PRELIMINARY DRAFT

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 5A 7/22/24

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1	Art. 5A.014. REFERRAL TO MEDIATION, ARBITRATION,			
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5	TITLE 1. CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE			
6	CHAPTER 5A. PREVENTING, INVESTIGATING, AND PROSECUTING FAMILY			
7	VIOLENCE			
8	Revised Law			
9	Art. 5A.001. LEGISLATIVE STATEMENT. (a) Family violence			
10	is a serious danger and threat to society and its members. Victims			
11	of family violence are entitled to the maximum protection as			
12	permitted by law from harm or abuse or the threat of harm or abuse.			
13	(b) In any law enforcement, prosecutorial, or judicial			
14	response to an allegation of family violence, the responding peace			
15	or judicial officer shall protect the victim without regard to the			
16	relationship between the alleged offender and victim. (Code Crim.			
17	Proc., Art. 5.01.)			
18	Source Law			
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Art. 5.01. LEGISLATIVE STATEMENT. (a) Family violence is a serious danger and threat to society and its members. Victims of family violence are entitled to the maximum protection from harm or abuse or the threat of harm or abuse as is permitted by law. (b) In any law enforcement, prosecutorial, or judicial response to allegations of family violence, the responding law enforcement or judicial officers shall protect the victim, without regard to the relationship between the alleged offender and victim.			
29	Revisor's Note			
30	Article 5.01(b), Code of Criminal Procedure,			
31	refers to "law enforcement officers."			
32	Throughout this chapter, the revised law substitutes			
33	"peace officers" for a reference to law enforcement			
34	officers to provide consistency in phrasing and			
35	because throughout Chapter 5, Code of Criminal			
36	Procedure, law enforcement's duties to investigate or			
37	respond to family violence allegations are imposed on			

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"peace officers." See, e.g., Article 5.04, Code of

- 1 Criminal Procedure.
- 2 Revised Law
- 3 Art. 5A.002. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, "family,"
- 4 "family violence," "household," and "member of a household" have
- 5 the meanings assigned by Chapter 71, Family Code. (Code Crim.
- 6 Proc., Art. 5.02.)
- 7 Source Law
- 8 Art. 5.02. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter, 9 "family violence," "family," "household," and "member 10 of a household" have the meanings assigned by Chapter
- 11 71, Family Code.
- 12 Revised Law
- 13 Art. 5A.003. PRIMARY DUTIES OF PEACE OFFICER INVESTIGATING
- 14 FAMILY VIOLENCE. The primary duties of a peace officer who
- 15 investigates a family violence allegation or who responds to a
- 16 disturbance call that may involve family violence are to:
- 17 (1) protect any potential victim of family violence;
- 18 (2) enforce the law of this state;
- 19 (3) enforce a protective order from another
- 20 jurisdiction as provided by Chapter 88, Family Code; and
- 21 (4) make lawful arrests of violators. (Code Crim.
- 22 Proc., Art. 5.04(a).)
- 23 <u>Source Law</u>
- 24 DUTIES OF PEACE OFFICERS. Art. 5.04. (a) primary duties of a peace officer who investigates a 25 family violence allegation or who responds 26 disturbance call that may involve family violence are to protect any potential victim of family violence, enforce the law of this state, enforce a protective 27 28 29 30 order from another jurisdiction as provided by Chapter 31 88, Family Code, and make lawful arrests of violators.
- 32 <u>Revised Law</u>
- 33 Art. 5A.004. NO WAIVER OR EXCEPTION CREATED BY FAMILY OR
- 34 HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP. (a) A general duty prescribed for an
- 35 officer by Chapter 2A is not waived or excepted in any family
- 36 violence case or investigation because of a family or household
- 37 relationship between an alleged violator and a victim of family
- 38 violence.
- 39 (b) A peace officer's or magistrate's duty to prevent the

- 1 commission of a criminal offense, including an act of family
- 2 violence, is not waived or excepted because of a family or household
- 3 relationship between a potential violator and victim. (Code Crim.
- 4 Proc., Art. 5.03.)

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5 Source Law

Art. 5.03. FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD RELATIONSHIP DOES NOT CREATE AN EXCEPTION TO OFFICIAL DUTIES. A general duty prescribed for an officer by Chapter 2A is not waived or excepted in any family violence case or investigation because of a family or household relationship between an alleged violator and the victim of family violence. A peace officer's or a magistrate's duty to prevent the commission of criminal offenses, including acts of family violence, is not waived or excepted because of a family or household relationship between the potential violator and victim.

Revised Law

Crim. Proc., Art. 5.04(a-1).)

Art. 5A.005. FOSTER HOME ADDRESS INQUIRY. A peace officer who investigates a family violence allegation or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence shall determine whether the address of a person involved in the allegation or call matches the address of a licensed foster home or verified agency foster home listed in the Texas Crime Information Center. (Code

Source Law

(a-1) A peace officer who investigates a family violence allegation or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence shall determine whether the address of the persons involved in the allegation or call matches the address of a current licensed foster home or verified agency foster home listed in the Texas Crime Information Center.

Revisor's Note

Article 5.04(a-1), Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to a "current" licensed foster home. The revised law omits "current" as unnecessary because the word does not add to the clear meaning of the law. A foster home is not licensed if the home's license has expired.

Revised Law

42 Art. 5A.006. REQUIRED NOTICE FOR ADULT VICTIM. (a) A peace

- 1 officer who investigates a family violence allegation or who
- 2 responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence
- 3 shall advise any possible adult victim of all reasonable means to
- 4 prevent further family violence, including by providing the written
- 5 notice adopted by the Health and Human Services Commission under
- 6 Section 51A.003, Human Resources Code.
- 7 (b) In addition to the required notice under Subsection (a),
- 8 a peace officer may provide to the possible victim any available
- 9 written information regarding local resources for victims of family
- 10 violence. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 5.04(b).)

11 Source Law

(b) A peace officer who investigates a family violence allegation or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence shall advise any possible adult victim of all reasonable means family violence, prevent further including providing the written notice adopted by the Health and Human Services Commission under Section 51A.003, Human Resources Code. In addition to the required notice under this subsection, a peace officer may provide to the possible victim any available written information local resources for victims of regarding violence.

24 Revised Law

- 25 Art. 5A.007. PEACE OFFICER ACCESS TO AND ACCEPTANCE OF
 26 PROTECTIVE ORDERS. (a) To ensure that a peace officer responding
 27 to a disturbance call is aware of the existence and terms of any
 28 protective order, each municipal police department and sheriff
 29 shall establish procedures within the department or sheriff's
 30 office to provide peace officers adequate information or access to
- 31 information regarding the names of:
- 32 (1) persons protected by a protective order; and
- 33 (2) persons to whom protective orders are directed.
- 34 (b) Each peace officer shall accept a certified copy of an
- 35 original or modified protective order as proof of the validity of
- 36 the order, and the order is presumed valid unless:
- 37 (1) the order contains a termination date that has
- 38 passed;

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39 (2) more than one year has elapsed after the date the

1 order was issued; or

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- 2 (3) the peace officer has been notified by the clerk of
- 3 the court vacating the order that the order has been vacated. (Code
- 4 Crim. Proc., Arts. 5.05(c), (d).)

5 <u>Source Law</u>

- (c) In order to ensure that officers responding to calls are aware of the existence and terms of protective orders, each municipal police department and sheriff shall establish procedures within the department or office to provide adequate information or access to information for law enforcement officers of the names of persons protected by a protective order and of persons to whom protective orders are directed.
- (\bar{d}) Each law enforcement officer shall accept a certified copy of an original or modified protective order as proof of the validity of the order and it is presumed the order remains valid unless:
- (1) the order contains a termination date that has passed;
- (2) it is more than one year after the date the order was issued; or
- (3) the law enforcement officer has been notified by the clerk of the court vacating the order that the order has been vacated.

Revisor's Note

Article 5.05(c), Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to officers "responding to calls." The revised law adds "disturbance" for consistency in terminology used throughout this chapter and because it is clear from the context of the provisions that the "calls" are disturbance calls. See Articles 5.04(a), (a-1), and (b) and Articles 5.05(a), (a-1), and (a-2), Code of Criminal Procedure.

Revised Law

- 35 Art. 5A.008. STANDBY ASSISTANCE; LIABILITY. (a) In a peace officer's discretion, the officer may stay with a victim of family violence to protect the victim and allow the victim to take the personal property of the victim or of a child in the care of the victim to a place of safety in an orderly manner.
- 40 (b) A peace officer who provides assistance under 41 Subsection (a) is not:
- 42 (1) civilly liable for an act or omission of the 43 officer that arises in connection with providing the assistance or

- 1 determining whether to provide the assistance; or
- 2 (2) civilly or criminally liable for the wrongful
- 3 appropriation of any personal property by the victim. (Code Crim.
- 4 Proc., Art. 5.045.)

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5 Source Law

Art. 5.045. STANDBY ASSISTANCE; LIABILITY. (a) In the discretion of a peace officer, the officer may stay with a victim of family violence to protect the victim and allow the victim to take the personal property of the victim or of a child in the care of the victim to a place of safety in an orderly manner.

(b) A peace officer who provides assistance

under Subsection (a) of this article is not:

(1) civilly liable for an act or omission of the officer that arises in connection with providing the assistance or determining whether to provide the assistance; or

(2) civilly or criminally liable for the wrongful appropriation of any personal property by the

20 victim.

21 Revised Law

- 22 Art. 5A.009. REQUIRED REPORTS. (a) A peace officer who
- 23 investigates a family violence incident or who responds to a
- 24 disturbance call that may involve family violence shall make a
- 25 written report that includes:
- 26 (1) the names of the suspect and complainant;
- 27 (2) the date, time, and location of the incident;
- 28 (3) any visible or reported injuries;
- 29 (4) a description of the incident and a statement of
- 30 its disposition; and
- 31 (5) whether the suspect is a member of the state
- 32 military forces or is serving in the armed forces of the United
- 33 States in an active-duty status.
- 34 (b) If a suspect is identified as being a member of the
- 35 military, as described by Subsection (a)(5), the peace officer
- 36 shall provide written notice of the incident or disturbance call to
- 37 the staff judge advocate at Joint Force Headquarters or the provost
- 38 marshal of the military installation to which the suspect is
- 39 assigned with the intent that the commanding officer will be
- 40 notified, as applicable.
- 41 (c) In addition to the written report required under

- 1 Subsection (a), a peace officer who investigates a family violence
- 2 incident or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve
- 3 family violence shall make a report to the Department of Family and
- 4 Protective Services if the location of the incident or call, or the
- 5 known address of a person involved in the incident or call, matches
- 6 the address of a licensed foster home or a verified agency foster
- 7 home as listed in the Texas Crime Information Center. The report
- 8 under this subsection may be made orally or electronically and
- 9 must:
- 10 (1) include the information required by Subsection
- 11 (a); and

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- 12 (2) be filed with the Department of Family and
- 13 Protective Services within 24 hours of the beginning of the
- 14 investigation or receipt of the disturbance call.
- 15 (d) A peace officer who makes a report under Subsection (a)
- 16 shall provide information concerning the incident or disturbance to
- 17 the bureau of identification and records of the Department of
- 18 Public Safety for its recordkeeping function under Section 411.042,
- 19 Government Code. The bureau shall prescribe the form and nature of
- 20 the information required to be reported to the bureau by this
- 21 subsection. (Code Crim. Proc., Arts. 5.05(a), (a-1), (a-2), (e).)

22 <u>Source Law</u>

- Art. 5.05. REPORTS AND RECORDS. (a) A peace officer who investigates a family violence incident or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence shall make a written report, including but not limited to:
- (1) the names of the suspect and complainant;
- (2) the date, time, and location of the incident;
 - (3) any visible or reported injuries;
- (4) a description of the incident and a statement of its disposition; and
- (5) whether the suspect is a member of the state military forces or is serving in the armed forces of the United States in an active-duty status.
- (a-1) In addition to the written report required under Subsection (a), a peace officer who investigates a family violence incident or who responds to a disturbance call that may involve family violence shall make a report to the Department of Family and Protective Services if the location of the incident or call, or the known address of a person involved in the incident or call, matches the address of a current

licensed foster home or a verified agency foster home as listed in the Texas Crime Information Center. The report under this subsection may be made orally or electronically and must:

(1) include the information required by Subsection (a); and

- (2) be filed with the Department of Family and Protective Services within 24 hours of the beginning of the investigation or receipt of the disturbance call.
- (a-2) If a suspect is identified as being a member of the military, as described by Subsection (a)(5), the peace officer shall provide written notice of the incident or disturbance call to the staff judge advocate at Joint Force Headquarters or the provost marshal of the military installation to which the suspect is assigned with the intent that the commanding officer will be notified, as applicable.
- (e) A peace officer who makes a report under Subsection (a) of this article shall provide information concerning the incident or disturbance to the bureau of identification and records of the Department of Public Safety for its recordkeeping function under Section 411.042, Government Code. The bureau shall prescribe the form and nature of the information required to be reported to the bureau by this article.

Revisor's Note

- (1)Article 5.05(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to a report "including but not limited to" several elements that a peace officer must include in the report. The revised law omits "but not limited to" because Section 311.005(13), Government Code (Code Construction Act), applicable revised law, provides that "includes" and "including" are terms of enlargement and not of limitation and do not create a presumption that components not expressed are excluded. The Code Construction Act is applicable to the revised law and any other provision of the Code Criminal Procedure enacted under Section Texas Constitution (authorizing the Article III, continuing statutory revision program), except otherwise expressly provided by the Code of Criminal See Section 4.002(a), Chapter 765 (H.B. Procedure. 4504), Acts of the 88th Legislature, Regular Session, 2023.
 - (2) Article 5.05(a-1), Code of Criminal

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- Procedure, refers to a "current" license. The revised law omits "current" as unnecessary for the reason provided by the revisor's note to Article 5A.005.
- 4 (3) Article 5.05(e), Code Criminal of Procedure, provides that the bureau of identification 5 and records of the Department of Public Safety shall 6 7 prescribe the form and nature of the information required to be reported to the bureau by "this 8 article." The revised law substitutes 9 "this subsection" for the quoted language because the only 10 provision of Article 5.05 that requires information to 11 12 be reported to the bureau is Subsection (e), revised as Article 5A.009(d). 13

14 Revised Law

- Art. 5A.010. ACCESS TO RECORDS. (a) Each local law enforcement agency shall establish a departmental code for identifying and retrieving a written report made under Article 5A.009(a).
- (b) A district or county attorney with jurisdiction in the county where the law enforcement agency maintains records under this article or Article 5A.009(a) is entitled to access to the records.
- (c) The Department of Family and Protective Services is entitled to access to the records described by Subsection (b) relating to any person who is 14 years of age or older and who resides in a licensed foster home or a verified agency foster home.
- (d) On request of a victim of an incident of family violence, the local law enforcement agency responsible for investigating the incident shall provide the victim, at no cost to the victim, with any information that is:
- 31 (1) described by Article 5A.009(a)(1) or (2); and
- 32 (2) not exempt from disclosure under Chapter 552,
- 33 Government Code, or other law. (Code Crim. Proc., Arts. 5.05(b),
- 34 (f).)

Source Law

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(b) Each local law enforcement agency shall establish a departmental code for identifying and retrieving family violence reports as outlined in Subsection (a) of this section. A district or county attorney or an assistant district or county attorney exercising authority in the county where enforcement agency maintains records und the under this section is entitled to access to the records. The of Family and Protective Department Services entitled to access the records relating to any person who is 14 years of age or older and who resides in a licensed foster home or a verified agency foster home.

- (f) On request of a victim of an incident of family violence, the local law enforcement agency responsible for investigating the incident shall provide the victim, at no cost to the victim, with any information that is:
- (1) contained in the written report prepared under Subsection (a);
- (2) described by Subsection (a)(1) or (2); and
- (3) not exempt from disclosure under Chapter 552, Government Code, or other law.

Revisor's Note

- (1) Article 5.05(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, requires local law enforcement agencies to establish codes for identifying and retrieving "family violence reports." For consistency in phrasing, the revised law substitutes "written report" for "family violence report" because it is clear from the context that the law is referring to a written report made under Article 5.05(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, revised as Article 5A.009(a).
- 5.05(b), (2) Article Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to "Subsection (a) of this section" and to maintaining records under this "section." The use of "section" in those instances are drafting errors because Chapter 5, Code of Criminal Procedure, is organized in articles rather than sections. first instance, the reference to "Subsection (a) of this section" means Article 5.05(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, revised as Article 5A.009(a), and the revised law substitutes a cross-reference to that

- subsection. In the second instance, the revised law substitutes "article" for "section" to address the drafting error.
- (3) Article 5.05(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, entitles a "district or county attorney or an assistant district or county attorney exercising authority in the county where the law enforcement agency maintains records" to access to those records. The revised law omits the reference to "an assistant district or county attorney" as unnecessary because the reference to the district or county attorney is a reference to the office of the district or county necessarily includes attorney and an assistant district or county attorney employed by the office. See also Sections 41.102 and 41.103, Government Code. The revised law also substitutes "with jurisdiction" for "exercising authority" because the phrases are synonymous in this context and "with jurisdiction" is more commonly used in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

20 Revised Law

Art. 5A.011. PROSECUTOR'S NOTICE OF RESPONSIBILITY 21 FOR FILING APPLICATIONS FOR PROTECTIVE ORDERS. 22 The prosecuting attorney who has responsibility under Section 81.007, Family Code, 23 24 for filing an application for a protective order under Title 4, Family Code, shall provide notice of that responsibility to all law 25 enforcement agencies within the jurisdiction of the prosecuting 26 attorney. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 5.06(c).) 27

Source Law

prosecuting 29 (c) The attorney having responsibility under Section 71.04(c), Family Code, 30 for filing applications for protective orders under 31 Chapter 71, Family Code, shall provide notice of that responsibility to all law enforcement agencies within 32 33 the jurisdiction of the prosecuting attorney for the 34 35 prosecuting attorney.

Revisor's Note

37 (1) Article 5.06(c), Code of Criminal

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Procedure, refers to Section 71.04(c), Family Code, and to Chapter 71, Family Code. Section 1, Chapter 34, Acts of the 75th Legislature, Regular Session, 1997, reenacted Title 4, Family Code, and substantially recodified Chapter 71 as several new chapters in that title. The revised law substitutes a reference to Title 4, Family Code, for the reference to Chapter 71 and a reference to Section 81.007 for the reference to Section 71.04(c) to accurately reflect the current citations for those provisions.

(2) Article 5.06(c), Code of Criminal Procedure, requires a prosecuting attorney to provide notice of the attorney's responsibility to file for certain protective orders to law enforcement agencies within the jurisdiction of the prosecuting attorney "for the prosecuting attorney." The revised law omits the quoted language as unnecessary in this context because it does not add to the clear meaning of the law.

20 Revised Law

Art. 5A.012. PROSECUTOR'S FILING OF PROTECTIVE ORDER: PROHIBITED CONSIDERATION; AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE INFORMATION. prosecuting attorney's decision to file an application for a protective order under Title 4, Family Code, should be made without regard to whether a criminal complaint has been filed by the A prosecuting attorney may require the applicant to applicant. provide to a local law enforcement agency information relating to the facts alleged in the application for an offense report. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 5.06(b).)

Source Law

(b) A prosecuting attorney's decision to file an application for a protective order under Chapter 71, Family Code, should be made without regard to whether a criminal complaint has been filed by the applicant. A prosecuting attorney may require the applicant to provide information for an offense report, relating to the facts alleged in the application, with a local law

1 enforcement agency.

2 <u>Revisor's Note</u>

Article 5.06(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to Chapter 71, Family Code. The revised law substitutes a reference to Title 4, Family Code, for the reference to Chapter 71 for the reason stated in

Revisor's Note (1) to Article 5A.011.

8 Revised Law

9 Art. 5A.013. DELAY OR DISMISSAL OF PROSECUTION BASED ON 10 STATUS OF CERTAIN CIVIL PROCEEDINGS PROHIBITED. A prosecuting 11 attorney or a court may not:

- 12 (1) dismiss or delay any criminal proceeding that
 13 involves a prosecution for an offense that constitutes family
 14 violence because a civil proceeding is pending or not pending; or
- (2) require proof that a complaining witness, victim, or defendant is a party to a suit for the dissolution of a marriage or a suit affecting the parent-child relationship before presenting a criminal allegation to a grand jury, filing an information, or otherwise proceeding with the prosecution of a criminal case. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 5.06(a).)

21 Source Law

22 Art. 5.06. DUTIES OF PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS AND COURTS. (a) Neither a prosecuting attorney nor a court may:
25 (1) dismiss or delay any criminal

(1) dismiss or delay any criminal proceeding that involves a prosecution for an offense that constitutes family violence because a civil proceeding is pending or not pending; or

(2) require proof complaining that witness, victim, or defendant is a party to a suit for the dissolution of a marriage or a suit affecting the before presenting parent-child relationship grand jury, criminal allegation to a filing an otherwise with information, or proceeding the prosecution of a criminal case.

36 <u>Revised Law</u>

37 Art. 5A.014. REFERRAL TO MEDIATION, ARBITRATION, DISPUTE 38 RESOLUTION, OR PROCEDURE PROHIBITED SIMILAR ΙN CRIMINAL 39 PROSECUTION. Notwithstanding Article 26.13(g) or 42A.301(b)(14), in a criminal prosecution arising from family violence a court may 40 not refer or order the victim or the defendant involved to 41

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- 1 mediation, arbitration, dispute resolution, or another similar
- 2 procedure. (Code Crim. Proc., Art. 5.08.)

3 Source Law

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Art. 5.08. MEDIATION IN FAMILY VIOLENCE CASES. Notwithstanding Article 26.13(g) or 42A.301(b)(15), in a criminal prosecution arising from family violence, as that term is defined by Section 71.004, Family Code, a court shall not refer or order the victim or the defendant involved to mediation, dispute resolution, arbitration, or other similar procedures.

Revisor's Note

- (1) Article 5.08, Code of Criminal Procedure, refers to Article 42A.301(b)(15), Code of Criminal Procedure. Article 42A.301(b)(15) was updated and redesignated as Article 42A.301(b)(14) in Section 2, Chapter 790, Acts of the 87th Legislature, Regular Session, 2021, and the revised law is updated accordingly.
- Article 5.08, Code of Criminal Procedure, 19 (2) 20 refers to family violence "as that term is defined by Section 71.004, Family Code." The revised law omits 21 22 language as unnecessary because the quoted duplicates the definition of that term in Article 23 5.02, Code of Criminal Procedure, revised as Article 24 25 5A.002, which applies throughout this chapter.