## PRELIMINARY DRAFT

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL Special District Local Laws Code Chapter 8515 11/20/24

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25			SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS
26			Revised Law
27	Sec.	8515.	0101. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
28		(1)	"Authority" means the Upper Guadalupe River
29	Authority.		
30		(2)	"Board" means the authority's board of directors.
31		(3)	"Director" means a board member. (Acts 46th Leg.,
32	R.S., p. 10	62, S.	L., Ch. 5, Sec. 1 (part); New.)
33			Source Law
34		Sec.	1 [a district] to be

1 2	known as Upper Guadalupe River Authority hereinafter called the "District,"
3	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
4	(1) Although Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws,
5	Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939,
6	refers to the authority as the "District," throughout
7	this chapter the revised law substitutes "authority"
8	for "district" to more closely conform to the name of
9	the authority.
10	(2) The definitions of "board" and "director"
11	are added to the revised law for drafting convenience
12	and to eliminate frequent, unnecessary repetition of
13	the substance of the definitions.
14	Revised Law
15	Sec. 8515.0102. NATURE OF AUTHORITY. The authority is a
16	conservation and reclamation district in Kerr County created under
17	Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. (Acts 46th Leg.,
18	R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 1 (part), 10(b)(d) (part).)
19	Source Law
20 21 22 23 24 25	Sec. 1. Under and pursuant to the provisions of Article 16, Section 59 of the Constitution of Texas, a conservation and reclamation district is hereby created and established in Kerr County, Texas, which shall be a governmental agency and a body politic and corporate.
26 27 28 29	[Sec. 10(b)] (d) The district is a conservation and reclamation district under Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution and
30	Revisor's Note
31	(1) Section 1, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
32	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
33	1939, provides that the authority is "hereby created
34	and established." The revised law omits the quoted
35	language as executed.
36	(2) Section 1, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
37	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
38	1939, refers to the authority as "a governmental
39	agency and a body politic and corporate." The revised

1 law omits those references because they duplicate part of Section 59(b), Article XVI, Texas Constitution. 2 3 Revised Law 4 Sec. 8515.0103. FINDINGS OF BENEFTT AND PUBLTC PURPOSE. (a) The authority is created to serve a public use and 5 6 benefit. 7 All property in the authority will benefit from the (h) works and projects the authority will accomplish under the powers 8 9 conferred by Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. The authority's creation is essential to accomplish the 10 (C) purposes of Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. 11 The authority performs an essential public function 12 (d) 13 under the Texas Constitution in carrying out the purposes of this chapter because the accomplishment of those purposes is for the 14 benefit of the people of this state and the improvement of their 15 16 properties and industries. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., 17 Ch. 5, Secs. 1 (part), 4, 22 (part).) 18 Source Law 19 . . The creation and establishment of Sec. 1. 20 the District is hereby declared to be essential to the accomplishment of the purposes of Article 16, Section 21 59 of the Constitution of Texas. 2.2 23 Sec. 4. It is determined and found that all of the land and other property included within the area and boundaries of the District will be benefited by the 24 25 26 works and projects which are to be accomplished by the District pursuant to the powers conferred by provisions of Article 16, Section 59, of 27 the 28 the Constitution of Texas, and that said District was and 29 is created to serve a public use and benefit. 30 31 Sec. 22. The accomplishment of the purposes stated in this Act being for the benefit of the people 32 33 this State and for the improvement of of their properties and industries, the District in carrying 34 out the purpose of this Act will be performing an 35 essential public function under the Constitution, and 36 37 . . . . 38 Revisor's Note 39 (1)Section 1, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 40 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 41 1939, provides that the "creation and establishment" 42 of the authority is essential to accomplish the

purposes of Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. The revised law omits "establishment" because its meaning is included in the meaning of "creation."

(2) Section 4, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 5 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 6 7 1939, refers to "land and other property" in the "area and boundaries" of the authority. 8 The revised law omits the reference to "land" because under Section 9 311.005(4), Government Code (Code Construction Act), 10 "property" includes real property and "land" is 11 12 included in the meaning of real property. The revised law omits the reference to the authority's "area and 13 boundaries" because, in context, the meaning of those 14 terms is included in "authority." 15

### <u>Revised Law</u>

Sec. 8515.0104. REVIEW SCHEDULE UNDER SUNSET ACT. A review of the authority under Section 325.025, Government Code, shall be conducted as if the authority were a state agency scheduled to be abolished September 1, 2035, and every 12th year after that year. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 1A(a) (part).)

#### Source Law

(a) . . . The review shall be conducted under Section 325.025, Government Code, as if the District were a state agency scheduled to be abolished September 1, 2035, and every 12th year after that year.

#### Revisor's Note

Sections 1A(a) and (b), Chapter 5, page 1062, 28 Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 29 Session, 1939, relate to a periodic review of the 30 authority by the Sunset Advisory Commission. Section 31 1A(a) provides, in part, that the authority is subject 32 to review under Chapter 325, Government Code, as if it 33 34 were a state agency, but may not be abolished under chapter. Section 1A(b) provides that 35 that the

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1 authority must pay the costs associated with the Commission's 2 Sunset Advisory review of the 3 authority. The revised law omits those provisions because they duplicate Sections 325.025(a), (b), and 4 (d), Government Code. The omitted law reads: 5 Sec. 1A. 6 (a) The District is subject to review under Chapter 325, Government Code (Texas Sunset Act), but may not be abolished under that chapter. . . 7 8 9 10 (b) The District shall pay the cost incurred by the Sunset Advisory Commission 11 12 performing the review. The Sunset in 13 Advisory Commission shall determine the cost, and the District shall pay the amount 14 15 promptly on receipt of a statement from the 16 Sunset Advisory Commission detailing the 17 cost. 18 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0105. TERRITORY. (a) The authority is composed 19 of the territory described by Subsection (b) as that territory may 20 have been modified under: 21 22 (1)Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water Code; Subchapter O, Chapter 51, Water Code; or 23 (2) 24 other law. (3) 25 The authority includes all territory in the boundaries (b) of Kerr County. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 2; 26 27 New.) 28 Source Law 29 The District shall comprise all of the Sec. 2. 30 contained within and have territory the same 31 boundaries as Kerr County, Texas. Revisor's Note 32 33 The revision of the law governing the authority 34 revises the statutory language describing the 35 authority's territory. Because the authority's 36 boundaries are subject to change, that description may not be accurate on the effective date of the revision 37 38 or at the time of a later reading. For the reader's convenience, the revised law includes a reference to: 39 (1) the statutory authority to change the 40

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1 authority's territory under:

2 (A) Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water
3 Code, applicable to the authority under Sections
4 49.001 and 49.002 of that code; and

(B) Subchapter O, Chapter 51, Water
Code, applicable to the authority under Section 5,
Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th
Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, revised in part as
Section 8515.0301 of this chapter; and

10 (2) the legislature's general authority to
11 enact a law to change the authority's territory.

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#### Revised Law

Sec. 8515.0106. CERTAIN STATUTES NOT 13 APPLICABLE ΤО The authority is created notwithstanding the 14 AUTHORITY. (a) provisions of Chapter 160, Acts of the 58th Legislature, Regular 15 Session, 1963 (former Article 970a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), 16 17 as those provisions existed on June 17, 1965, and those provisions do not apply to the authority. 18

19 (b) Any conflict between this section and subsequent 20 amendments to provisions described by Subsection (a) or the subsequent codification of provisions described by Subsection (a) 21 in the Local Government Code is governed by the rules of statutory 22 construction, including Sections 311.025(a) and 23 311.026, 24 Government Code (Code Construction Act). (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 13; New.) 25

#### Source Law

Sec. 13. This district is hereby created notwithstanding any of the provisions of the Municipal Annexation Act, being Chapter 160, Acts of the 58th Legislature, 1963 (Article 970a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), as amended, and said Municipal Annexation Act shall have no application to this District.

# <u>Revisor's No</u>te

34 (1) Section 13, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
35 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
36 1939, provides that the authority is created

notwithstanding the provisions of Article 970a, 1 2 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes (Municipal Annexation Act), and that Article 970a does not apply to the 3 4 authority. While the provision relating to creation would normally be omitted as executed, the revised law 5 retains the provision to preserve the ambiguity 6 7 relating to the applicability of the provisions of Article 970a. It is unclear whether only those 8 provisions of Article 970a that relate to creation of 9 the authority are intended to have no applicability or 10 whether all provisions of Article 970a are intended to 11 have no applicability. The revised law is drafted 12 accordingly. 13

Section 13, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 14 (2) Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 15 1939, refers to "the Municipal Annexation Act, being 16 Chapter 160, Acts of the 58th Legislature, 1963 17 18 (Article 970a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)." For 19 the reader's convenience, the revised law includes a reference to the enacting session law citation of 20 former Article 970a, now repealed in the regular 21 course of statutory revision. To ensure that the 22 23 codification of Chapter 5 does not affect the relative dates of enactment necessary to resolve a conflict 24 between Chapter 5 and amendments adopted to former 25 Article 970a subsequent to the date of enactment of 26 Chapter 5, as amended by Chapter 632, Acts of the 59th 27 Legislature, Regular Session, 1965, or 28 to the subsequent codification of Article 970a in the Local 29 30 Government Code, the revised law includes a reference to the date of enactment of Chapter 5. For the 31 reader's convenience, the revised law also adds a 32 reference to the rules of statutory construction, 33 including applicable provisions 34 of the Code

1	Construction Act (Chapter 311, Government Code) used
2	in resolving conflicts between statutes.
3	SUBCHAPTER B. BOARD OF DIRECTORS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS
4	Revised Law
5	Sec. 8515.0201. MEMBERSHIP OF BOARD. (a) The board
6	consists of nine directors appointed by the governor.
7	(b) To be appointed as a director, a person must:
8	(1) be 18 years of age or older; and
9	(2) reside and own land in Kerr County. (Acts 46th
10	Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 9(a) (part), (b) (part).)
11	Source Law
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Sec. 9. (a) All powers of the District shall be exercised by a Board of nine (9) Directors No person shall be appointed a Director unless such person is twenty-one (21) years of age or over and a resident of Kerr County and owns land therein (b) Directors are appointed by the Governor
19	Revisor's Note
20	(1) Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
21	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
22	1939, provides that "[a]ll powers of the District
23	shall be exercised by" the board. The revised law
24	omits the quoted language because it duplicates, in
25	substance, parts of Sections 49.051 and 49.057, Water
26	Code, which provide that the authority is governed by
27	the board and the board is responsible for the
28	authority's management. Throughout this chapter, the
29	revised law omits law that is superseded by or
30	duplicates law in Chapter 49, Water Code, applicable
31	to the authority under Sections 49.001 and 49.002 of
32	that code.
33	(2) Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
34	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
35	1939, states that a person must be "twenty-one (21)
36	years of age or over" to be appointed as a director.
37	The revised law substitutes "18 years of age or older"

for the quoted language because Section 129.001, Civil 1 Practice and Remedies Code, establishes 18 years of 2 3 age as the age of majority in this state. Section 4 129.002, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, provides that a law adopted before August 27, 1973, that extends 5 a right, privilege, or obligation to an individual on 6 the basis of a minimum age of 19, 20, or 21 years shall 7 8 be interpreted as prescribing a minimum age of 18 years. Section 9 was enacted in 1939, and the part of 9 that section relating to a minimum age of 21 years has 10 not been amended. 11 12 Revised Law

Sec. 8515.0202. TERMS. Directors serve staggered four-year terms, with four or five directors' terms expiring on February 1 of each odd-numbered year. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 9(a) (part), (b) (part).)

#### 17 Source Law 18 (a) Each director shall serve for his . . 19 term of office as herein provided, and . (b) . . . Directors are appointed for staggered terms of four years with either four or five Directors' 20 21 terms expiring on February 1 of each odd-numbered 22 23 year. . 24 Revisor's Note 25

Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, 26 provides that a director continues to serve the 27 28 director's term of office provided in Chapter 5 until 29 the director's successor is appointed and qualified. The revised law omits that provision because it 30 duplicates Section 17, Article XVI, 31 Texas Constitution, which provides that an officer of this 32 state continues to perform the officer's official 33 34 duties until a successor has qualified. The omitted 35 law reads:

36 (a) . . [Each Director shall serve 37 for his term of office as herein provided,

1 and] thereafter until his successor shall be appointed and qualified. . 2 3 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0203. 4 REMOVAL. (a) It is a ground for removal 5 from the board that a director: (1) does not have at the time of taking office the 6 7 qualifications required by Sections 8515.0201 and 8515.0205; 8 (2) does not maintain during service on the board the qualifications required by Sections 8515.0201 and 8515.0205; 9 10 is ineligible for directorship under Chapter 171, (3) Local Government Code; 11 (4)cannot, because of illness 12 or disability, 13 discharge the director's duties for a substantial part of the director's term; or 14 (5) is absent from more than half of the regularly 15 scheduled board meetings that the director is eligible to attend 16 17 during a calendar year without an excuse approved by a majority vote 18 of the board. (b) The validity of a board action is not affected by the 19 fact that it is taken when a ground for removal of a director 20 21 exists. (C) If the general manager has knowledge that a potential 22 ground for removal exists, the general manager shall notify the 23 board president of the potential ground. The president shall then 24 25 notify the governor and the attorney general that a potential ground for removal exists. If the potential ground for removal 26 27 involves the president, the general manager shall notify the next highest ranking director, who shall then notify the governor and 28 the attorney general that a potential ground for removal exists. 29 (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9A.) 30 31 Source Law (a) It is a ground for removal from the 32 Sec. 9A. 33 Board that a Director: 34 (1)does not have at the time of taking office the qualifications required by Section 9(a) of 35 36 this Act; does not maintain during service on 37 (2)the Board the qualifications required by Section 9(a) 38

of this Act;

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(3) is ineligible for directorship under Chapter 171, Local Government Code;

(4) cannot, because of illness or disability, discharge the Director's duties for a substantial part of the Director's term; or

(5) is absent from more than half of the regularly scheduled Board meetings that the Director is eligible to attend during a calendar year without an excuse approved by a majority vote of the Board.

(b) The validity of an action of the Board is not affected by the fact that it is taken when a ground for removal of a Director exists.

(c) If the general manager has knowledge that a potential ground for removal exists, the general manager shall notify the President of the Board of the potential ground. The President shall then notify the Governor and the Attorney General that a potential ground for removal exists. If the potential ground for removal involves the President, the general manager shall notify the next highest ranking Director, who shall then notify the Governor and the Attorney General that a potential ground for removal exists.

#### Revisor's Note

25 Section 9A, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, 26 Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, provides that a director may be removed for not having, 27 28 at the time the director takes office, or maintaining, 29 during the director's term, certain qualifications 30 required by "Section 9(a) of this Act." The relevant 31 provisions of Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 32 Session, 1939, are revised as Sections 8515.0201 and 33 34 8515.0205 of this chapter, and the revised law is 35 drafted accordingly.

# Revised Law Sec. 8515.0204. VACANCY. The governor shall fill a vacancy

38 on the board by appointing a person for the unexpired term. (Acts 39 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(b) (part).)

the Board by appointment for the unexpired term.

Source Law

Revised Law

The Governor shall fill a vacancy on

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44 Sec. 8515.0205. OATH AND BOND REQUIREMENT FOR DIRECTORS. 45 (a) Each director shall:

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(1) take the constitutional oath of office; and

(b)

1	(2) execute a bond for \$5,000, conditioned on the
2	faithful performance of the director's duties.
3	(b) The authority shall pay the cost of the bond. (Acts 46th
4	Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(a) (part).)
5	Source Law
6 7 8 9 10	(a) Each Director shall subscribe to the oath of office and shall give bond in the amount of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) for the faithful performance of his duties, the cost of which shall be borne by the District
11	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
12	Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws,
13	Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939,
14	requires a director to subscribe to the "oath of
15	office." The quoted language is a reference to the
16	constitutional oath of office, which is prescribed by
17	Section 1, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. The
18	revised law substitutes "constitutional oath of
19	office" for "oath of office" for clarification.
20	Revised Law
21	Sec. 8515.0206. OFFICERS. (a) The governor shall
22	designate a director as president to serve in that capacity at the
23	will of the governor. The president is the authority's chief
24	executive officer and the board's presiding officer.
25	(b) The board shall elect from the board's membership a vice
26	president, a secretary, and any other officers the board determines
27	necessary. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 9(b)
28	(part), (c) (part).)
29	Source Law
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>(b) The Governor shall designate a Director as the president of the Board to serve in that capacity at the pleasure of the Governor</li> <li>(c) The Board of Directors shall elect from its number a vice president and a secretary of the Board of Directors and of the District, and such other officers as in the judgment of the Board are necessary. The president, as designated by the Governor, shall be chief executive officer of the District and the presiding officer of the Board, and</li> </ul>

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1	Revisor's Note
2	Section 9(b), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws,
3	Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939,
4	provides that the president of the authority serves in
5	that office "at the pleasure" of the governor. The
6	revised law substitutes "at the will" for "at the
7	pleasure" because "at the will" is the more commonly
8	used phrase to describe the termination of an
9	individual's appointment that is at the discretion of
10	another person.
11	Revised Law
12	Sec. 8515.0207. VOTE BY PRESIDENT. The president has the
13	same right to vote as any other director. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p.
14	1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(c) (part).)
15	Source Law
16 17	(c) [The president] shall have the same right to vote as any other Director
18	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
19	Section 9(c), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws,
20	Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939,
21	
	provides that the president "shall have" the same
22	provides that the president "shall have" the same right to vote as any other director. Throughout this
22 23	
	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this
23	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law
23 24	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those
23 24 25	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the
23 24 25 26	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the language and those terms have the same meaning and
23 24 25 26 27	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the language and those terms have the same meaning and "has" and "may" are more commonly used.
23 24 25 26 27 28	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the language and those terms have the same meaning and "has" and "may" are more commonly used. <u>Revised Law</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the language and those terms have the same meaning and "has" and "may" are more commonly used. <u>Revised Law</u> Sec. 8515.0208. ABSENCE OR INACTION OF PRESIDENT. When the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	right to vote as any other director. Throughout this chapter, in this and similar contexts, the revised law substitutes "has" or "may," or variations of those terms, for the quoted or similar language because the language and those terms have the same meaning and "has" and "may" are more commonly used. <u>Revised Law</u> Sec. 8515.0208. ABSENCE OR INACTION OF PRESIDENT. When the president is absent or fails or declines to act, the vice president

1	Source Law
2 3 4 5	(c) The vice president shall perform all duties and exercise all power conferred by this Act or the general law upon the president when the president is absent or fails or declines to act
6	Revised Law
7	Sec. 8515.0209. DUTY OF SECRETARY; ABSENCE OF SECRETARY
8	FROM BOARD MEETING. (a) The secretary shall keep and sign the
9	minutes of each board meeting and is the custodian of the
10	authority's minutes and records.
11	(b) If the secretary is absent from a board meeting, the
12	board shall name a secretary pro tem for the meeting who may:
13	(1) exercise all powers and duties of the secretary
14	for the meeting;
15	(2) sign the minutes of the meeting; and
16	(3) attest all orders passed or other action taken at
17	the meeting. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(c)
18	(part).)
19	Source Law
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(c) The secretary shall keep and sign the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors; and in the secretary's absence at any board meeting, a secretary pro tem shall be named for that meeting who may exercise all the duties and powers of the secretary for such meeting, sign the minutes thereof, and attest all orders passed or other action taken at such meeting. The secretary shall be the custodian of all minutes and records of the District.
29	Revised Law
30	Sec. 8515.0210. SEPARATION OF POLICY-MAKING AND MANAGEMENT
31	FUNCTIONS. The board shall develop and implement policies that
32	clearly separate the board's policy-making responsibilities and
33	the general manager's and staff's management responsibilities.
34	(Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(f).)
35	Source Law
36 37 38 39 40	(f) The Board shall develop and implement policies that clearly separate the policy-making responsibilities of the Board and the management responsibilities of the general manager and the staff of the District.

1	Revised Law
2	Sec. 8515.0211. DIRECTOR TRAINING PROGRAM. (a) A person
3	who is appointed to and qualifies for office as a director may not
4	vote, deliberate, or be counted as a director in attendance at a
5	board meeting until the person completes a training program that
6	complies with this section.
7	(b) The training program must provide the person with
8	information regarding:
9	<ol> <li>the law governing the authority's operations;</li> </ol>
10	(2) the authority's programs, functions, rules, and
11	budget;
12	(3) the scope of and limitations on the board's
13	rulemaking authority;
14	(4) the results of the authority's most recent formal
15	audit;
16	(5) the requirements of:
17	(A) laws relating to open meetings, public
18	information, administrative procedure, and disclosing conflicts of
19	interest; and
20	(B) other laws applicable to members of a river
21	authority's governing body in performing their duties; and
22	(6) any applicable ethics policies adopted by the
23	authority or the Texas Ethics Commission.
24	(c) A person appointed to the board is entitled to
25	reimbursement for the travel expenses incurred in attending the
26	training program regardless of whether the attendance at the
27	program occurs before or after the person qualifies for office.
28	(d) The general manager shall create a training manual that
29	includes the information required by Subsection (b). The general
30	manager shall distribute a copy of the training manual annually to
31	each director. Each director shall sign and submit to the general
32	manager a statement acknowledging that the director has received
33	and reviewed the training manual. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062,
34	S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9B.)

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1	Source Law
2345678901123456789012222222222223333333333333333333333333	<ul> <li>Sec. 9B. (a) A person who is appointed to and qualifies for office as a Director may not vote, deliberate, or be counted as a Director in attendance at a meeting of the Board until the person completes a training program that complies with this section.</li> <li>(b) The training program must provide the person with information regarding: <ul> <li>(1) the law governing District operations;</li> <li>(2) the programs, functions, rules, and budget of the District;</li> <li>(3) the scope of and limitations on the rulemaking authority of the Board;</li> <li>(4) the results of the most recent formal audit of the District;</li> <li>(5) the requirements of:</li> <li>(A) laws relating to open meetings, public information, administrative procedure, and disclosing conflicts of interest; and</li> <li>(B) other laws applicable to members of the governing body of a river authority in performing their duties; and</li> <li>(C) A person appointed to the Board is entitled to reimbursement for the travel expenses incurred in attending the training program regardless of whether the attendance at the program occurs before or after the person qualifies for office.</li> <li>(d) The general manager of the District shall create a training manual that includes the information required by Subsection (b) of this section. The general manager shall distribute a copy of the training manual annually to each Director. Each Director shall sign and submit to the general manager and has reviewed the training manual.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
38	Revised Law
39	Sec. 8515.0212. GENERAL MANAGER. The board shall appoint a
40	general manager of the authority. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062,
41	S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9(d) (part).)
42	Source Law
43 44	(d) The Board shall appoint a general manager of the District and
45	Revised Law
46	Sec. 8515.0213. COMPLAINTS. (a) The authority shall
47	maintain a system to promptly and efficiently act on complaints
48	filed with the authority.
49	(b) The authority shall maintain information about the
50	parties to the complaint, the subject matter of the complaint, a
51	summary of the results of the review or investigation of the
52	complaint, and the complaint's disposition.

1 (c) The authority shall periodically notify the parties to the complaint of the complaint's status until final disposition, 2 3 unless the notice would jeopardize an investigation.

4 available (d) The authority shall make information describing the authority's procedures for complaint investigation 5 6 and resolution. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 7 9C.)

#### Source Law

Sec. 9C. (a) The District shall maintain a system to promptly and efficiently act on complaints 9 10 filed with the District. The District shall maintain 11 parties to the complaint, 12 information about the 13 subject matter of the complaint, a summary of the 14 of the review investigation of the results or 15 complaint, and its disposition.
 (b) The District sha 16 (b) District shall make information 17 available describing its procedures for complaint 18 investigation and resolution. 19 The District shall periodically notify the (C) complaint parties of the status of the complaint until 20 final disposition, unless the notice would jeopardize 21 22 an investigation. 23 Revised Law PUBLIC TESTIMONY. The board shall develop 24 Sec. 8515.0214. 25 and implement policies that provide the public with a reasonable 26 opportunity to appear before the board and to speak on any issue under the authority's jurisdiction. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 27 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 9D.) 28 29 Source Law The Board shall develop and implement 30 Sec. 9D. 31 32

policies that provide the public with a reasonable opportunity to appear before the Board and to speak on any issue under the jurisdiction of the District.

#### Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

36 (1)Section 9(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 37 38 1939, states that a majority of directors constitutes a quorum. The revised law omits that provision because 39 40 it duplicates, substance, Section 311.013, in 41 Government Code (Code Construction Act), which 42 provides that a quorum of a public body is a majority

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1 of the number of members fixed by statute. The omitted 2 law reads:

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(a) . . . A majority of Directors shall constitute a quorum.

5 Section 9(d), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special (2) 6 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 7 1939, requires employ the board to certain 8 employees. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates, in substance, part of Section 9 10 49.057, Water Code, which authorizes the board to employ the specified employees. The omitted law 11 12 reads:

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(d) [The Board shall appoint] . . . all necessary engineers, attorneys, auditors, and other employees.

16 (3) Section 9(e), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
17 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
18 1939, requires the board to adopt a seal for the
authority. The revised law omits that provision
20 because it duplicates Section 49.061, Water Code. The
21 omitted law reads:

(e) The Board shall adopt a seal for the District.

SUBCHAPTER C. POWERS AND DUTIES

25 Revised Law

Sec. 8515.0301. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES. (a) The authority has the rights, powers, privileges, and duties provided by general law applicable to a water control and improvement district created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, including those provided by Chapters 49 and 51, Water Code.

31 (b) The authority may exercise the powers necessary to 32 accomplish the rights and duties specified in Section 59, Article 33 XVI, Texas Constitution, as provided by Chapters 51 and 54, Water 34 Code.

35 (c) The authority may construct or acquire projects the 36 board determines are needed and incident or related to the

performance of the rights and duties described by Subsection (b). 1 2 (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 5 (part), 3 10(b)(d) (part); New.) 4 Source Law 5 Sec. 5. The District shall have and exercise, and is hereby vested with, all of the rights, powers, 6 7 privileges, authority and duties conferred and imposed by the General Laws of this State now in force or 8 9 hereafter enacted, applicable to water control and 10 improvement districts created under authority of Article 16, Section 59 of the Constitution; but to the 11 12 extent that the provisions of any such General Laws may 13 be in conflict or inconsistent with the provisions of 14 Act, the provisions of this Act shall this 15 prevail. 16 [Sec. 10(b)] 17 The district may exercise the powers (d) • • necessary to accomplish each of the rights and duties specified in Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas 18 19 Constitution as provided by Chapters 51 and 54, Water 20 21 Code. The district may construct or acquire those projects that the board determines are needed and incident to or related to the performance of those 22 23 24 rights and duties. 25 Revisor's Note 26 (1)Section 5, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 27 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, authority's "powers" 28 refers to the and "authority." Throughout this chapter, the revised law 29 "authority" because, 30 omits the reference to in 31 context, it is included in the meaning of "powers." Section 5, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 32 (2) 33 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 34 1939, provides that the authority has all rights, powers, privileges, authority, and duties conferred 35 36 and imposed by the general laws of this state "now in force or hereafter enacted" applicable to water 37 38 control and improvement districts, "but to the extent 39 that the provisions of any such General Laws may be in 40 conflict or inconsistent with the provisions of this 41 Act, the provisions of this Act shall prevail."

42 The revised law omits "now in force" as 43 unnecessary under general principles of statutory

construction. The "general laws of this state" means
 those laws "in force" at the time the provision was
 adopted.

The revised law omits "hereafter enacted" because it is unnecessary to state that the authority may be granted additional powers by later enacted laws. Those laws apply on their own terms.

The revised law omits 8 as unnecessary and 9 potentially misleading the quoted provision about the act prevailing over conflicting general law. To the 10 extent the provision means that the act prevails over 11 other law in existence at the time the act became 12 effective and with which the act conflicts, the 13 14 provision merely restates general principles of statutory construction. To the extent the provision 15 means the act prevails over future enactments of the 16 legislature that may conflict with it, the provision 17 18 is misleading. It is a fundamental principle of statutory construction that one 19 session of the 20 legislature may not bind a future session of the legislature. In addition, Section 311.026, Government 21 (Code Construction Act), 22 Code governs the interpretation of the revised law in instances of 23 apparent conflict with other laws. 24

25 (3) Section 5, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 26 27 1939, refers to the general laws "applicable to water 28 control and improvement districts." For the reader's convenience, the revised law adds references 29 to Chapter 51, Water Code, specifically applicable to 30 water control and improvement districts, and 31 to Chapter 49, Water Code. 32

33 (4) Section 5, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
34 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,

1 1939, provides that all general laws applicable to improvement 2 water control and districts not in 3 conflict or inconsistent with the provisions of the 4 act are incorporated by reference. The revised law omits that provision because the part of Section 5, 5 Chapter 5, that is revised in this section already 6 provides that those laws apply to the authority, and it 7 8 is unnecessary to further incorporate those laws in this chapter. The omitted law reads: 9

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# Sec. 5. . . All such General Laws are hereby adopted and incorporated by reference with the same effect as if incorporated in full in this Act.

### Revised Law

Sec. 8515.0302. ADDITIONAL POWERS. (a) The authority may: (1) control, develop, store, and preserve the waters and flood waters of the Upper Guadalupe River and its tributaries inside or outside the authority for a beneficial or useful purpose;

(2) purchase, acquire, build, construct, improve, extend, reconstruct, repair, and maintain any dam, structure, waterworks system, sanitary sewer system, storm sewer system, drainage system, irrigation system, building, waterway, pipeline, distribution system, ditch, lake, pond, reservoir, plant, and recreational facility for public use, and any other facility or equipment in aid of a purpose described by Subdivision (1);

(3) purchase or otherwise acquire a necessary site,
easement, right-of-way, land, or other property necessary for a
purpose described by Subdivision (1); and

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### (4) sell water and other services.

30 (b) The authority may use any practical means to exercise a
31 right, power, privilege, or function of the authority. (Acts 46th
32 Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 16(a).)

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36 37 Sec. 16. (a) Without limiting the powers granted to the District by this Act, the District shall specifically have the right, power, privilege, function and authority to control, develop, store and

Source Law

preserve the waters and flood waters of the Upper Guadalupe River and its tributaries within or without the boundaries of the District for any beneficial or useful purpose and to purchase, acquire, build. construct, improve, extend, reconstruct, repair and maintain any and all dams, structures, waterworks systems, sanitary or storm sewer or drainage or irrigation systems, buildings, waterways, pipelines, systems, distribution ditches, lakes, ponds, reservoirs, plants, and recreational facilities for public use and any and all other facilities or equipment in aid thereof, and to purchase or acquire the necessary sites, easements, rights-of-way, land or other properties necessary thereof and to do any and all acts and things which may be necessary to the exercise of any and all of the rights, powers, privileges, functions and authority of the District, and same may be accomplished by any and all practical means, and the District may sell water and other services.

#### Revisor's Note

Section 16(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 22 23 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, provides that "[w]ithout limiting the powers 24 granted to the District by this Act," the authority has 25 26 certain powers. The revised law omits the quoted 27 language because it is an accepted general principle 28 of statutory construction that a grant of a right, 29 power, privilege, or function does not act as a 30 limitation. Additionally, Section 311.021(2), 31 Government Code (Code Construction Act), provides that 32 it is presumed that, in enacting a statute, the entire statute is intended to be effective. 33

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35 Sec. 8515.0303. CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT. The 36 authority shall conserve and develop this state's natural resources 37 in the authority. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 38 10(b)(d) (part).)

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develop the natural resources of this state within the

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shall conserve and

44 Sec. 8515.0304. COST OF RELOCATING OR ALTERING PROPERTY.45 (a) In this section, "sole expense" means the actual cost of

1 relocating, raising, lowering, rerouting, changing the grade of, or 2 altering the construction of a facility described by Subsection (b) 3 in providing comparable replacement without enhancement of the 4 facility, after deducting from that cost the net salvage value 5 derived from the old facility.

6 (b) If the authority's exercise of the power of eminent 7 domain, police power, or any other power requires relocating, 8 raising, lowering, rerouting, changing the grade of, or altering 9 the construction of a railroad, pipeline, or electric transmission, 10 telegraph or telephone line, conduit, pole, property or facility, 11 the required action shall be accomplished at the authority's sole 12 expense. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 12.)

#### Source Law

In the event that the District, in the Sec. 12. exercise of the power of eminent domain or police power, or any other power, requires the relocation, raising, lowering, re-routing, or change in grade or alteration in the construction of any railroad, electric transmission, telegraph or telephone lines, conduits, properties or poles, facilities, or all such relocation, raising, pipelines, lowering, re-routing, or changes in grade or alteration of construction shall be accomplished at the sole expense of the District. The term "sole expense" shall mean the actual cost of such relocation, raising, lowering, re-routing, or change in grade or alteration of comparable construction in providing replacement without enhancement of such facilities, after deducting therefrom the net salvage value derived from the old facility.

#### Revised Law

32 Sec. 8515.0305. POWERS RELATING TO GRANTS AND CONTRACTS. 33 The authority may accept grants or contract with any person in 34 connection with or in aid of the exercise of any right, power, 35 privilege, or function of the authority. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 36 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 3.)

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#### Source Law

38 The District is empowered to accept Sec. 3. grants or to contract with 39 the United States Government or the State of Texas or any agency, arm, 40 branch, department, or political subdivision thereof, 41 or any municipality, city, town, or any public or private corporation, or firm or person in connection 42 43 with the exercise of any right, power, privilege, function or authority of this District or in aid 44 45 in aid 46 thereof.

1	Revisor's Note
2	Section 3, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws,
3	Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939,
4	authorizes the authority to accept grants or contract
5	with "the United States Government or the State of
6	Texas or any agency, arm, branch, department, or
7	political subdivision thereof, or any municipality,
8	city, town, or any public or private corporation, or
9	firm or person." The revised law substitutes "any
10	person" for the quoted language because Section
11	311.005(2), Government Code (Code Construction Act),
12	defines "person" to include any legal entity.
13	Revised Law
14	Sec. 8515.0306. POWERS RELATING TO WASTE FACILITIES. As a
15	necessary aid to the conservation, control, preservation, and
16	distribution of the water of the Upper Guadalupe River and its
17	tributaries for beneficial use, the authority may:
18	(1) construct, own, and operate sewage collection,
19	transmission, and disposal services;
20	(2) charge for a service described by Subdivision (1);
21	and
22	(3) enter into contracts with municipalities and
23	others in connection with a service described by Subdivision (1).
24	(Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 16(b).)
25	Source Law
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(b) As a necessary aid to the conservation, control, preservation, and distribution of such water for beneficial use, the Authority shall have the power to construct, own and operate sewage gathering, transmission and disposal services, to charge for such service, and to make contracts in reference thereto with municipalities and others.
33	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
34	Section 16(b), Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
35	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
36	1939, provides that the authority may operate sewage
37	"gathering" services. The revised law substitutes
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1	"collection" for "gathering" because, in context, the
2	terms have the same meaning and "collection" is more
3	commonly used.
4	Revised Law
5	Sec. 8515.0307. NOTICE OF ELECTION. Notice of an election
6	may be given under the hand of the president or secretary. (Acts
7	46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 20.)
8	Source Law
9 10 11	Sec. 20. Notice of all elections may be given under the hand of either the president or the secretary of the District.
12 13	<u>Revisor's Note</u> ( <u>End of Subchapter</u> )
14	<pre>(1) Section 10(b)(e), Chapter 5, page 1062,</pre>
15	Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular
16	Session, 1939, provides that the authority is a
17	district under Chapter 30, Water Code, that Chapter 30
18	applies to the authority, and that in the event of a
19	conflict between the act and Chapter 30, the act
20	prevails. The revised law omits the portion of the
21	provision providing that the authority is a district
22	under Chapter 30, Water Code, and that Chapter 30
23	applies to the authority as unnecessary because
24	Section 30.003, Water Code, defines the term
25	"district" to include any river authority and
26	therefore Chapter 30, Water Code, applies to the
27	authority on its own terms. The revised law omits the
28	portion of the provision relating to the act
29	prevailing over a conflicting provision of general law
30	for the reason provided in Revisor's Note (2) to
31	Section 8515.0301. The omitted law reads:
32 33 34 35 36	(e) The district is a district under Chapter 30, Water Code, and that chapter applies to the district except to the extent that the chapter conflicts with this Act, in which case this Act prevails

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(2) Section 10(b)(e), Chapter 5, page 1062,

Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 1 Session, 1939, states that any political subdivision 2 3 may contract with the authority under Chapter 30, 4 Water Code, provided that any city may contract with 5 the authority in the manner authorized by Section 30.030(c), Water Code. 6 Section 10(b)(e) further 7 states that the authority and any political 8 subdivision have certain rights and powers authorized by Chapter 30, Water Code. The revised law omits those 9 provisions as duplicative of Chapter 30, Water Code, 10 which grants the same rights and powers and applies to 11 political subdivisions, including the authority and 12 13 cities, on its own terms. The omitted law reads:

> public (e) All cities, agencies, and other political subdivisions authorized to are contract with the in any manner authorized district by Chapter 30, Water Code, provided that any city may contract with the district in the manner authorized by Subsection (c), Section 30.030, Water Code. The district and all cities, public agencies, and other political subdivisions contracting with the district have all of the rights and authority relating to the control, storage, preservation, transmission, treatment, and disposition of storm water, floodwater, water of rivers and streams, and underground that are granted, water permitted, and authorized by Chapter 30, Water Code.

Section 21, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 32 (3) 33 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 34 1939, authorizes the board to canvass the returns of 35 all elections and provides a time period for the law The revised 36 canvass to occur. omits that provision because it is superseded by or duplicates 37 general law. Section 67.002, Election Code, requires 38 the governing body of a political subdivision that 39 40 orders an election to canvass the 41 returns. Additionally, Section 67.003, Election 42 Code, provides the manner for setting the time period

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1 for a canvass to occur. Throughout this chapter, the 2 revised law omits law that is superseded by or 3 duplicates law in the Election Code, which was enacted 4 in 1985 and applies to the authority under Section 1.002 of that code. The omitted law reads: 5 6 Sec. 21. The returns of all elections may be canvassed by the Board of Directors 7 8 of the District at any time within seven (7) days after the holding of an election, or as 9 10 soon thereafter as reasonably practicable. 11 SUBCHAPTER D. GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS 12 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0401. TAX METHOD. The authority shall use the ad 13 valorem plan of taxation. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 14 15 5, Sec. 8.) 16 Source Law 17 The ad valorem plan of taxation shall be Sec. 8. 18 used by the District. 19 Revised Law 20 Sec. 8515.0402. DEPOSITORY. (a) The board shall select 21 one or more banks or trust companies in this state to act as a 22 depository of bond proceeds or of revenue derived from the operation of authority facilities. 23 24 The depository shall, as determined by the board: (h) 25 provide indemnity bonds; (1)pledge securities; or 26 (2) 27 (3) meet any other requirements. (Acts 46th Leg., 28 R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 15.) 29 Source Law 30 The Board of Directors of the District Sec. 15. shall select any bank or trust company in the State of 31 Texas to act as depository of the proceeds of the bonds 32 operation of 33 derived from the revenues the or facilities of the District, and said depository shall furnish such indemnity bonds or pledge such securities 34 35 or meet such other requirements as determined by the 36 Board of Directors of the District. The District may 37 38 select one or more depositories. 39 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0403. PAYMENT OF TAX OR ASSESSMENT NOT REQUIRED. 40

1 The authority is not required to pay a tax or assessment on: 2 an authority project or any part of the project; or (1)3 (2) an authority purchase. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 22 (part).) 4 5 Source Law 6 Sec. 22. the District shall be . . . not required to pay any tax or assessment on the project or 7 8 any part thereof or on any purchases made by the 9 District, and . . SUBCHAPTER E. NOTES, BONDS, AND BORROWED MONEY 10 11 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0501. REVENUE NOTES. (a) The board, without an 12 13 election, may borrow money, not to exceed \$55 million in the 14 aggregate, on the authority's negotiable notes, payable solely from 15 the authority's revenue derived from the ownership of all or any designated part of the authority's works, plant, improvements, 16 facilities, equipment, or water rights after deduction of the 17 18 reasonable cost of maintaining and operating the facilities. The notes may be first or subordinate lien notes at the 19 (b) 20 board's discretion. An obligation may not be a charge on the 21 authority's property or on the taxes imposed by the authority. An obligation may only be a charge on the revenue pledged for the 22 payment of the obligation. No part of the obligation may ever be 23 24 paid from the taxes imposed by the authority. The notes may bear interest at a rate not to exceed 10 25 (c)percent and must mature not later than 40 years after the date of 26 27 their issuance. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 28 10(c)(b), (c), (d), (e).) 29 Source Law 30 board directors, (b) The of without the 31 an election, may borrow necessity of money on negotiable notes of the Authority to be paid solely from the revenues of the Authority derived from the 32 33 ownership of all or any designated part of the Authority's works, plant, improvements, facilities, 34 35 equipment, or water rights after deduction of 36 the maintaining and operating 37 reasonable cost of the 38 facilities. A note issued under this section may not 39 (c) exceed \$55 million in the aggregate. 40 41 (d) The notes may mature over a term of not more

than 40 years and bear interest at a rate of not more than 10 percent.

(e) The notes may be first or subordinate lien notes within the discretion of the board of directors, but no obligation may ever be a charge on the property of the Authority or on the taxes levied or collected by the Authority, but shall be a charge on the revenues pledged for the payment of the obligation. No part of the obligation may ever be paid from the taxes levied or collected by the Authority.

#### Revisor's Note

(1)Section 10(c)(e), Chapter 5, page 1062, 12 13 Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 14 Session, 1939, provides that authority obligations may not be a charge on or paid from taxes "levied or 15 collected" authority. The 16 by the revised law substitutes "imposed" for the quoted language because 17 it is the term generally used in Title 1, Tax Code, and 18 includes the levying and collection of taxes. 19

Section 10(c)(f), Chapter 5, page 1062, 20 (2) Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 21 22 Session, 1939, provides that Section 49.153, Water Code, does not apply to the authority. Section 49.153, 23 24 Water Code, does not apply to the authority because Section 49.153(d), Water Code, provides that the 25 section does not apply to a special water authority. 26 27 Because the Upper Guadalupe River Authority meets the definition of a special water authority under Section 28 29 49.001, Water Code, the provision stating that Section 49.153, Water Code, does not apply to the authority is 30 omitted as unnecessary. The omitted law reads: 31

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(f) As the Authority is a special water authority, Section 49.153, Water Code, does not apply to any revenue note issued by the Authority.

#### Revised Law

37 Sec. 8515.0502. BORROWING MONEY. The authority may borrow 38 money by any method or procedure provided by this chapter or general 39 law for a corporate purpose or combination of corporate purposes. 40 (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 10(c)(a).)

1	Source Law
2 3 4 5 6	Sec. 10(c). (a) The Upper Guadalupe River Authority may borrow money for any corporate purpose or combination of corporate purposes pursuant to the methods and procedures specifically provided by this chapter or by general law.
7	Revised Law
8	Sec. 8515.0503. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE BONDS. The authority
9	may:
10	(1) issue bonds of any kind to carry out any purpose
11	authorized by this chapter; and
12	(2) provide and make payment for the bonds and for
13	necessary expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the
14	bonds. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 17.)
15	Source Law
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Sec. 17. In addition to the powers and purposes authorized by the General Law pertaining to water control and improvement districts created under Article 16, Section 59 of the Constitution of Texas, the District may issue any kind of bonds or refunding bonds for any or all of such purposes herein provided and provide and make payment therefor and for necessary expenses in connection therewith.
24	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
25	(1) Section 17, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
26	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
27	1939, provides that "[i]n addition to the powers and
28	purposes authorized by the General Law pertaining to
29	water control and improvement districts created under
30	Article 16, Section 59 of the Constitution of Texas,"
31	the authority may issue bonds for certain
32	purposes. The revised law omits the quoted language
33	as unnecessary because an accepted general principle
34	of statutory construction requires a statute to be
35	given cumulative effect with other statutes unless the
36	statute provides otherwise or unless the statutes are
37	in conflict.
38	(2) Section 17, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special

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Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,

1	1939, authorizes the authority to issue "any kind of
2	bonds or refunding bonds." The revised law omits the
3	reference to "refunding bonds" because refunding bonds
4	are included in the meaning of "any kind of bonds."
5	Revised Law
6	Sec. 8515.0504. EXCHANGING BONDS FOR PROPERTY OR WORK. The
7	authority may exchange bonds, including refunding bonds:
8	(1) for property acquired by purchase; or
9	(2) in payment of the contract price of work performed
10	or materials or services provided for the authority's use and
11	benefit. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Sec. 18
12	(part).)
13	Source Law
14 15 16 17 18	Sec. 18 The District may exchange bonds or refunding bonds for property acquired by purchase, or in payment of the contract price of work done or materials furnished or services furnished for the use and benefit of the District, but
19	<u>Revisor's Note</u>
20	(1) Section 18, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special
21	Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session,
22	1939, provides that authority bonds, including
23	refunding bonds, may be sold at a price and on terms
24	determined by the board, provided that the bonds are
25	not sold for less than 95 percent of their face
26	value. Section 18 also provides that where authority
27	bonds are exchanged for property acquired by purchase,
28	or in payment of the contract price for work done or
29	materials or services furnished, the exchange must be
30	based on the authority's receipt of property,
31	materials, or services equal to not less than 95
32	percent of the face value of the authority bonds
33	exchanged or used as payment. The revised law omits
34	those provisions because they are superseded by
35	general law. Section 1201.022, Government Code, as
36	amended in 2001, provides that an issuer may sell

1 public securities "under the terms determined by the governing body of the issuer to be in the issuer's best 2 3 interests." Throughout this chapter, the revised law 4 omits law that is superseded by or duplicates law in 5 Chapter 1201, Government Code, which applies to authority bonds under Sections 1201.002 and 1201.003 6 of that code. Section 1204.006(b), Government Code, 7 8 enacted as Section 2, Chapter 3, Acts of the 61st 9 Legislature, Regular Session, 1969 (Article 717k-2, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), provides that 10 an public securities "at 11 issuer may sell any 1204.006(b), Government 12 Section price." Code, applies to the authority under Section 1204.001, 13 14 Government Code. The omitted law reads:

> Sec. 18. kind Any of bonds or refunding bonds may be sold at a price and terms determined by the Board of under Directors of the District, and . . . none of said bonds or refunding bonds shall be sold for less than ninety-five per cent of their face value. [The District may exchange bonds or refunding bonds . . . but] such exchange of bonds or refunding bonds for property or facilities acquired by purchase or in payment of the contract price for work done or materials furnished or services furnished shall not be on a basis of less than ninety-five per cent of the face value of the bonds or refunding bonds so exchanged or used for payment as herein specified.

31 (2) Section 18, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 32 33 1939, provides that authority bonds may be sold at a 34 private or public sale. The revised law omits that 35 provision because it duplicates Section 1201.022(a)(3)(A), Government Code. The omitted law 36 37 reads:

38 Sec. 18. [Any kind of bonds or 39 refunding bonds] . . may be sold at a 40 private or public sale, but . . . 41 <u>Revised Law</u> 42 Sec. 8515.0505. BOND ELECTION; NOTICE. (a) Except as

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1 provided by Subsection (d), the authority may not issue bonds 2 unless a majority of voters voting at an election held in the 3 authority approve the issuance of the bonds.

4 (b) Before issuing bonds, the board must order an election5 and provide notice in accordance with this section.

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(c) Notice of the election must be given by:

7 (1) posting a copy of the notice in at least three
8 public places in the authority at least 14 days before the election
9 date; and

10 (2) publishing a copy of the notice in a newspaper of 11 general circulation in the authority at least once a week for two 12 consecutive weeks, the first of which must be published at least 14 13 days before the election date.

14 (d) An election to authorize the issuance of bonds is not 15 required if the bonds are payable from the revenue of an authority 16 system or facility and the board determines that:

(1) the proceeds of the bonds will provide less than \$2 million for the purpose of acquiring land or acquiring or constructing the facility, not including the cost of issuing the bonds, interest during construction, and any initial deposit from the proceeds to a reserve fund; and

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(2) the bond proceeds will be used:

(A) to acquire land or an interest in land and to construct or acquire a new facility in the nature of a new project or undertaking for the authority, provided that only one series of bonds may be issued to provide for a new project or undertaking for the authority unless additional bonds are approved by a majority of voters voting at an election;

(B) to provide money for repairs, expansion, and
improvement of existing authority facilities; or

31 (C) to provide for the completion of the 32 construction of a project for which the authority has previously 33 issued bonds approved at an election. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 34 1062, S.L., Ch. 5, Secs. 10(b)(a) (part), (b), (c) (part).)

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(a) . . . [before bonds . . . may be issued]. . the election must be called and held and notice must be given as required by this section.

(b) An election to authorize the issuance of bonds may not be required if the bonds to be issued are payable from revenues of a system or facilities of the district and the board of directors finds and determines that the proceeds of the bonds proposed to be issued will provide less than \$2 million for the purpose of acquiring land or acquiring or constructing the facilities excluding cost of issuance, interest during construction and any initial deposit from those proceeds to a reserve fund, and the proceeds of the bonds will be used:

(1) to acquire land or an interest in land and to construct or acquire new facilities in the nature of a new project or undertaking for the district, subject to the limitation that with respect to a new project or undertaking for the district, only one series of bonds may be issued to provide for the project unless additional bonds are approved at an election by a majority of the participating qualified voters;

(2) to provide funds for repairs, expansion, and improvement of the existing facilities of the district; or

(3) to provide for the completion of construction of a project for which the district has previously issued bonds approved at an election.

(c) Except as provided in Subsection (b) of this section, bonds may not be issued by the district unless an election is held in the district to approve issuance of the bonds and the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting at the election. . . Notice of the election must be given by posting a copy of the notice of election in at least three public places within the district at least 14 days before the date of the election and the notice must be published at least once a week for two consecutive weeks, the date of the first publication to be at least 14 days before the election, in a newspaper with general circulation in the district.

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#### Revisor's Note

10(b)(a), Chapter 5, 45 (1)Section page 1062, 46 Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 47 Session, 1939, provides that an election must be 48 ordered to approve a bond proposition if the Texas Constitution or the act requires the approval of the 49 50 proposition at an election. The revised law omits that provision because the applicable requirements of those 51 52 laws would apply to the approval of a bond proposition 53 on their own terms. The omitted law reads:

54 55 Sec. 10(b). (a) If the Texas Constitution or this Act requires a bond

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proposition to be approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting at an election called for that purpose before bonds or other obligations may be issued or taxes levied, . . .

Section 10(b)(a), Chapter 5, page 1062, 6 (2) 7 Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 8 Session, 1939, provides that an election must be "called and held" to approve a bond proposition. 9 The law substitutes "order" for the 10 revised quoted language because "order" is the term used in Chapter 3, 11 12 Election Code.

(3) Sections 10(b)(b) and (c), Chapter 5, page 13 14 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, 15 Regular Session, 1939, refer to a majority vote of the "qualified" voters voting in a bond election. 16 The 17 revised law omits "qualified" as unnecessary in this context because Chapter 11, Election Code, governs 18 19 eligibility to vote in an election in this state and allows only "qualified" voters to vote in an election. 20

(4) Section 10(b)(b), Chapter 5, page 1062,
Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular
Session, 1939, refers to "funds." The revised law
substitutes "money" for "funds" because, in context,
the terms have the same meaning and "money" is more
commonly used.

Section 10(b)(c), Chapter 5, page 1062, (5) 27 Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular 28 Session, 1939, provides that an election order must be 29 30 issued not less than 15 or more than 90 days before the election date. The revised law omits that provision 31 because it is expressly superseded by Section 3.005, 32 33 Election Code, which requires an election order issued by an authority of a political subdivision to be issued 34 not later than the 62nd or 78th day before election 35 36 day, depending on when the election is held. The

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omitted law reads:

2 The board must issue the (C) . . . 3 order calling the election not less than 15 nor more than 90 days before the date the 4 5 election is to be held. 6 Revised Law 7 Sec. 8515.0506. FAILED BOND ELECTION. (a) A general law, including Sections 51.781 through 51.791, Water Code, that provides 8 for calling a hearing on the dissolution of a water control and 9 improvement district after a failed district bond election does not 10 11 apply to the authority. After the expiration of 30 days from the date of a failed 12 (b) 13 bond election, the board may call a subsequent bond election. 14 (c) The authority continues to exist and have the 15 authority's full power to function and operate regardless of the outcome of a bond election. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., 16 Ch. 5, Sec. 19.) 17 Source Law 18 19 The provisions of Section 77b, Chapter Sec. 19. 20 Laws, Acts of the 39th Legislature, 25, General Regular Session, 1925, as added (Article 7880-77b, 21 Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), or any other General Law, pertaining to the calling of a hearing for the determination of the dissolution of a district where a 22 23 24 25 bond election has failed shall be inapplicable to the 26 District, and this District shall continue to exist and shall have full power to function and operate 27 regardless of the outcome of any bond election. Upon the failure of any bond election, a subsequent bond election may be called after the expiration of thirty 28 29 30 31 days from the date of the bond election which failed. 32 Revisor's Note 33 Section 19, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, 34 Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, provides that "[t]he provisions of Section 77b, 35 Chapter 25, General Laws, Acts of 36 the 39th Legislature, Regular Session, 1925, as added (Article 37 7880-77b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)," do not 38 39 apply to the authority. Article 7880-77b was codified 40 by Chapter 58, Acts of the 62nd Legislature, Regular 41 Session, 1971, as Sections 51.781 through 51.792,

Water Code, which address the dissolution of 1 а district before the issuance of bonds. The revised law 2 does not refer to Section 51.792, Water Code, because 3 4 that section was repealed by Section 85(6), Chapter 1248, Acts of the 71st Legislature, Regular Session, 5 The revised law is drafted accordingly. 6 1989. 7 Revised Law Sec. 8515.0507. BONDS EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. 8 Bonds issued under this chapter, the transfer of the bonds, and income from the 9 bonds, including profits made on the sale of the bonds, are exempt 10 from taxation in this state. (Acts 46th Leg., R.S., p. 1062, S.L., 11 Ch. 5, Sec. 22 (part).) 12 13 Source Law 14 the bonds issued hereunder and Sec. 22. 15 their transfer and the income therefrom, including the profits made on the sale thereof; shall at all times be 16 free from taxation within this State. 17 18 Revisor's Note 19 (End of Subchapter) 20 (1)Section 10, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 21 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, provides that, before issuing any construction 22 bonds, the authority shall submit plans to the Texas 23 Water Commission for approval in accordance with 24 Section 139, Chapter 25, General Laws, Acts of the 39th 25 26 Legislature, Regular Session, 1925, as amended 27 (Article 7880-139, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), and that the authority's project is subject to inspection 28 during construction as provided by that article. 29 Article 7880-139 was codified by Chapter 58, Acts of 30 31 62nd Legislature, Regular Session, 1971, the as 32 Sections 51.421 and 51.422, Water Code. Chapter 715, Acts of the 74th Legislature, Regular Session, 1995, 33 repealed Sections 51.421 and 51.422, Water Code, and 34 35 enacted Sections 49.181 and 49.182, Water Code, to govern the authority of the Texas Commission on 36

Environmental Quality over the issuance of authority bonds and supervision by the commission of projects and improvements, respectively. The revised law therefore omits Section 10 because Sections 49.181 and 49.182, Water Code, apply to the authority on their own terms. The omitted law reads:

> Sec. 10. Before issuing any construction bonds, the District shall submit plans and specifications therefor to the Texas Water Commission for approval in the manner required by Section 139, Chapter Laws, Acts of Regular Session, 25, General the 39th 1925, Legislature, as amended (Article 7880-139, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes); and District's project and improvements during the course of construction shall be subject to inspection in the manner provided by Section 139, Chapter 25, General Laws, Acts of the 39th Legislature, Regular Session, 1925, as amended (Article 7880-139, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).

Section 11, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 23 (2) 24 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 25 1939, provides that after approval and registration 26 authority bonds are negotiable, legal, valid, and 27 binding obligations and incontestable for any reason. The revised law omits the reference to the bonds being 28 29 negotiable because Section 1201.041, Government Code, 30 provides that a public security is a negotiable instrument. The revised law omits the remainder of the 31 32 provision because it duplicates, in substance, Section 33 1202.006, Government Code, which provides that after 34 approval and registration, bonds are incontestable and Section 1202.006, Government 35 binding obligations. Code, applies to authority bonds under Sections 36 1202.001 and 1202.003(c) of that code. The omitted law 37 38 reads:

> Sec. 11. When any kind of bonds or refunding bonds have been approved by the Attorney General of Texas, registered by the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, and issued by the District, such bonds or refunding bonds shall be

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negotiable, legal, valid and binding obligations of the District and shall be incontestable for any cause.

4 (3) Section 23, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 5 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, lists the entities for which authority bonds are 6 7 legal investments and provides that authority bonds may secure deposits of public funds of political 8 9 subdivisions of this state. The revised law omits the provision relating to the eligibility of authority 10 11 bonds to be considered as investments for various entities because it duplicates, in substance, Section 12 49.186(a), Water Code, which provides that bonds, 13 notes, and other authority obligations are legal and 14 15 authorized investments for certain investors. While 16 Section 23 lists "guardians" and Section 49.186(a), Water Code, does not, Section 49.186(a) includes 17 18 "fiduciaries," and a guardian is a fiduciary. The 19 revised law omits the provision relating to securing 20 deposits of funds of political subdivisions because it is impliedly repealed by Chapter 2257, Government Code 21 (enacted in 1989 as Article 2529d, Vernon's Texas Civil 2.2 23 Statutes), which governs eligible collateral for 24 deposits of funds of certain public agencies, including political subdivisions, and permits those 25 deposits to be secured by obligations issued by 26 27 conservation and reclamation districts. The omitted 28 law reads:

> Sec. 23. All bonds and refunding bonds of the District shall be and are hereby declared to be legal, eligible and authorized investments for banks, savings and loan associations, insurance companies, fiduciaries, trustees, guardians, and for sinking funds of the cities, towns, villages, counties, school districts, or political other corporations or subdivisions of the State of Texas. Such bonds and refunding bonds shall be eligible to secure the deposit of any and all public funds of cities, towns, villages, counties, or other political school districts,

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corporations or subdivisions of the State of Texas; and such bonds shall be lawful and sufficient security for said deposits to the extent of their face value, when accompanied by all unmatured coupons appurtenant thereto.

# Revisor's Note (End of Chapter)

9 (1) Section 6, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special 10 Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 11 1939, provides that it is not necessary for the board 12 of directors to hold an election to confirm the 13 authority's creation. The revised law omits that 14 provision as executed. The omitted law reads:

> Sec. 6. It shall not be necessary for the Board of Directors to call or hold a confirmation election for the confirmation of the District.

19 Section 14, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special (2)Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 20 1939, Section 2, Chapter 1059, Acts of the 68th 21 22 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, Section 2, Chapter 23 830, Acts of the 75th Legislature, Regular Session, 24 1997, Section 3, Chapter 1544, Acts of the 76th Legislature, Regular Session, 1999, and Section 8, 25 Chapter 180, Acts of the 88th Legislature, Regular 26 27 Session, 2023, contain legislative findings relating to the performance of certain procedural requirements 28 29 for legislation affecting the authority under the constitution and other laws and rules, including 30 proper legal notice and the filing of recommendations. 31 The revised law omits those provisions as executed. 32 33 The omitted law reads:

> [Acts 46th Leg., R.S., Ch. 5] Sec. 14. It is determined and found that a proper and legal notice of the intention to introduce this Act, setting forth the general substance of this Act, has been published at least thirty (30) days and not more than ninety (90) days prior to the introduction of this Act in the Legislature of Texas, in a newspaper having general circulation in Kerr County, Texas; that a copy of such notice and a copy of this Act

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have been delivered to the Governor of Texas who has submitted such notice and Act to the Texas Water Commission, and said Texas Water Commission has filed its recommendation as to such Act with the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Speaker of the House of Representatives of Texas within thirty (30)  $\bar{d}ays$  from the date such notice and Act were received by the Texas Water Commission; and that all the requirements and provisions of Article 16, Section 59(d) of the Constitution of the State of Texas have been fulfilled and accomplished as therein provided.

[Acts 68th Leg., R.S., Ch. 1059] Sec. 2. Proof of publication of the constitutional notice required in the enactment of this Act under the provisions of Article XVI, Section 59(d), of the Texas Constitution has been made in the manner provided therein and a copy of the notice and bill as originally introduced have been delivered to the governor of the State of Texas as required in such constitutional provision, and that notice and delivery are found and declared to be proper and sufficient to satisfy those requirements.

[Acts 75th Leg., R.S., Ch. 830] Sec. 2. Proof of publication of the constitutional notice required in the enactment of this Act under the provisions of Section 59(d), Article XVI, Texas Constitution, and the statutory notice required by Chapter 313, Government Code, have been made in the manner provided therein and a copy of the notice and bill as originally introduced have been delivered to the governor of the State of Texas, as required in such constitutional provision, and to all other persons, agencies, officials, or entities required to be furnished by the constitution and other laws of the state, and that notice and delivery are found and declared to be proper and sufficient to satisfy those requirements. The Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission has filed its recommendations relating to this Act with the governor, lieutening to this het with speaker of the house of representatives within the required time. All other procedural requirements for the notice, introduction, and passage of this Act have been fulfilled and accomplished.

[Acts 76th Leg., R.S., Ch. 1544] Sec. 3. (a) The proper and legal notice of the intention to introduce this Act, setting forth the general substance of this Act, has been published as provided by law, and the notice and a copy of this Act have been furnished to all persons, agencies, officials, or entities to which they are required to be furnished by the constitution and other laws of this state, including the governor, who has submitted

the notice and Act to the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission.

(b) The Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission has filed its recommendations relating to this Act with the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker of the house of representatives within the required time.

(c) All requirements of the constitution and laws of this state and the rules and procedures of the legislature with respect to the notice, introduction, and passage of this Act are fulfilled and accomplished.

[Acts 88th Leg., R.S., Ch. 180]

Sec. 8. (a) The legal notice of the intention to introduce this Act, setting forth the general substance of this Act, has been published as provided by law, and the notice and a copy of this Act have been to all furnished persons, agencies, officials, or entities to which they are required to be furnished under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, and Chapter 313, Government Code.

(b) The governor, one of the required recipients, has submitted the notice and Act to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

(c) The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality has filed its recommendations relating to this Act with the governor, the lieutenant governor, and the speaker of the house of representatives within the required time.

(d) All requirements of the constitution and laws of this state and the rules and procedures of the legislature with respect to the notice, introduction, and passage of this Act are fulfilled and accomplished.

42 (3)Sections 1 and 2, Chapter 193, Acts of the 43 59th Legislature, Regular Session, 1965, validate 44 certain actions of the authority relating to the ordering and canvassing of an election to authorize 45 the imposition of an ad valorem tax. The revised law 46 47 omits that provision because it served its purpose on the day it took effect and is executed law. Section 48 49 311.031(a)(2), Government Code (Code Construction 50 Act), provides that the repeal of a statute does not 51 affect any validation previously made under the 52 statute. The omitted law reads:

53Sec. 1. All acts performed and54resolutions adopted by the Upper Guadalupe55River Authority in ordering, calling,

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holding, and canvassing an election for the purpose of authorizing the levy of an ad valorem tax of not more than five cents on each One Hundred Dollar valuation of property in Kerr County, are validated as if the acts and resolutions had been legally performed and adopted in the first instance.

Sec. 2. The election ordered by the Upper Guadalupe River Authority and held in Kerr County on the 18th day of July, 1964, for the purpose of authorizing the levy of an ad valorem tax of not more than five cents on each One Hundred Dollar valuation of property in Kerr County, and which election resulted in a favorable vote for the authorization of the levy of the tax, is validated as if the election had been legally ordered and held in the first instance.

Section 2, Chapter 632, Acts of the 59th 21 (4)Legislature, Regular Session, 1965, provides that the 22 23 act is severable. The revised law omits that provision 24 because the same result is produced by application of Section 311.032, Government Code (Code Construction 25 26 Act), which provides that a provision of a statute is 27 severable from each other provision of the statute that can be given effect. The omitted law reads: 28

> If any word, phrase, clause, Sec. 2. paragraph, sentence, part, portion, or provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act shall nevertheless hereby be valid, and the Legislature declares that this Act would have been enacted without such invalid or unconstitutional word, phrase, clause, sentence, part, paragraph, portion, or provision.

41 (5) Section 6, Article IV, Chapter 484, Acts of
42 the 68th Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, contains
43 a transition procedure regarding the terms of certain
44 directors. The revised law omits that provision as
45 executed. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 6. (a) A person appointed to the board of directors of the Upper Guadalupe River Authority who held office immediately preceding the effective date of this Act and who was eligible to be a member of the board under the law as it existed at the time of his appointment is entitled to serve the remainder of the term for which he

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1 was appointed. 2 The term of office succeeding a (b) 3 board member's term that expires on November 1, 1984, expires on February 1, 1991. The term of office succeeding a board member's 4 5 term that expires on November 1, 1986, expires on February 1, 1993. The term of 6 7 8 office succeeding a board member's term that expires on November 1, 1988, expires on February 1, 1995. 9 10 Section 2, Chapter 1544, Acts of the 76th 11 (6) Legislature, Regular Session, 1999, provides that it 12 13 is the intent of the legislature to provide a mechanism 14 for the authority to use revenue from sources other 15 than ad valorem taxes to finance certain water and wastewater services in Kerr County. 16 The revised law 17 omits that provision as unnecessary because it is 18 implied that a statute expresses the intent of the 19 legislature. The omitted law reads:

> Sec. 2. (a) It is the intent of the legislature to provide a mechanism for the Guadalupe River Authority Upper to use revenues from the provision of wholesale water and wastewater services instead of ad valorem taxation in Kerr County to finance the construction and simultaneous operation of regional wholesale water and wastewater in Kerr County. The mechanism services allows the anticipated growth in Kerr County to pay for itself and ensures the continued prudent fiscal management of the Upper Guadalupe River Authority.

> (b) The legislature anticipates that this Act will:

(1) produce a revenue stream for the Upper Guadalupe River Authority sufficient to finance other operations of the authority, including water quality monitoring programs, maintenance of the county's on-site sewage facility, flood programs, and programs of the Headwaters Underground Water Conservation District that are administratively supported by the authority; and

(2) allow the Upper Guadalupe River Authority to terminate the assessment and collection of ad valorem taxes in Kerr County on and after December 31, 2009, without sacrificing any of the authority's essential water quality programs or services in Kerr County.

52 (7) Section 6, Chapter 180, Acts of the 88th
53 Legislature, Regular Session, 2023, provides for the
54 terms of the directors serving on the effective date of

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that Act. The revised law omits that provision as
 executed. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 6. At the first meeting of the board of the Upper Guadalupe River Authority that follows the effective date of this Act, the six directors of the Upper Guadalupe River Authority whose terms do not expire on February 1, 2025, shall draw lots to determine which director will serve a term that expires on February 1, 2025, and which five directors will serve terms that expire on February 1, 2027. The three directors with terms expiring on February 1, 2025, will serve terms that expire on that date.

Section 7, Chapter 180, Acts of the 88th 16 (8) 2023, 17 Legislature, Regular Session, contains а 18 transition provision authorizing a person to perform certain acts as a director notwithstanding Section 9B, 19 Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th 20 Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, as added 21 by Chapter 180 and revised as Section 8515.0211 of this 22 23 chapter. The revised law omits that provision as 24 executed. The omitted law reads:

> Sec. 7. Notwithstanding Section 9B, Chapter 5, page 1062, Special Laws, Acts of the 46th Legislature, Regular Session, 1939, as added by this Act, a person serving on the board of directors of the Upper Guadalupe River Authority may vote, deliberate, and be counted as a director in attendance at a meeting of the board until December 1, 2023.

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