . . not to exceed \$10;

(B) if the face amount of the check or sight order
is greater than \$10 but does not exceed \$100 (Art. 102.007, Code of
Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$15;

(C) if the face amount of the check or sight order
is greater than \$100 but does not exceed \$300 (Art. 102.007, Code of
Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$30;

(D) if the face amount of the check or sight order
is greater than \$300 but does not exceed \$500 (Art. 102.007, Code of

1 Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$50; and (E) if the face amount of the check or sight order 2 is greater than \$500 (Art. 102.007, Code of Criminal Procedure) 3 . . . not to exceed \$75; 4 (22) fees for a pretrial intervention program: 5 6 (A) a supervision fee (Art. 102.012(a), Code of 7 Criminal Procedure) . . . \$60 a month plus expenses; and 8 (B) а district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney administrative fee (Art. 102.0121, 9 Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$500; 10 (23) parking fee violations for child safety fund in 11 12 municipalities with populations: greater than 850,000 (Art. 102.014, Code of 13 (A) 14 Criminal Procedure) . . . not less than \$2 and not to exceed \$5; and 15 (B) less than 850,000 (Art. 102.014, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$5; 16 17 (24) an administrative fee for collection of fines, fees, restitution, or other costs (Art. 102.072, Code of Criminal 18 Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$2 for each transaction; and 19 (25) a collection fee, if authorized by the 20 21 commissioners court of a county or the governing body of a municipality, for certain debts and accounts receivable, including 22 unpaid fines, fees, court costs, forfeited bonds, and restitution 23 24 ordered paid (Art. 103.0031, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . 30 percent of an amount more than 60 days past due. 25 26 is

26 SECTION 2.38. Section 123.001(b), Government Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

If a defendant successfully completes a drug court 1 (b) program, regardless of whether the defendant was convicted of the 2 3 offense for which the defendant entered the program or whether the deferred further proceedings without 4 court entering an 5 adjudication of guilt, after notice to the state and a hearing on whether the defendant is otherwise entitled to the petition and 6 whether issuance of the order is in the best interest of justice, 7 8 the court shall enter an order of nondisclosure under Section 411.081 as if the defendant had received a discharge and dismissal 9 under Article 42A.111 [Section 5(c), Article 42.12], Code of 10 Criminal Procedure, with respect to all records and files related 11 to the defendant's arrest for the offense for which the defendant 12 entered the program if the defendant: 13

14 (1) has not been previously convicted of an offense
15 listed in <u>Article 42A.054</u> [Section 3g, Article 42.12], Code of
16 Criminal Procedure, or a sexually violent offense, as defined by
17 Article 62.001, Code of Criminal Procedure; and

18 (2) is not convicted for any felony offense between
19 the date on which the defendant successfully completed the program
20 and the second anniversary of that date.

21 SECTION 2.39. Section 123.008(a), Government Code, is
22 amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding <u>Article 42A.304</u> [Sections 13 and 16,
Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, to encourage
participation in a drug court program established under this
chapter, the judge or magistrate administering the program may
suspend any requirement that, as a condition of community

supervision, a participant in the program work a specified number
 of hours at a community service project or projects.

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3 SECTION 2.40. Sections 411.081(d) and (e), Government Code, 4 are amended to read as follows:

5 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subchapter, (d) is placed on deferred adjudication community 6 if a person supervision under Subchapter C, Chapter 42A [Section 5, Article 7 8 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, subsequently receives a discharge and dismissal under Article 42A.111 [Section 5(c), 9 10 Article 42.12], and satisfies the requirements of Subsection (e), the person may petition the court that placed the defendant on 11 12 deferred adjudication for an order of nondisclosure under this Except as provided by Subsection (e), a person may 13 subsection. petition the court for an order of nondisclosure regardless of 14 15 whether the person has been previously placed on deferred adjudication community supervision for another offense. 16 After 17 notice to the state, an opportunity for a hearing, and a determination that the person is entitled to file the petition and 18 19 issuance of the order is in the best interest of justice, the court shall issue an order prohibiting criminal justice agencies from 20 disclosing to the public criminal history record information 21 related to the offense giving rise to the deferred adjudication. A 22 23 criminal justice agency may disclose criminal history record 24 information that is the subject of the order only to other criminal justice agencies $[\tau]$ for criminal justice or regulatory licensing 25 26 purposes, an agency or entity listed in Subsection (i), or the person who is the subject of the order. A person may petition the 27

1 court that placed the person on deferred adjudication for an order 2 of nondisclosure only on or after:

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3 (1) the discharge and dismissal, if the offense for 4 which the person was placed on deferred adjudication was a 5 misdemeanor other than a misdemeanor described by Subdivision (2);

6 (2) the second anniversary of the discharge and 7 dismissal, if the offense for which the person was placed on 8 deferred adjudication was a misdemeanor under Chapter 20, 21, 22, 9 25, 42, or 46, Penal Code; or

10 (3) the fifth anniversary of the discharge and 11 dismissal, if the offense for which the person was placed on 12 deferred adjudication was a felony.

(e) A person is entitled to petition the court under 13 14 Subsection (d) only if during the period of the deferred 15 adjudication community supervision for which the order of nondisclosure is requested and during the applicable period 16 17 described by Subsection (d)(1), (2), or (3), as appropriate, the person is not convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication 18 19 community supervision under Subchapter C, Chapter 42A [Section 5, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, for any offense other 20 than an offense under the Transportation Code punishable by fine 21 A person is not entitled to petition the court under 22 only. Subsection (d) if 23 the person was placed on the deferred 24 adjudication community supervision for or has been previously convicted or placed on any other deferred adjudication for: 25

26 (1) an offense requiring registration as a sex
 27 offender under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure;

(2) an offense under Section 20.04, Penal Code,
 regardless of whether the offense is a reportable conviction or
 adjudication for purposes of Chapter 62, Code of Criminal
 Procedure;

5 (3) an offense under Section 19.02, 19.03, 22.04,
6 22.041, 25.07, 25.072, or 42.072, Penal Code; or

7 (4) any other offense involving family violence, as
8 defined by Section 71.004, Family Code.

9 SECTION 2.41. Section 411.145(c), Government Code, is 10 amended to read as follows:

11 (c) A fee collected under this section shall be deposited in 12 the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund, and 13 money deposited to the state highway fund under this section and 14 under <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Articles 42.12] and <u>Article</u> 102.020(h), Code of 15 Criminal Procedure, may be used only to defray the cost of 16 administering this subchapter and Section 411.0205.

SECTION 2.42. Section 414.010(a), Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Except as provided by Subsection (d), a crime stoppers 19 (a) organization certified by the council to receive money in the form 20 of payments from defendants placed on community supervision under 21 Chapter 42A [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or money 22 in the form of repayments of rewards under Articles 37.073 and 23 24 42.152, Code of Criminal Procedure, may use not more than 20 percent 25 of the money annually received to pay costs incurred in 26 administering the organization and shall use the remainder of the money, including any interest earned on the money, only to reward 27

1 persons who report information concerning criminal activity. Not 2 later than January 31 of each year, a crime stoppers organization 3 that receives or expends money under this section shall file a 4 detailed report with the council.

5 SECTION 2.43. Sections 414.011(a) and (b), Government Code, 6 are amended to read as follows:

7 The council shall, on application by a crime stoppers (a) 8 organization, determine whether the organization is qualified to receive repayments of rewards under Articles 37.073 and 42.152, 9 10 Code of Criminal Procedure, or payments from a defendant under Chapter 42A [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure. 11 The 12 council shall certify a crime stoppers organization to receive those repayments or payments if, considering the organization, 13 continuity, leadership, community support, and general conduct of 14 the crime stoppers organization, the council determines that the 15 repayments or payments will be spent to further the crime 16 prevention purposes of the organization. 17

Each crime stoppers organization certified by the 18 (b) 19 council to receive repayments under Articles 37.073 and 42.152, Code of Criminal Procedure, or payments from a defendant under 20 Chapter 42A [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, is subject 21 to a review or audit, including financial and programmatic reviews 22 or audits, of finances or programs at the direction of the criminal 23 justice division of the governor's office or its designee. A copy 24 of the review or audit report shall be submitted to the criminal 25 26 justice division.

27

SECTION 2.44. Section 420.008(b), Government Code, is

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1 amended to read as follows:
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(b) The fund consists of fees collected under:

3 (1) <u>Article 42A.653(a)</u> [Section 19(e), Article
4 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure;

5

2

(2) Section 508.189, Government Code; and

6 (3) Subchapter B, Chapter 102, Business & Commerce 7 Code, and deposited under Section 102.054.

8 SECTION 2.45. Sections 420.014(a) and (e), Government Code, 9 are amended to read as follows:

(a) If the attorney general reasonably believes that a court
or a community supervision office has not properly assessed or made
a reasonable effort to collect costs due under <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article
42.12 or 42.18], Code of Criminal Procedure, <u>or Chapter 508,</u>
<u>Government Code,</u> the attorney general shall send a warning letter
to the court or the governing body of the governmental unit in which
the court is located.

(e) If the attorney general finds from available evidence that a court or a community supervision office has not properly assessed or made a reasonable effort to collect costs due under <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article 42.12 or 42.18], Code of Criminal Procedure, <u>or Chapter 508, Government Code,</u> the attorney general may:

(1) refuse to award grants under this subchapter to
residents of the jurisdiction served by the court or community
supervision office; or

(2) in the case of a court, notify the State Commissionon Judicial Conduct of the findings.

27

SECTION 2.46. Sections 493.009(a), (a-1), (b), (c), (d),

1 (e), (g), (h), (k), and (q), Government Code, are amended to read as
2 follows:

3 (a) The department shall establish a program to confine and4 treat:

5 (1) defendants required to participate in the program
6 under <u>Article 42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal
7 Procedure; and

8 (2) individuals referred for treatment as part of a 9 drug court program established under Chapter 123 or a similar 10 program created under other law.

(a-1) The board by rule may modify requirements imposed by this section and <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, as necessary to properly treat individuals who are not participating in the program as a condition of community supervision.

16 (b) The board shall adopt criteria to determine the 17 suitability of candidates for participation in the program. The department and the Department of State Health Services [Texas 18 19 Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse] shall jointly develop methods of screening and assessing defendants required to participate in 20 the program under Article 42A.303 [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code 21 of Criminal Procedure, to determine their need for specific types 22 23 of treatment for alcohol or drug abuse problems.

(c) The program for persons required to participate in the
program under <u>Article 42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of
Criminal Procedure, must consist of treatment programs that may
vary in time from 90 days to 12 months.

1 (d) The program for persons required to participate in the program under Article 42A.303 [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of 2 Criminal Procedure, provided under this section must contain highly 3 structured work, education, and treatment schedules, a clearly 4 5 delineated authority structure, and well-defined goals and guidelines. The department shall establish a graded system of 6 rewards and sanctions for defendants who participate in the 7 8 program, but a defendant required to participate in the program under Article 42A.303 [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 9 Procedure, is not entitled to earn awards of time for good conduct. 10 A qualified professional, at least every 60 days, must perform an 11 evaluation on a defendant that determines the defendant's treatment 12 progress and institutional behavior. Not later than three days 13 14 after the date on which a four-month evaluation is performed, the 15 qualified professional shall establish a tentative release date for the defendant, notify the sentencing court of that fact, and 16 17 include with the notice a copy of the four-month evaluation. The qualified professional immediately shall notify the court if the 18 19 professional determines the defendant's conduct requires a revision of the tentative release date. 20

(e) The department shall employ or contract with qualified professionals to implement the program for persons required to participate in the program under <u>Article 42A.303</u> [Section 14, <u>Article 42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure. For purposes of this subsection, a "qualified professional" is a person who:

(1) is a licensed chemical dependency counselor;
(2) is a licensed social worker who has at least two

1 years of experience in chemical dependency counseling; or

2 (3) is a licensed professional counselor, physician,
3 or psychologist and who has at least two years of experience in
4 chemical dependency counseling.

5 (g) The department shall provide beds for the purpose of 6 operating the program for persons required to participate in the 7 program under <u>Article 42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of 8 Criminal Procedure, [as amended by Chapter 900, Acts of the 73rd 9 <u>Legislature, Regular Session, 1993</u>,] except that the beds may also 10 be used to house the following categories of persons:

11 (1) persons transferred under Subchapter A, Chapter 12 499, and Section 508.118;

13 (2) persons whose community supervision or parole has14 been modified;

15 (3) defendants confined in county jails awaiting 16 transfer to the institutional division; and

17 (4) inmates participating in the program described by18 Section 501.0931.

(h) On and after the date persons are required under <u>Article</u> <u>42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, to participate in the program established under this section, the department shall give priority to housing those persons over the categories of persons described by Subsections (g)(1)-(4).

(k) It is the intent of the legislature that facilities
established under this section be used primarily to house persons
required to participate in the program under <u>Article 42A.303</u>
[Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, except

1 that if treatment beds are empty, this subsection does not prohibit 2 the department from using those empty beds to treat the categories 3 of persons listed in Subsection (g).

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(q) The department not less often than every two years shall
determine whether the department should increase the number of beds
provided by the department for the operation of the program for
persons required to participate in the program under <u>Article</u>
<u>42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure[,
as amended by Chapter 900, Acts of the 73rd Legislature, Regular
Session, 1993].

11 SECTION 2.47. Sections 493.009(f)(1) and (3), Government 12 Code, are amended to read as follows:

(f)(1) The department shall adopt rules of conduct for persons required to participate in the program under <u>Article</u> <u>42A.303</u> [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or required to participate in the program following modification of community supervision or parole.

The department, immediately on receiving notice, 18 (3) 19 shall request the sentencing court to reassume custody of the defendant if the defendant was required to participate in the 20 program under Article 42A.303 [Section 14, Article 42.12], Code of 21 Criminal Procedure, or required to participate in the program 22 following modification of community supervision. The court shall 23 24 reassume custody before the 12th day after the date on which the department notifies the court. If the court revokes the 25 26 defendant's community supervision, the admission of the defendant 27 to the institutional division is an admission for which the

department must account in the scheduled admissions policy
 established under Section 499.071.

3 SECTION 2.48. Section 493.017(a), Government Code, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (a) A sex offender correction program that provides 6 counseling sessions for a sex offender under <u>Article 42A.453</u> 7 [Section 13B, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, shall 8 report to the community supervision and corrections department 9 officer supervising the offender, not later than the 15th day of 10 each month, the following information about the offender:

11 (1) the total number of counseling sessions attended 12 by the sex offender during the preceding month; and

13 (2) if during the preceding month the sex offender 14 terminates participation in the program before completing 15 counseling, the reason for the sex offender's termination of 16 counseling.

17 SECTION 2.49. Section 499.027(b), Government Code, is 18 amended to read as follows:

(b) An inmate is not eligible under this subchapter to beconsidered for release to intensive supervision parole if:

(1) the inmate is awaiting transfer to the institutional division, or serving a sentence, for an offense for which the judgment contains an affirmative finding under <u>Article</u> <u>42A.054(c) or (d)</u> [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure;

26 (2) the inmate is awaiting transfer to the 27 institutional division, or serving a sentence, for an offense

1 listed in one of the following sections of the Penal Code: (A) Section 19.02 (murder); 2 3 (B) Section 19.03 (capital murder); (C) Section 19.04 (manslaughter); 4 (D) Section 20.03 (kidnapping); 5 (E) Section 20.04 (aggravated kidnapping); 6 (F) Section 21.11 (indecency with a child); 7 8 (G) Section 22.011 (sexual assault); 9 Section 22.02 (aggravated assault); (H) Section 22.021 (aggravated sexual assault); 10 (I) Section 22.04 (injury to a child, elderly 11 (J) individual, or disabled individual); 12 Section 25.02 (prohibited sexual conduct); 13 (K) 14 (L) Section 25.08 (sale or purchase of a child); 15 (M) Section 28.02 (arson); 16 Section 29.02 (robbery); (N) 17 (0) Section 29.03 (aggravated robbery); Section 30.02 (burglary), if the offense is 18 (P) punished as a first-degree felony under that section; 19 20 (Q) Section 43.04 (aggravated promotion of prostitution); 21 22 (R) Section 43.05 (compelling prostitution); 23 (S) Section 43.24 (sale, distribution, or 24 display of harmful material to minor); 25 (T) (sexual Section 43.25 performance by а child); 26 27 (U) Section 46.10 (deadly weapon in penal

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H.B. No. 2299 1 institution); 2 (V) Section 15.01 (criminal attempt), if the 3 offense attempted is listed in this subsection; 4 (W) Section 15.02 (criminal conspiracy), if the 5 offense that is the subject of the conspiracy is listed in this subsection; 6 Section 15.03 (criminal solicitation), 7 (X) if 8 the offense solicited is listed in this subsection; 9 (Y) Section 21.02 (continuous sexual abuse of 10 young child or children); (Z) Section 20A.02 (trafficking of persons); or 11 12 (AA) Section 20A.03 (continuous trafficking of 13 persons); or 14 (3) the inmate is awaiting transfer the to institutional division, or serving a sentence, for an offense under 15 Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, punishable by a minimum term of 16 17 imprisonment or a maximum fine that is greater than the minimum term of imprisonment or the maximum fine for a first degree felony. 18 SECTION 2.50. Section 499.053(d), Government Code, 19 is amended to read as follows: 20 A person transferred from the Texas Juvenile Justice 21 (d) Department for the offense of capital murder shall become eligible 22 for parole as provided in Section 508.145(d) for an offense listed 23 24 in Article 42A.054 [Section 3g, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or an offense for which a deadly weapon finding has been 25 26 made. SECTION 2.51. 508.145(d), Government 27 Section Code, is

1 amended to read as follows:

2 (d)(1) <u>This subsection applies only to an</u> [An] inmate <u>who is</u> 3 serving a sentence for<u>:</u>

(A) an offense described by <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u>
[Section 3g(a)(1)(A), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (K),
(L), (M), or (N), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, <u>other</u>
<u>than an offense under Section 19.03, Penal Code;</u>

8 (B) an offense for which the judgment contains an 9 affirmative finding under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or (d), Code of</u> 10 <u>Criminal Procedure;</u>

11 (C) [Section 3g(a)(2) of that article,] an 12 offense under Section 20A.03, Penal Code; [-] or

13 (D) an offense under Section 71.02 or 71.023, 14 Penal Code.

15 (2) An inmate described by Subdivision (1) [-] is not 16 eligible for release on parole until the inmate's actual calendar 17 time served, without consideration of good conduct time, equals 18 one-half of the sentence or 30 calendar years, whichever is less, 19 but in no event is the inmate eligible for release on parole in less 20 than two calendar years.

21 (3) [(2)] Notwithstanding Subdivision (2) [(1)], an 22 inmate who is serving a sentence for an offense under Section 23 22.021, Penal Code [described by Section 3g(a)(1)(E), Article 24 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure], is not eligible for release on 25 parole if the inmate is serving a sentence for an offense for which 26 punishment was enhanced under Section 12.42(c)(4), Penal Code.

27 SECTION 2.52. Sections 508.146(a) and (f), Government Code,

1 are amended to read as follows:

An inmate other than an inmate who is serving a sentence 2 (a) 3 of death or life without parole may be released on medically recommended intensive supervision on a date designated by a parole 4 panel described by Subsection (e), except that an inmate with an 5 instant offense that is an offense described in Article 42A.054 6 [Section 3g, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or an 7 8 inmate who has a reportable conviction or adjudication under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure, may only be considered if a 9 10 medical condition of terminal illness or long-term care has been diagnosed by a physician, if: 11

(1) the Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with
Medical or Mental Impairments, in cooperation with the Correctional
Managed Health Care Committee, identifies the inmate as being:

15 (A) a person who is elderly or terminally ill, a person with mental illness, an intellectual disability, or a 16 17 physical disability, [physically disabled, mentally ill, terminally ill, or mentally retarded] or a person who has [having] a 18 condition requiring long-term care, if the inmate is an inmate with 19 an instant offense that is described in Article 42A.054 [Section 20 3q, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or 21

(B) in a persistent vegetative state or being a person with an organic brain syndrome with significant to total mobility impairment, if the inmate is an inmate who has a reportable conviction or adjudication under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure;

27

(2) the parole panel determines that, based on the

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(3) the Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with 3 Medical or Mental Impairments, in cooperation with the pardons and 4 paroles division, has prepared for the inmate a medically 5 recommended intensive supervision plan that requires the inmate to 6 electronic monitoring, places 7 submit to the inmate on super-intensive supervision, or otherwise ensures appropriate 8 supervision of the inmate. 9

An inmate who is not a citizen of the United States, as 10 (f) defined by federal law, who is not under a sentence of death or life 11 12 without parole, and who does not have a reportable conviction or adjudication under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure, or an 13 14 instant offense described in Article 42A.054 [Section 3g, Article 15 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, may be released to immigration authorities pending deportation on a date designated by a parole 16 17 panel described by Subsection (e) if the parole panel determines that on release the inmate would be deported to another country and 18 19 that the inmate does not constitute a threat to public safety in the other country or this country and is unlikely to reenter this 20 country illegally. 21

22 SECTION 2.53. Section 508.149(a), Government Code, is
23 amended to read as follows:

(a) An inmate may not be released to mandatory supervision
if the inmate is serving a sentence for or has been previously
convicted of:

27

(1) an offense for which the judgment contains an

H.B. No. 2299 affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 1 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; 2 3 (2) a first degree felony or a second degree felony under Section 19.02, Penal Code; 4 (3) 5 a capital felony under Section 19.03, Penal Code; 6 (4) a first degree felony or a second degree felony under Section 20.04, Penal Code; 7 8 (5) an offense under Section 21.11, Penal Code; a felony under Section 22.011, Penal Code; 9 (6) 10 (7) a first degree felony or a second degree felony under Section 22.02, Penal Code; 11 a first degree felony under Section 22.021, Penal 12 (8) Code; 13 14 (9) a first degree felony under Section 22.04, Penal 15 Code; 16 a first degree felony under Section 28.02, Penal (10)17 Code; a second degree felony under Section 29.02, Penal 18 (11)Code; 19 a first degree felony under Section 29.03, Penal 20 (12)21 Code; a first degree felony under Section 30.02, Penal 22 (13) 23 Code; 24 (14)a felony for which the punishment is increased under Section 481.134 or Section 481.140, Health and Safety Code; 25 an offense under Section 43.25, Penal Code; 26 (15)27 (16)an offense under Section 21.02, Penal Code;

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(17) a first degree felony under Section 15.03, Penal
Code;
(18) an offense under Section 43.05, Penal Code;
(19) an offense under Section 20A.02, Penal Code;
(20) an offense under Section 20A.03, Penal Code; or

6 (21) a first degree felony under Section 71.02 or 7 71.023, Penal Code.

8 SECTION 2.54. Section 508.151(a), Government Code, is 9 amended to read as follows:

10 (a) For the purpose of diverting inmates to halfway houses 11 under Section 508.118, a parole panel, after reviewing all 12 available pertinent information, may designate a presumptive 13 parole date for an inmate who:

(1) has never been convicted of an offense listed under <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or an offense under Section 20A.03 or 21.02, Penal Code; and

18 (2) has never had a conviction with a judgment that
19 contains an affirmative finding under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or (d)</u>
20 [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

21 SECTION 2.55. Section 508.221, Government Code, is amended 22 to read as follows:

Sec. 508.221. CONDITIONS PERMITTED GENERALLY. A parole panel may impose as a condition of parole or mandatory supervision any condition that a court may impose on a defendant placed on community supervision under <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, including the condition that a releasee submit

1 to testing for controlled substances or submit to electronic 2 monitoring if the parole panel determines that without testing for 3 controlled substances or participation in an electronic monitoring 4 program the inmate would not be released on parole.

5 SECTION 2.56. Section 508.225(a), Government Code, is 6 amended to read as follows:

If the nature of the offense for which an inmate is 7 (a) 8 serving a sentence warrants the establishment of a child safety zone, a parole panel may establish a child safety zone applicable to 9 10 an inmate serving a sentence for an offense listed in Article 42A.054(a) [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 11 12 Procedure, or for which the judgment contains an affirmative finding under Article 42A.054(c) or (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 13 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, by requiring as a condition of 14 parole or release to mandatory supervision that the inmate not: 15

16 (1) supervise or participate in any program that 17 includes as participants or recipients persons who are 17 years of 18 age or younger and that regularly provides athletic, civic, or 19 cultural activities; or

20 (2) go in or on, or within a distance specified by the 21 panel of, a premises where children commonly gather, including a 22 school, day-care facility, playground, public or private youth 23 center, public swimming pool, or video arcade facility.

24 SECTION 2.57. Section 509.0071(b), Government Code, is 25 amended to read as follows:

(b) A commitment reduction plan submitted under this27 section may contain a request for additional state funding in the

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a target number by which the county or counties 3 (1)served by the department or regional partnership of departments 4 will, relative to the number of individuals committed in the 5 preceding state fiscal year from the county or counties to the Texas 6 Department of Criminal Justice for offenses not listed in or 7 8 described by Article 42A.054 [Section 3g, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, reduce that number in the fiscal year for which 9 10 the commitment reduction plan is submitted by reducing the number of: 11

12

13

(A) direct sentencing commitments;

(B) community supervision revocations; or

14 (C) direct sentencing commitments and community 15 supervision revocations;

16 (2) a calculation, based on the most recent Criminal 17 Justice Uniform Cost Report published by the Legislative Budget 18 Board, of the savings to the state that will result from the county 19 or counties reaching the target number described by Subdivision 20 (1);

(3) an explanation of the programs and services the department or regional partnership of departments intends to provide using any funding received under Subsection (e)(1), including any programs or services designed to enhance public safety, reduce recidivism, strengthen the investigation and prosecution of criminal offenses, improve programs and services available to victims of crime, and increase the amount of

1 restitution collected from persons supervised by the department or 2 regional partnership of departments;

3 (4) a pledge by the department or regional partnership 4 of departments to provide accurate data to the division at the time 5 and in the manner required by the division;

6 (5) a pledge to repay to the state, not later than the 7 30th day after the last day of the state fiscal year in which the 8 lump-sum award is made, a percentage of the lump sum received under 9 Subsection (e)(1) that is equal to the percentage by which the 10 county or counties fail to reach the target number described by 11 Subdivision (1), if the county or counties do not reach that target 12 number; and

13 (6) if the commitment reduction plan is submitted by a 14 regional partnership of departments, an agreement and plan for the 15 receipt, division, and administration of any funding received under 16 Subsection (e).

SECTION 2.58. Section 509.015, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 509.015. TREATMENT STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN STATE JAIL
FELONIES. The division shall propose and the board shall adopt best
practices standards for substance abuse treatment conditions
imposed under <u>Article 42A.554(c)</u> [Section 15(c)(2), Article
42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

24 SECTION 2.59. Section 509.017, Government Code, is amended 25 to read as follows:

26 Sec. 509.017. SPECIAL ALLOCATION FOR CERTAIN DEFENDANTS 27 PLACED ON STATE JAIL FELONY COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. Notwithstanding

any other provision of this chapter, the Texas Department of
 Criminal Justice shall adopt policies and procedures to:

3 (1) determine the cost savings to the Texas Department
4 of Criminal Justice realized through the release of defendants on
5 community supervision under <u>Article 42A.551(d)(2)(B)</u> [Section
6 15(a)(2)(B)(ii), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; and

7 (2) provide 30 percent of that cost savings to the 8 division to be allocated to individual departments and used for the 9 same purpose that state aid is used under Section 509.011.

10 SECTION 2.60. Section 557.001(c), Government Code, is 11 amended to read as follows:

12 (c) A person convicted of an offense under this section may 13 not receive <u>community supervision</u> [probation] under <u>Chapter 42A</u> 14 [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

15 SECTION 2.61. Section 772.0071(a)(1), Government Code, is 16 amended to read as follows:

(1) "Border crime" means any crime that occurs in the
border region and that undermines public safety or security,
including an offense:

(A) during the prosecution of which an
 affirmative finding may be requested under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or</u>
 (d) [Section 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure;
 (B) under Chapter 19, 20, 20A, 46, or 71, Penal

(C) under Title 7 or 8, Penal Code;
(D) under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code;
(E) committed by a person who is not a citizen or

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Code;

H.B. No. 2299 1 national of the United States and is not lawfully present in the United States; or 2 3 (F) that is coordinated with or related to activities or crimes that occur or are committed in the United 4 5 Mexican States. 6 SECTION 2.62. Section 2001.221, Government Code, is amended 7 to read as follows: Sec. 2001.221. DRIVER'S LICENSES. 8 This chapter does not apply to a suspension, revocation, cancellation, denial, or 9 disqualification of a driver's license or commercial driver's 10 license as authorized by: 11 Subchapter N, Chapter 521, Transportation Code, 12 (1)except Sections 521.304 and 521.305 of that subchapter, or by 13 14 Subchapter O or P of that chapter; 15 (2) Chapter 522, Transportation Code; 16 Chapter 601, Transportation Code; or (3) 17 (4) Article 42A.406 or 42A.407 [Section 13, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure. 18 SECTION 2.63. Section 2002.023, Government Code, is amended 19 to read as follows: 20 21 Sec. 2002.023. EXCEPTIONS. This subchapter does not apply 2.2 to: a suspension, revocation, cancellation, denial, 23 (1)24 or disqualification of a driver's license or commercial driver's license as authorized by: 25 26 (A) Subchapter N, Chapter 521, Transportation 27 Code, except Sections 521.304 and 521.305 of that subchapter, or by

1 Subchapter O or P of that chapter; 2 (B) Chapter 522, Transportation Code; 3 (C) Chapter 601, Transportation Code; Chapter 724, Transportation Code; or 4 (D) 5 Article 42A.406 or 42A.407 [Section (E) Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; 6 7 matters related solely to the internal personnel (2) 8 rules and practices of a state agency; 9 (3) the Texas Workforce Commission, other than to 10 matters of unemployment insurance maintained by the commission; or (4) a rule or internal procedure of the Texas 11 Department of Criminal Justice or Texas Board of Criminal Justice 12 that applies to an inmate or any other person under the custody or 13 14 control of the department or to an action taken under that rule or 15 procedure. SECTION 2.64. Section 81.093(b), Health and Safety Code, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: (b) The court shall order 18 that а presentence 19 [presentencing] report be prepared under Subchapter F, Chapter 42A [Section 9, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, to 20 determine if a person convicted of an offense under Chapter 481 21 (Texas Controlled Substances Act) or under Sections 485.031 through 22 23 485.035 should be subject to Section 81.083 and Subchapter G. 24 SECTION 2.65. Section 169.001(b), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows: 25

(b) If a defendant successfully completes a first offender27 prostitution prevention program, regardless of whether the

defendant was convicted of the offense for which the defendant 1 entered the program or whether the court deferred further 2 3 proceedings without entering an adjudication of guilt, after notice to the state and a hearing on whether the defendant is otherwise 4 5 entitled to the petition, including whether the required time period has elapsed, and whether issuance of the order is in the best 6 interest of justice, the court shall enter 7 an order of 8 nondisclosure under Section 411.081, Government Code, as if the defendant had received a discharge and dismissal under Article 9 42A.111 [Section 5(c), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, 10 with respect to all records and files related to the defendant's 11 arrest for the offense for which the defendant entered the program 12 if the defendant: 13

14 (1) has not been previously convicted of a felony 15 offense; and

16 (2) is not convicted of any other felony offense 17 before the second anniversary of the defendant's successful 18 completion of the program.

SECTION 2.66. Section 169.002(b), Health and Safety Code, amended to read as follows:

(b) A defendant is eligible to participate in a first offender prostitution prevention program established under this chapter only if:

(1) the attorney representing the state consents to25 the defendant's participation in the program; and

(2) the court in which the criminal case is pendingfinds that the defendant has not been previously convicted of:

(A) an offense under Section 20A.02, 43.02,
 43.03, 43.04, or 43.05, Penal Code;

3 (B) an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u>
4 [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or
5 (C) an offense punishable as a felony under

5 (C) an offense punishable as a felony under6 Chapter 481.

7 SECTION 2.67. Section 169A.001(b), Health and Safety Code, 8 is amended to read as follows:

9 (b) If a defendant successfully completes a prostitution 10 prevention program, regardless of whether the defendant was convicted of the offense for which the defendant entered the 11 program or whether the court deferred further proceedings without 12 entering an adjudication of guilt, after notice to the state and a 13 14 hearing on whether the defendant is otherwise entitled to the 15 petition, including whether the required time has elapsed, and whether issuance of the order is in the best interest of justice, 16 the court shall enter an order of nondisclosure under Section 17 411.081, Government Code, as if the defendant had received a 18 19 discharge and dismissal under Article 42A.111 [Section 5(c), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, with respect to all 20 records and files related to the defendant's arrest for the offense 21 for which the defendant entered the program. 22

23 SECTION 2.68. Section 250.006(d), Health and Safety Code, 24 is amended to read as follows:

(d) For purposes of this section, a person who is placed on deferred adjudication community supervision for an offense listed in this section, successfully completes the period of deferred

1 adjudication community supervision, and receives a dismissal and 2 discharge in accordance with <u>Article 42A.111</u> [Section 5(c), Article 3 <u>42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure, is not considered convicted of 4 the offense for which the person received deferred adjudication 5 community supervision.

6 SECTION 2.69. Section 534.053(c), Health and Safety Code, 7 is amended to read as follows:

8 (c) To the extent that resources are available, the 9 department shall:

10 (1) ensure that the services listed in this section 11 are available for children, including adolescents, as well as 12 adults, in each service area;

13 (2) emphasize early intervention services for 14 children, including adolescents, who meet the department's 15 definition of being at high risk of developing severe emotional 16 disturbances or severe mental illnesses; and

(3) ensure that services listed in this section are available for defendants required to submit to mental health treatment under Article 17.032, 42A.104, or 42A.506 [Section 5(a) or 11(d), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

21 SECTION 2.70. Section 614.0032(a), Health and Safety Code,
22 is amended to read as follows:

23 (a) The office shall:

(1) perform duties imposed on the office by Section508.146, Government Code; and

26 (2) periodically identify state jail felony
 27 defendants suitable for release under <u>Article 42A.561</u> [Section

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1 15(i), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, and perform
2 other duties imposed on the office by that article [section].

3 SECTION 2.71. Section 773.0614(c), Health and Safety Code, 4 is amended to read as follows:

5 (c) A certificate holder's certificate shall be revoked if 6 the certificate holder has been convicted of or placed on deferred 7 adjudication community supervision or deferred disposition for:

8 (1) an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054(a)(2), (3),</u>
9 (4), (6), (7), (8), (10), or (14) [Sections 3g(a)(1)(A) through
10 (H), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

(2) an offense, other than an offense described by Subdivision (1), committed on or after September 1, 2009, for which the person is subject to registration under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION 2.72. Section 773.06141(a), Health and Safety Code, as amended by S.B. No. 219, Acts of the 84th Legislature, Regular Session, 2015, is amended to read as follows:

18 (a) The department may suspend, revoke, or deny an emergency 19 medical services provider license on the grounds that the 20 provider's administrator of record, employee, or other 21 representative:

(1) has been convicted of, or placed on deferred adjudication community supervision or deferred disposition for, an offense that directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of the administrator, employee, or representative, other than an offense for which points are assigned under Section 708.052, Transportation Code;

(2) has been convicted of or placed on deferred
 adjudication community supervision or deferred disposition for an
 offense, including:

4 (A) an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054(a)(2)</u>,
5 (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), (10), or (14) [Sections 3g(a)(1)(A)
6 through (H), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

(B) an offense, other than an offense described
by Subdivision (1), for which the person is subject to registration
under Chapter 62, Code of Criminal Procedure; or

10 (3) has been convicted of Medicare or Medicaid fraud,
11 has been excluded from participation in the state Medicaid program,
12 or has a hold on payment for reimbursement under the state Medicaid
13 program under Subchapter C, Chapter 531, Government Code.

SECTION 2.73. Section 841.082(a), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

16 (a) Before entering an order directing a person's 17 outpatient civil commitment, the judge shall impose on the person 18 requirements necessary to ensure the person's compliance with 19 treatment and supervision and to protect the community. The 20 requirements shall include:

(1) requiring the person to reside in a Texas residential facility under contract with the office or at another location or facility approved by the office;

(2) prohibiting the person's contact with a victim orpotential victim of the person;

26 (3) prohibiting the person's possession or use of27 alcohol, inhalants, or a controlled substance;

1 (4) requiring the person's participation in and 2 compliance with a specific course of treatment provided by the 3 office and compliance with all written requirements imposed by the 4 case manager or otherwise by the office;

5

(5) requiring the person to:

6 (A) submit to tracking under a particular type of 7 tracking service and to any other appropriate supervision; and

8 (B) refrain from tampering with, altering,9 modifying, obstructing, or manipulating the tracking equipment;

10 (6) prohibiting the person from changing the person's 11 residence without prior authorization from the judge and from 12 leaving the state without that prior authorization;

(7) if determined 13 appropriate by the judge, 14 establishing a child safety zone in the same manner as a child 15 safety zone is established by a judge under Article 42A.453 [Section 13B, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, and 16 17 requiring the person to comply with requirements related to the safety zone; and 18

19 (8) any other requirements determined necessary by the20 judge.

21 SECTION 2.74. Section 133.055(b), Local Government Code, is
22 amended to read as follows:

(b) If the treasurer does not collect any fees during a calendar quarter, the treasurer shall file the report required for the quarter in the regular manner. The report must state that no fees were collected. This subsection does not apply to fees collected under <u>Article 42A.303 or 42A.653</u> [Sections 14 and 19,

H.B. No. 2299 Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, or under Section 1 76.013, Government Code. 2 SECTION 2.75. Section 133.058(d), Local Government Code, is 3 amended to read as follows: 4 5 (d) A county may not retain a service fee on the collection 6 of a fee: for the judicial fund; 7 (1)8 (2) under Article 42A.303 or 42A.653 [Sections 14 and 9 19, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or (3) under Section 51.851, Government Code. 10 SECTION 2.76. Section 152.017, Local Government Code, is 11 amended to read as follows: 12 Sec. 152.017. EXCEPTIONS. This subchapter does not apply 13 14 to: 15 (1)a judge of a court of record; 16 a presiding judge of a commissioners court in a (2) 17 county with a population of 3.3 million or more; (3) a district attorney paid wholly by state funds or 18 the district attorney's assistants, investigators, or other 19 20 employees; 21 (4) a county auditor, county purchasing agent, or the auditor's or purchasing agent's assistants or other employees; or 22 23 (5) a person employed under Section 76.004, Government 24 Code [10, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure]. 25 SECTION 2.77. Section 157.002(a), Local Government Code, is 26 amended to read as follows: 27 (a) The commissioners court by rule may provide for medical

1 care and hospitalization and may provide for compensation, accident, hospital, and disability insurance for the following 2 3 persons if their salaries are paid from the funds of the county or funds of a flood control district located entirely in the county, or 4 funds of a hospital district described by Section 281.0475, Health 5 and Safety Code, located entirely in the county, or if they are 6 employees of another governmental entity for which the county is 7 8 obligated to provide benefits:

9 (1) deputies, assistants, and other employees of the 10 county, or of the flood control district, or of the hospital 11 district, who work under the commissioners court or its appointees;

12 (2) county and district officers and their deputies13 and assistants appointed under Subchapter A, Chapter 151;

14 (3) employees appointed under Section <u>76.004(b)</u>, 15 <u>Government Code</u> [10(a), Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure]; 16 (4) any retired person formerly holding any status 17 listed above; and

18 (5) the dependents of any person listed above.

SECTION 2.78. Section 352.082(d), Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

(d) An offense under this section is a Class C misdemeanor.
On conviction of an offense under this section, the court shall
require the defendant, in addition to any fine, to perform
community service as provided by <u>Article 42A.304(e)</u> [Section 16(e),
Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

26 SECTION 2.79. Section 53.021(a), Occupations Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

(a) A licensing authority may suspend or revoke a license,
 disqualify a person from receiving a license, or deny to a person
 the opportunity to take a licensing examination on the grounds that
 the person has been convicted of:

5 (1) an offense that directly relates to the duties and6 responsibilities of the licensed occupation;

7 (2) an offense that does not directly relate to the 8 duties and responsibilities of the licensed occupation and that was 9 committed less than five years before the date the person applies 10 for the license;

(3) an offense listed in <u>Article 42A.054</u> [Section 3g,
 Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

13 (4) a sexually violent offense, as defined by Article14 62.001, Code of Criminal Procedure.

15 SECTION 2.80. Section 109.001(3), Occupations Code, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 (3) "Sex offender" has the meaning assigned by <u>Article</u>
 18 <u>42A.251(2)</u> [Section 9(m), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal
 19 Procedure.

20 SECTION 2.81. Section 12.35(c), Penal Code, is amended to 21 read as follows:

(c) An individual adjudged guilty of a state jail felony shall be punished for a third degree felony if it is shown on the trial of the offense that:

(1) a deadly weapon as defined by Section 1.07 was used
or exhibited during the commission of the offense or during
immediate flight following the commission of the offense, and that

1 the individual used or exhibited the deadly weapon or was a party to 2 the offense and knew that a deadly weapon would be used or 3 exhibited; or

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4 (2) the individual has previously been finally5 convicted of any felony:

(A) under Section 20A.03 or 21.02 or listed in
7 <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12], Code of
8 Criminal Procedure; or

9 (B) for which the judgment contains an 10 affirmative finding under <u>Article 42A.054(c) or (d)</u> [Section 11 3g(a)(2), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION 2.82. Section 12.42(h), Penal Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (h) In this section, "sexually violent offense" means an15 offense:

16 (1) described by Article 62.001(6), Code of Criminal 17 Procedure; and

18 (2) for which an affirmative finding has been entered
19 under Article 42.015(b) or <u>42A.105(a)</u> [Section 5(e)(2), Article
20 <u>42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure, for an offense other than an
21 offense under Section 21.02 or 22.021.

22 SECTION 2.83. Section 15.031(a), Penal Code, is amended to 23 read as follows:

(a) A person commits an offense if, with intent that an
offense listed by <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article
42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, be committed, the person
requests, commands, or attempts to induce a minor to engage in

specific conduct that, under the circumstances surrounding the actor's conduct as the actor believes them to be, would constitute an offense listed by <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 4 42.12,] or make the minor a party to the commission of an offense 5 listed by <u>Article 42A.054(a)</u> [Section 3g(a)(1), Article 42.12].

6 SECTION 2.84. Section 49.09(h), Penal Code, is amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (h) This subsection applies only to a person convicted of a second or subsequent offense relating to the operating of a motor 9 10 vehicle while intoxicated committed within five years of the date on which the most recent preceding offense was committed. The court 11 12 shall enter an order that requires the defendant to have a device installed, on each motor vehicle owned or operated by the 13 14 defendant, that uses a deep-lung breath analysis mechanism to make 15 impractical the operation of the motor vehicle if ethyl alcohol is detected in the breath of the operator, and that requires that 16 17 before the first anniversary of the ending date of the period of license suspension under Section 521.344, Transportation Code, the 18 19 defendant not operate any motor vehicle that is not equipped with that device. The court shall require the defendant to obtain the 20 device at the defendant's own cost on or before that ending date, 21 require the defendant to provide evidence to the court on or before 22 that ending date that the device has been installed on each 23 24 appropriate vehicle, and order the device to remain installed on each vehicle until the first anniversary of that ending date. If 25 26 the court determines the offender is unable to pay for the device, the court may impose a reasonable payment schedule not to extend 27

beyond the first anniversary of the date of installation. 1 The Department of Public Safety shall approve devices for use under 2 3 this subsection. Section 521.247, Transportation Code, applies to the approval of a device under this subsection and the consequences 4 5 of that approval. Failure to comply with an order entered under this subsection is punishable by contempt. For the purpose of 6 enforcing this subsection, the court that enters an order under 7 8 this subsection retains jurisdiction over the defendant until the date on which the device is no longer required to remain installed. 9 To the extent of a conflict between this subsection and Article 10 42A.408 [Section 13(i), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, 11 12 this subsection controls.

13 SECTION 2.85. Section 71.023(a), Penal Code, is amended to 14 read as follows:

(a) A person commits an offense if the person, as part of the identifiable leadership of a criminal street gang, knowingly finances, directs, or supervises the commission of, or a conspiracy to commit, one or more of the following offenses by members of a criminal street gang:

(1) a felony offense that is listed in <u>Article</u> (1) a felony offense that is listed in <u>Article</u> (1) <u>Article</u> <u>42A.054(a)</u> [Section <u>3g(a)(1)</u>, <u>Article</u> <u>42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure;

(2) a felony offense for which it is shown that a deadly weapon, as defined by Section 1.07, was used or exhibited during the commission of the offense or during immediate flight from the commission of the offense; or

27 (3) an offense that is punishable under Section

481.112(e), 481.112(f), 481.1121(b)(4), 481.115(f), or
 481.120(b)(6), Health and Safety Code.

3 SECTION 2.86. Section 521.245(b), Transportation Code, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (b) The program required under Subsection (a) may not be the 6 program provided by Section 521.344 or by <u>Article 42A.403 or</u> 7 <u>42A.404</u> [Section 13, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

8 SECTION 2.87. Section 521.320(f), Transportation Code, is 9 amended to read as follows:

10 (f) For the purposes of this section, a person is convicted 11 of an offense regardless of whether sentence is imposed or the 12 person is placed on community supervision for the offense under 13 <u>Chapter 42A</u> [Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

SECTION 2.88. Section 521.342(b), Transportation Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The department shall suspend for one year the license of 16 17 a person who is under 21 years of age and is convicted of an offense under Section 49.04, 49.045, 49.07, or 49.08, Penal Code, 18 19 regardless of whether the person is required to attend an educational program under Article 42A.403 [Section 13(h), Article 20 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, that is designed to 21 rehabilitate persons who have operated motor vehicles while 22 23 intoxicated, unless the person is placed under community 24 supervision under Chapter 42A, Code of Criminal Procedure, [that article] and is required as a condition of the community 25 supervision to not operate a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is 26 equipped with the device described by Article 42A.408 [Section 27

1 13(i)] of that chapter [article]. If the person is required to attend such a program and does not complete the program before the 2 3 end of the person's suspension, the department shall suspend the person's license or continue the suspension, as appropriate, until 4 5 the department receives proof that the person has successfully completed the program. On the person's successful completion of 6 the program, the person's instructor shall give notice to the 7 8 department and to the community supervision and corrections department in the manner provided by Article 42A.406(b) [Section 9 13(h), Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure. 10

SECTION 2.89. Sections 521.344(d), (f), and (i), Transportation Code, are amended to read as follows:

13 (d) Except as provided by Subsection (e) and Section 14 521.342(b), during a period of probation the department may not 15 revoke the person's license if the person is required under Article 42A.403 or 42A.404 [Section 13(h) or (j), Article 42.12], Code of 16 17 Criminal Procedure, to successfully complete an educational program designed to rehabilitate persons who have operated motor 18 19 vehicles while intoxicated, unless the person was punished under Section 49.09(a) or (b), Penal Code, and was subject to Section 20 49.09(h) of that code. The department may not revoke the license of 21 22 a person:

(1) for whom the jury has recommended that the license
not be revoked under <u>Article 42A.407(a)</u> [Section 13(g), Article
42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure; or

(2) who is placed under community supervision under
 27 <u>Chapter 42A, Code of Criminal Procedure, [that article</u>] and is

1 required as a condition of community supervision to not operate a 2 motor vehicle unless the vehicle is equipped with the device 3 described by <u>Article 42A.408</u> [Section 13(i)] of that <u>chapter</u> 4 [article], unless the person was punished under Section 49.09(a) or 5 (b), Penal Code, and was subject to Section 49.09(g) of that code.

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6 (f) After the date has passed, according to department 7 records, for successful completion of an educational program for 8 repeat offenders as required by <u>Article 42A.404</u> [Section 13, 9 <u>Article 42.12</u>], Code of Criminal Procedure, the director shall 10 suspend the license of a person who does not successfully complete 11 the program or, if the person is a resident without a license, shall 12 issue an order prohibiting the person from obtaining a license.

(i) On the date that a suspension order under Section 13 14 521.343(c) is to expire, the period of suspension or the 15 corresponding period in which the department is prohibited from issuing a license is automatically increased to two years unless 16 17 the department receives notice of successful completion of the educational program as required by Article 42A.406 [Section 13, 18 19 Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure. At the time a person is convicted of an offense under Section 49.04 or 49.045, Penal Code, 20 the court shall warn the person of the effect of this subsection. 21 On the person's successful completion of the program, the person's 22 23 instructor shall give notice to the department and to the community 24 supervision and corrections department in the manner required by Article 42A.406(b) [Section 13, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal 25 26 Procedure. If the department receives proof of completion after a period has been extended under this subsection, the department 27

1 shall immediately end the suspension or prohibition.

2 SECTION 2.90. Section 521.350(d), Transportation Code, is 3 amended to read as follows:

4 A person whose license is suspended under Subsection (a) (d) 5 shall be required by the court in which the person was convicted to perform at least 10 hours of community service as ordered by the 6 court. If the person is a resident of this state without a driver's 7 8 license to operate a motor vehicle, the court shall issue an order prohibiting the department from issuing the person a driver's 9 10 license before the person completes the community service. Community service required under this subsection is in addition to 11 any community service required of the person as a condition of 12 community supervision under Article 42A.304 [Section 16, Article 13 14 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure.

15 SECTION 2.91. Section 522.088, Transportation Code, is 16 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 522.088. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW. Section 521.344 of this code and <u>Subchapter I, Chapter 42A</u> [Section 13, Article 42.12], Code of Criminal Procedure, <u>except Article 42A.409 of that</u> <u>subchapter</u>, do not apply to a person disqualified under this chapter.

22

ARTICLE 3. REPEALER

23 SECTION 3.01. Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, is 24 repealed.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL MATTERS SECTION 4.01. This Act is enacted under Section 43, Article III, Texas Constitution. This Act is intended as a codification

only, and no substantive change in the law is intended by this Act.
 SECTION 4.02. This Act takes effect January 1, 2017.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2299 was passed by the House on May 5, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 145, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 2299 was passed by the Senate on May 26, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Secretary of the Senate

APPROVED:

Date

Governor